
ATmega328PB

DATASHEET SUMMARY

Introduction

The Atmel® ATmega328PB is a low-power CMOS 8-bit microcontroller based on the AVR® enhanced RISC architecture. By executing powerful instructions in a single clock cycle, the ATmega328PB achieves throughputs close to 1MIPS per MHz. This empowers system designer to optimize the device for power consumption versus processing speed.

Feature

High Performance, Low Power Atmel®AVR® 8-Bit Microcontroller Family

- Advanced RISC Architecture
 - 131 Powerful Instructions
 - Most Single Clock Cycle Execution
 - 32 x 8 General Purpose Working Registers
 - Fully Static Operation
 - Up to 20 MIPS Throughput at 20MHz
 - On-chip 2-cycle Multiplier
- High Endurance Non-volatile Memory Segments
 - 32KBytes of In-System Self-Programmable Flash program memory
 - 1KBytes EEPROM
 - 2KBytes Internal SRAM
 - Write/Erase Cycles: 10,000 Flash/100,000 EEPROM
 - Data retention: 20 years at 85°C/100 years at 25°C(1)
 - Optional Boot Code Section with Independent Lock Bits
 - In-System Programming by On-chip Boot Program
 - True Read-While-Write Operation
 - Programming Lock for Software Security
- Peripheral Touch Controller
 - Capacitive touch buttons, sliders and wheels
 - 24 Self-cap channels and 144 mutual cap channels
- Peripheral Features
 - Two 8-bit Timer/Counters with Separate Prescaler and Compare Mode

- Three 16-bit Timer/Counter with Separate Prescaler, Compare Mode, and Capture Mode
- Real Time Counter with Separate Oscillator
- Ten PWM Channels
- 8-channel 10-bit ADC in TQFP and QFN/MLF package
- Two Programmable Serial USART
- Two Master/Slave SPI Serial Interface
- Two Byte-oriented 2-wire Serial Interface (Philips I²C compatible)
- Programmable Watchdog Timer with Separate On-chip Oscillator
- On-chip Analog Comparator
- Interrupt and Wake-up on Pin Change
- Special Microcontroller Features
 - Power-on Reset and Programmable Brown-out Detection
 - Internal Calibrated Oscillator
 - External and Internal Interrupt Sources
 - Six Sleep Modes: Idle, ADC Noise Reduction, Power-save, Power-down, Standby, and Extended Standby
 - Unique Device ID
- I/O and Packages
 - 27 Programmable I/O Lines
 - 32-pin TQFP and 32-pin QFN/MLF
- Operating Voltage:
 - 1.8 - 5.5V
- Temperature Range:
 - -40°C to 105°C
- Speed Grade:
 - 0 - 4MHz @ 1.8 - 5.5V
 - 0 - 10MHz @ 2.7 - 5.5V
 - 0 - 20MHz @ 4.5 - 5.5V
- Power Consumption at 1MHz, 1.8V, 25°C
 - Active Mode: 0.2mA
 - Power-down Mode: 0.2µA
 - Power-save Mode: 1.3µA (Including 32kHz RTC)

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1. Description

The Atmel® ATmega328PB is a low-power CMOS 8-bit microcontroller based on the AVR enhanced RISC architecture. By executing powerful instructions in a single clock cycle, the ATmega328PB achieves throughputs close to 1MIPS per MHz. This empowers system designer to optimize the device for power consumption versus processing speed.

The Atmel AVR® core combines a rich instruction set with 32 general purpose working registers. All the 32 registers are directly connected to the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), allowing two independent registers to be accessed in a single instruction executed in one clock cycle. The resulting architecture is more code efficient while achieving throughputs up to ten times faster than conventional CISC microcontrollers.

