

PRFW Series

Full metal, Cylindrical, Cable Connector Type Proximity Sensor

NEW

■ Features

- High impact and wear resistance to friction with the work or metallic brush (sensing face/housing material: stainless steel)
- Reduced possibility of malfunction by aluminum scraps
- Excellent noise immunity with specialized sensor IC
- Built-in surge protection circuit and output short over current protection circuit
- Excellent visibility with a 360° ring type of indicator (red LED)
- Equipped with the oil resistant cable
- Protection structure: IP67 (IEC standard)



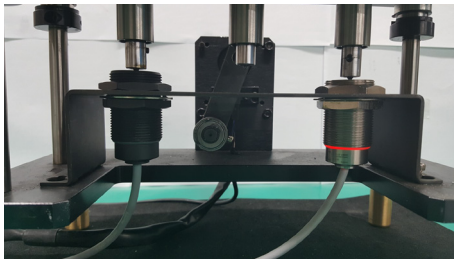
⚠ Please read "Safety Considerations" in operation manual before using.



■ Durability Test

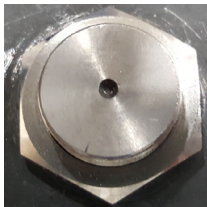
High resistance to the impact of removing Welding sludge attached to the sensing face

◎ Continuous hitting test



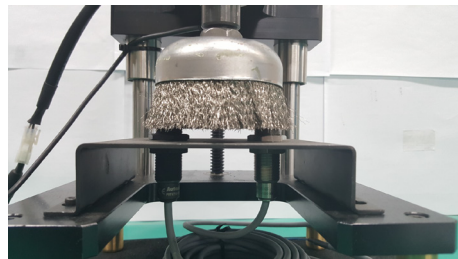
Test conditions

Hitting object: 1.3kg of weight
 Hitting speed: 48 times per 1 min
 The number of hitting times: 300 thousand times
 Test model: PRFW18



<Test result>

◎ Metallic brush test



Test conditions

Testing object: stainless cup brush
 Rotation speed: 80RPM
 Testing time: 3 hours
 Test model: PRFW18

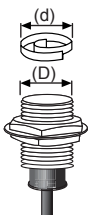


<Test result>

■ Effect of Aluminum Scraps

When aluminum scraps are attached or stacked at sensing side, the proximity sensor does not detect and sensing signal is OFF. However, the below cases may occur to sensing signal. In this case, remove the scraps.

(1) When the size of aluminum scraps (d) is bigger than 2/3 of the sensing side size (D)



Model	Size	
	D (mm)	
PRFW12	10	
PRFW18	16	
PRFW30	28	

(2) When aluminum scraps are attached on the sensing side by external pressure



Full metal, Cylindrical, Cable Connector Type

■ Specifications

● DC 2-wire type

Model	PRFWT12-2DO-IV	PRFWT18-5DO-IV	PRFWT30-10DO-IV
Sensing distance ^{※1}	2mm	5mm	10mm
Hysteresis	Max. 15% of sensing distance		
Standard sensing target	12×12×1mm (iron)	30×30×1mm (iron)	54×54×1mm (iron)
Setting distance	0 to 1.4mm	0 to 3.5mm	0 to 7mm
Power supply (operating voltage)	12-24VDC [—] (10-30VDC [—])		
Leakage current	Max. 0.8mA		
Response frequency ^{※2}	100Hz	80Hz	50Hz
Residual voltage	Max. 3.5V		
Affection by Temp.	Max. ±20% for sensing distance at ambient temperature 20°C		
Control output	Max. 3 to 100mA		
Insulation resistance	Over 50MΩ (at 500VDC megger)		
Dielectric strength	1,000VAC 50/60Hz for 1 min		
Vibration	1.5mm amplitude at frequency 10 to 55Hz (for 1 min) in each X, Y, Z direction for 2 hours		
Shock	1,000m/s ² (approx. 50G) in each X, Y, Z direction for 10 times		
Indicator	Operation indicator: red LED		
Environment	Ambient temperature: -25 to 70°C, storage: -25 to 70°C		
	Ambient humidity: 35 to 95%RH, storage: 35 to 95%RH		
Protection circuit	Surge protection circuit, output short over current protection circuit		
Protection	IP67 (IEC standard)		
Cable	Ø5mm, 2-wire, 300mm, M12 connector (AWG22, core diameter: 0.08mm, no. of cores: 60, insulator diameter: Ø1.25mm)		
Material	Case/Nut: stainless steel 303 (SUS303), washer: stainless steel 304 (SUS304), sensing side: stainless steel 303 (SUS303, thickness is 0.8mm), oil resistant cable (gray): oil resistant polyvinyl chloride (PVC)		
Approval	CE		
Weight ^{※3}	Approx. 110g (approx. 83g)	Approx. 132g (approx. 97g)	Approx. 225g (approx. 170g)

※1: When using the nut which is not stainless steel 303 (SUS303) material such as brass, the sensing distance is variable.

