There is 24 months guarantee on the produc

- 1. ZAMEL provides a two-year warranty for its products.
- 2. The ZAMEL warranty does not cover:
- a) mechanical defects resulting from transport, loading / unloading or other circumstances
- b) defects resulting from incorrect installation or operation of ZAMEL products; c) defects resulting from any changes made by CUSTOMERS or third parties, to products sold or equipment necessary for the correct operation of products sold:
- d) defects resulting from force majeure or other aleatory events for which ZAMEL is not liable; e) power supply (batteries) to be equipped with a device in the moment of sale (if they appear):
- 3. All complaints in relation to the warranty must be provided by the CUSTOMER in writing to the retailer after discovering a
- ZAMEL will review complaints in accordance with existing regulations.;
- The way a complaint is settled, e.g. replacement of the product, repair or refund, is left to the discretion of ZAMEL.
- Guarantee does not exclude, does not limit, nor does it suspend the rights of the PURCHASER resulting from the discrepancy between the goods and the contract.

Salesman stamp and signature. date of sale



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# CTW-02 CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTOR

Carbon monoxide, commonly referred to as coal smoke, is a highly toxic, colourless and odourless gas easily spreading in the air. It is produced in the process of an incomplete combustion of many fuels such as wood, fuel oil, gas, gasoline, kerosene, propane, coal and oil. Since the gas is colourless and odourless, that is why it is so important to detect earlier the dangerous concentration of coal smoke in a room we usually stay in. It is hard to specify the dangerous value of the carbon monoxide level as it is dependent on the length of time someone spent in this particular room. The standard defines that a detector should activate an alarm in less than 3 minutes if the carbon monoxide concentration is at a level of 300 ppm.

tested in Poland, certificate of a proper concentration detection 300ppm in less than 3 minutes semiconductor sensor

- power supply voltage 230 V AC
- · alarm optical signalling
- alarm sound signalling (85dB)
- · sensor failure signalling (auto-diagnostic system)



Before sensor mounting, first read the manual instruction included in the packaging.

Mains power: 230 V AC;















The symbol means selective collecting of electrical and electronic equipment. It is forbidden to put the used equipment together with other waste.

Declaration of Conformity on the website www.zamel.com

za/eL

**CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTOR** 

**CTW-02** 

Tested in Poland -Efficiency Certificate

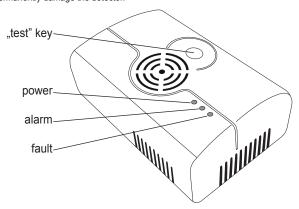
www.zamel.com



- Power supply voltage: 230 V AC
- · Sensor type: semiconductor
- Power consumption : about 2 W
- Sound level: 85 dB
- · Optical signalling of alarm
- · Certified detection sensitivity of carbon monoxide: 300 ppm in less than 3 minutes
- · Protection class II
- IP protection degree IP20
- Operating temperature range: from 0°C to 45°C
- Operating temperature range: from 10 % to 95 % RH
- Dimensions [mm]: 110 x 40 x 70

#### MOUNTING

- Detectors should be mounted mainly near places particularly exposed to the presence of carbon monoxide, which is produced due to the combustion of fuels such as: gas, wood, coal. In order to avoid false alarms it is recommended to keep a 2 meter distance from the possible carbon monoxide sources.
- Sensors should be mounted at a height of 150 cm from the ground.
- In order to provide an optimum protection, sensors should be also
  mounted in closed rooms where the household members stay for a
  longer time, e.g. especially in bedrooms. In multi-storey buildings it is
  advised to mount at least one sensor per each floor.
- Detectors should not be installed both in the so called blind spaces (e.g. a niche covered by furniture or curtains or in the gable
  of the roof, etc.) and in places where their operation will be affected by the direct supply of fresh air (e.g. near doors, windows,
  ventilation grilles, fans). Also, these devices should not be placed in areas exposed to dust, dirt, aerosols and household
  chemicals that can permanently damage the detector.



#### **FUNCTIONS**

#### First activation

After power has been applied the green LED switches on and the red and yellow LEDs flash alternately. The above means the device will warm up for approximately 10 minutes. After this time is over only the green LED remains switched on signalling the operation mode. In cases the device has been inactive for three months the sensor warm-up process can take much longer (even up to several minutes).

### Test procedure

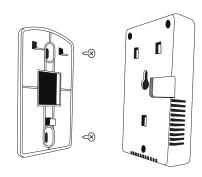
tested in Poland, certificate of a proper concentration detection 300ppm in less than 3 minutes. A sound signal is audible and the red LED switches on. After the test is finished the green LED switches on and the device returns to the operation mode. It means the test procedure has been successful. Device testing in this way is recommended at least once a month.

# Alarm

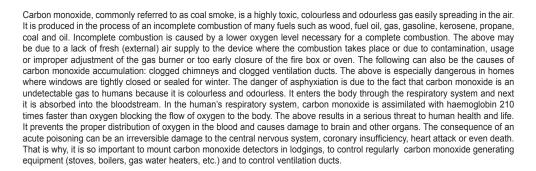
If a sensor detects a dangerous carbon monoxide level, it automatically activates a sound alarm and a red LED starts flashing. In case an alarm occurs, it is required to ventilate immediately the particular room and to leave it at once. It is also important to notify the relevant services to check the cause of the excessive concentration of carbon monoxide.

#### Device failure signalling

The device is equipped with an auto-diagnostic system, which in case of a sensor failure occurrence emits a sound signal and starts the yellow LED flashing. The device failure requires its user to contact the service or it means the end of sensor's life and its immediate replacement.







# In case of an alarm it is required to:

- · Ventilate the particular room by opening the windows and doors
- immediately leave the room, although the alarm is switched off, it is important to define the cause of its occurrence by
  controlling the condition and the flow of ventilating ducts, the condition of the heating units and eventually notify the
  relevant services (e.g. fire-brigade, gas-works),
- in case any of the household members has a poisoning symptom (headaches and dizziness, nausea) it is required to immediately notify the ambulance.

## Maintenance and usage remarks

- Clean the device regularly, keep clean the sensor's air inlet mount the device in places meeting the requirements regarding temperature and humidity,
- · do not cover the device with paint while painting the room,
- · do not spray the cleaners directly on the device,
- · do not allow to flood the sensor,
- · mount the sensor according to the requirements,
- · it is absolutely required to replace the sensor in case the sensor's end of life.

It is important to take into account that carbon monoxide sensors perfectly raise the protection of household members, but they do not provide 100% certainty of carbon monoxide fumes detection due to a possibility of a device failure, battery discharge and the impact of external factors on the sensor. Therefore, it is required to systematically test the sensor's efficiency (in accordance with this manual instruction) and the heating units (stoves, cookers) to minimize the risk of occurrence of a dangerous carbon monoxide level in the air.

Przed zainstalowaniem czujnika dokładnie przeczytaj niniejszą instrukcję.