The ATmega328PB provides the following features: 32Kbytes of In-System Programmable Flash with Read-While-Write capabilities, 1Kbytes EEPROM, 2Kbytes SRAM, 27 general purpose I/O lines, 32 general purpose working registers, five flexible Timer/Counters with compare modes, internal and external interrupts, two serial programmable USART, two byte-oriented 2-wire Serial Interface (I2C), two SPI serial ports, a 8-channel 10-bit ADC in TQFP and QFN/MLF package, a programmable Watchdog Timer with internal Oscillator, Clock failure detection mechanism and six software selectable power saving modes. The Idle mode stops the CPU while allowing the SRAM, Timer/Counters, USART, 2-wire Serial Interface, SPI port, and interrupt system to continue functioning. PTC with enabling up to 24 self-cap and 144 mutual-cap sensors. The Power-down mode saves the register contents but freezes the Oscillator, disabling all other chip functions until the next interrupt or hardware reset. In Power-save mode, the asynchronous timer continues to run, allowing the user to maintain a timer base while the rest of the device is sleeping. Also ability to run PTC in power-save mode/wake-up on touch and Dynamic on/off of PTC analog and digital portion. The ADC Noise Reduction mode stops the CPU and all I/O modules except asynchronous timer, PTC, and ADC to minimize switching noise during ADC conversions. In Standby mode, the crystal/resonator Oscillator is running while the rest of the device is sleeping. This allows very fast start-up combined with low power consumption.

Atmel offers the QTouch® library for embedding capacitive touch buttons, sliders and wheels functionality into AVR microcontrollers. The patented charge-transfer signal acquisition offers robust sensing and includes fully debounced reporting of touch keys and includes Adjacent Key Suppression® (AKS®) technology for unambiguous detection of key events. The easy-to-use QTouch Composer allows you to explore, develop and debug your own touch applications.

The device is manufactured using Atmel's high density non-volatile memory technology. The On-chip ISP Flash allows the program memory to be reprogrammed In-System through an SPI serial interface, by a conventional nonvolatile memory programmer, or by an On-chip Boot program running on the AVR core. The Boot program can use any interface to download the application program in the Application Flash memory. Software in the Boot Flash section will continue to run while the Application Flash section is updated, providing true Read-While-Write operation. By combining an 8-bit RISC CPU with In-System Self-Programmable Flash on a monolithic chip, the Atmel ATmega328PB is a powerful microcontroller that provides a highly flexible and cost effective solution to many embedded control applications.

The ATmega328PB is supported with a full suite of program and system development tools including: C Compilers, Macro Assemblers, Program Debugger/Simulators, In-Circuit Emulators, and Evaluation kits.

2. Configuration Summary

Features	ATmega328PB
Pin count	32
Flash (KB)	32
SRAM (KB)	2
EEPROM (KB)	1
General Purpose I/O pins	27
SPI	2
TWI (I ² C)	2
USART	2
ADC	10-bit 15ksps
ADC channels	8
AC propagation delay	400ns (Typical)
8-bit Timer/Counters	2
16-bit Timer/Counters	3
PWM channels	10
PTC	Available
Clock Failure Detector (CFD)	Available
Output Compare Modulator (OCM1C2)	Available

3. Ordering Information

Speed [MHz]	Power Supply [V]	Ordering Code ⁽²⁾	Package ⁽¹⁾	Operational Range
20	1.8 - 5.5	ATmega328PB-AU	32A	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
		ATmega328PB-AUR ⁽³⁾	32A	
		ATmega328PB-MU	32MS1	
		ATmega328PB-MUR ⁽³⁾	32MS1	
		ATmega328PB-AN	32A	Industrial (-40°C to 105°C)
		ATmega328PB-ANR ⁽³⁾	32A	
		ATmega328PB-MN	32MS1	
		ATmega328PB-MNR ⁽³⁾	32MS1	

Note: 1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.