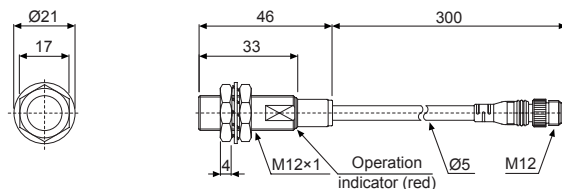
※2: The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

※3: The weight includes packaging. The weight in parenthesis is for unit only.

※Environment resistance is rated at no freezing or condensation.

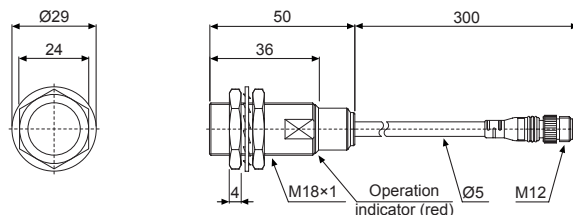
■ Dimensions

● PRFWT12-2DO-IV

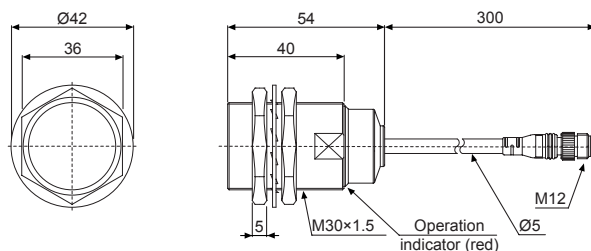


(unit: mm)

● PRFWT18-5DO-IV



● PRFWT30-10DO-IV

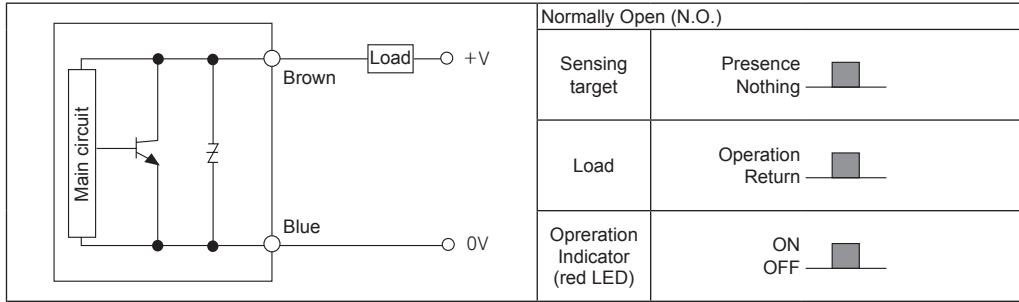


(A)	Photoelectric Sensors
(B)	Fiber Optic Sensors
(C)	Door/Area Sensors
(D)	Proximity Sensors
(E)	Pressure Sensors
(F)	Rotary Encoders
(G)	Connectors/ Connector Cables/ Sensor Distribution Boxes/Sockets
(H)	Temperature Controllers
(I)	SSRs / Power Controllers
(J)	Counters
(K)	Timers
(L)	Panel Meters
(M)	Tacho / Speed / Pulse Meters
(N)	Display Units
(O)	Sensor Controllers
(P)	Switching Mode Power Supplies
(Q)	Stepper Motors & Drivers & Controllers
(R)	Graphic/ Logic Panels
(S)	Field Network Devices
(T)	Software

PRFW Series

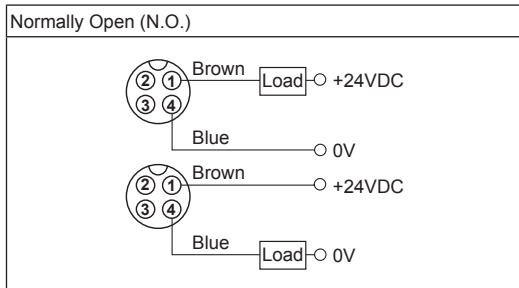
■ Control Output Diagram & Load Operating

● DC 2-wire type



■ Connections

● DC 2-wire type (IEC standard)

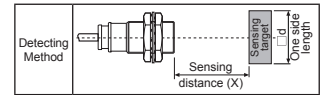


※②, ③ are N-C (Not Connected) terminals.

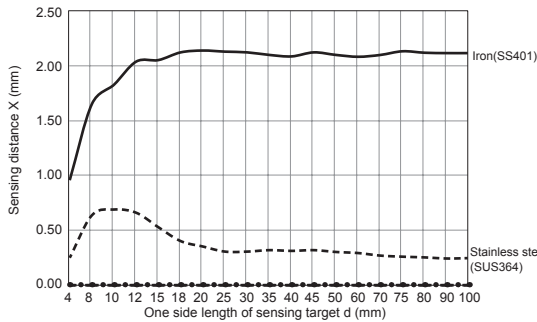
※For the type and specifications of connector wires, please refer to G-5 page.

Full metal, Cylindrical, Cable Connector Type

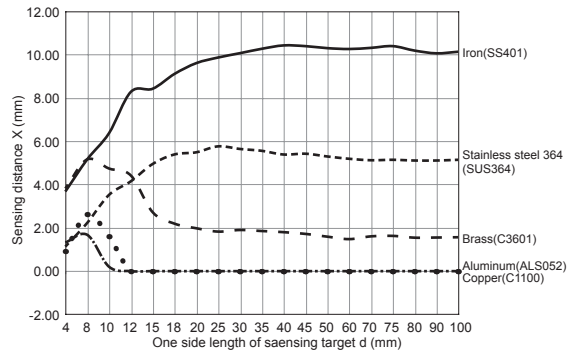
■ Sensing Distance Feature Data by Target Material and Size



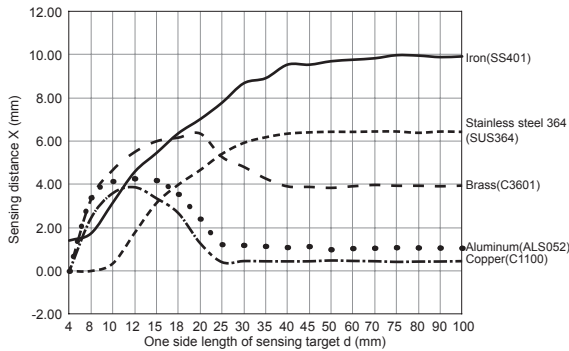
● PRFWT12-2DO-IV



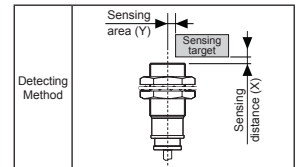
● PRFWT18-5DO-IV



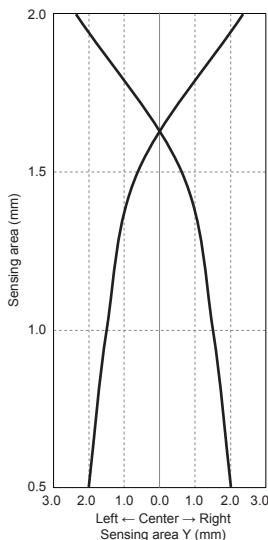
● PRFWT30-10DO-IV



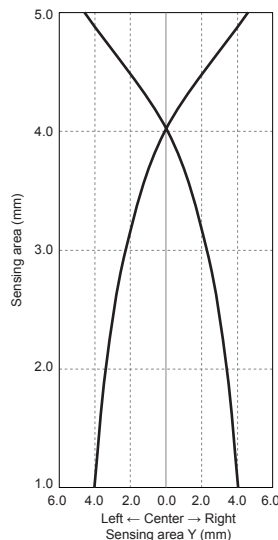
■ Sensing Distance Feature Data by Parallel (Left/Right) Movement