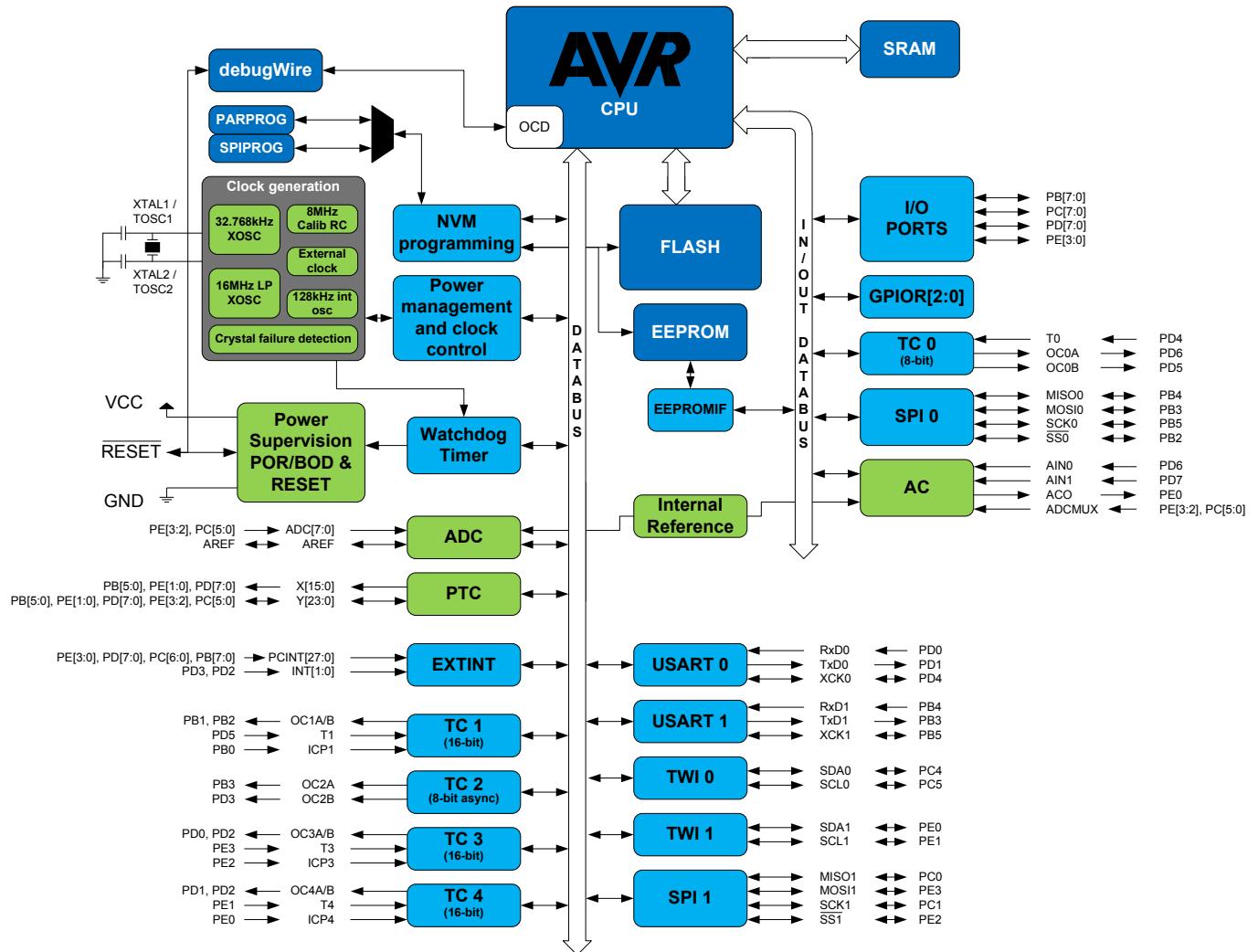
2. Pb-free packaging complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.