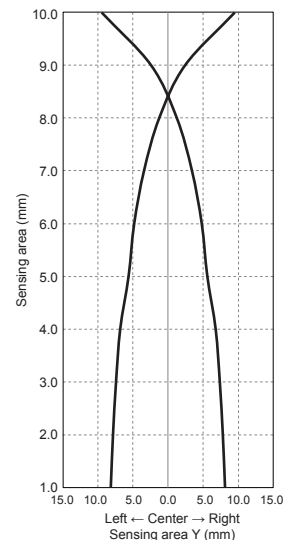
● PRFWT12-2DO-IV



● PRFWT18-5DO-IV



● PRFWT30-10DO-IV



(A) Photoelectric Sensors

(B) Fiber Optic Sensors

(C) Door/Area Sensors

(D) Proximity Sensors

(E) Pressure Sensors

(F) Rotary Encoders

(G) Connectors/ Connector Cables/ Sensor Distribution Boxes/Sockets

(H) Temperature Controllers

(I) SSRs / Power Controllers

(J) Counters

(K) Timers

(L) Panel Meters

(M) Tacho / Speed / Pulse Meters

(N) Display Units

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(Q) Stepper Motors & Drivers & Controllers

(R) Graphic/ Logic Panels

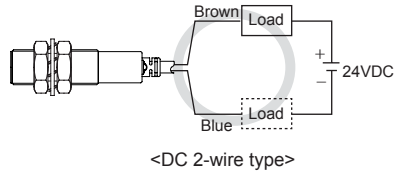
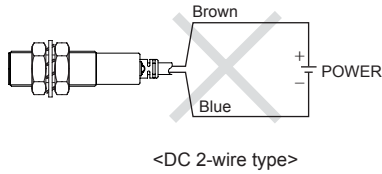
(S) Field Network Devices

(T) Software

PRFW Series

■ Proper Usage

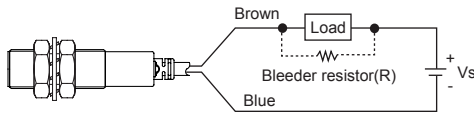
◎ Load connections



When using DC 2-wire type proximity sensor, the load must be connected, otherwise internal components may be damaged. The load can be connected to either wire.

◎ In case of the load current is small

● DC 2-wire type



It may cause return failure of load by residual voltage. If the load current is under 5mA, please make sure the residual voltage is less than the return voltage of the load by connecting a bleeder resistor in parallel with the load as shown in the diagram.

$$R \leq \frac{V_s}{I} \text{ (k}\Omega\text{)} \quad P > \frac{V_s^2}{R} \text{ (W)}$$

[I : Action current of load, R: Bleeder resistance, P: Permissible power]

Please make the current on proximity sensor smaller than the return current of load by connecting a bleeder resistor in parallel.

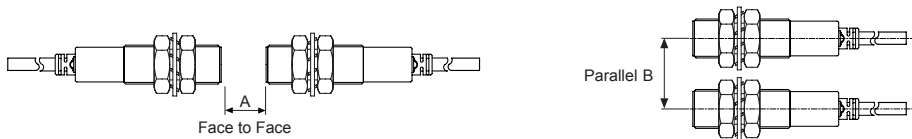
※W value of Bleeder resistor should be bigger for proper heat dissipation.

$$R \leq \frac{V_s}{I_o - I_{\text{off}}} \text{ (k}\Omega\text{)} \quad P > \frac{V_s^2}{R} \text{ (W)}$$

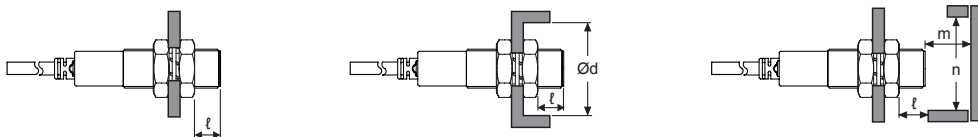
[Vs: Power supply, I_o: Min. action current of proximity sensor, I_{off}: Return current of load, P : Number of Bleeder resistance watt]

◎ Mutual-interference & Influence by surrounding metals

When several proximity sensors are mounted close to one another a malfunction of the may be caused due to mutual interference. Therefore, be sure to keep a minimum distance between the two sensors as below chart indicates.



When sensors are mounted on metallic panel, it is required to protect the sensors from being affected by any metallic object except target. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance as below chart indicates.



(unit: mm)

Item	Model	PRFWT12-2DO-IV	PRFWT18-5DO-IV	PRFWT30-10DO-IV
A		40	65	110
B		35	60	100
t		0	0	0
Ød		12	18	30
m		8	20	40
n		40	60	100