3. Tape & Reel.

Package Type	
32A	32-lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
32MS1	32-pad, 5.0x5.0x0.9mm body, Lead Pitch 0.50mm, Very-thin Fine pitch, Quad Flat No Lead Package (VQFN)

4. Block Diagram

Figure 4-1 Block Diagram



5. Pin Configurations

Figure 5-1 32 TQFP Pinout ATmega328PB

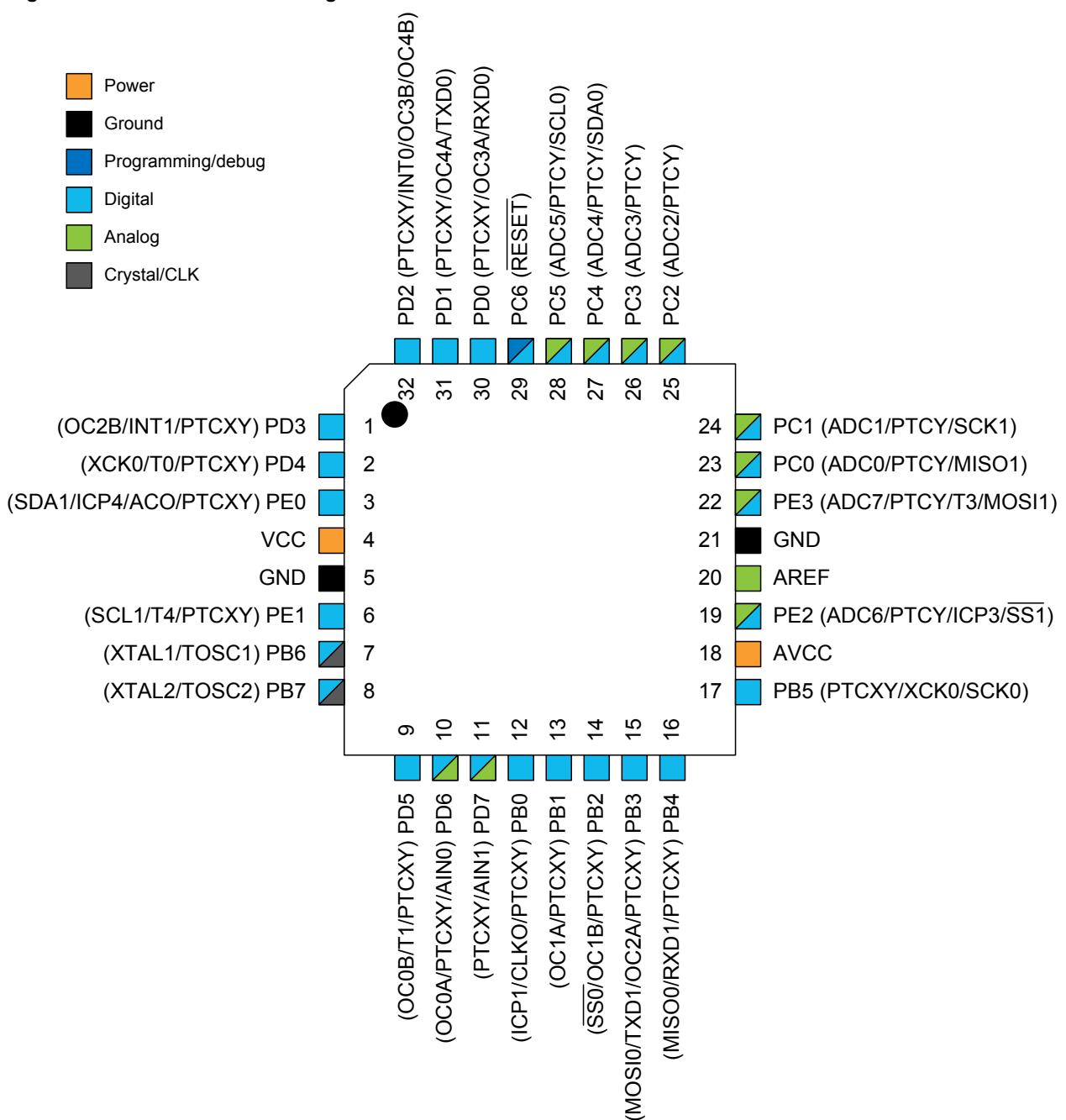
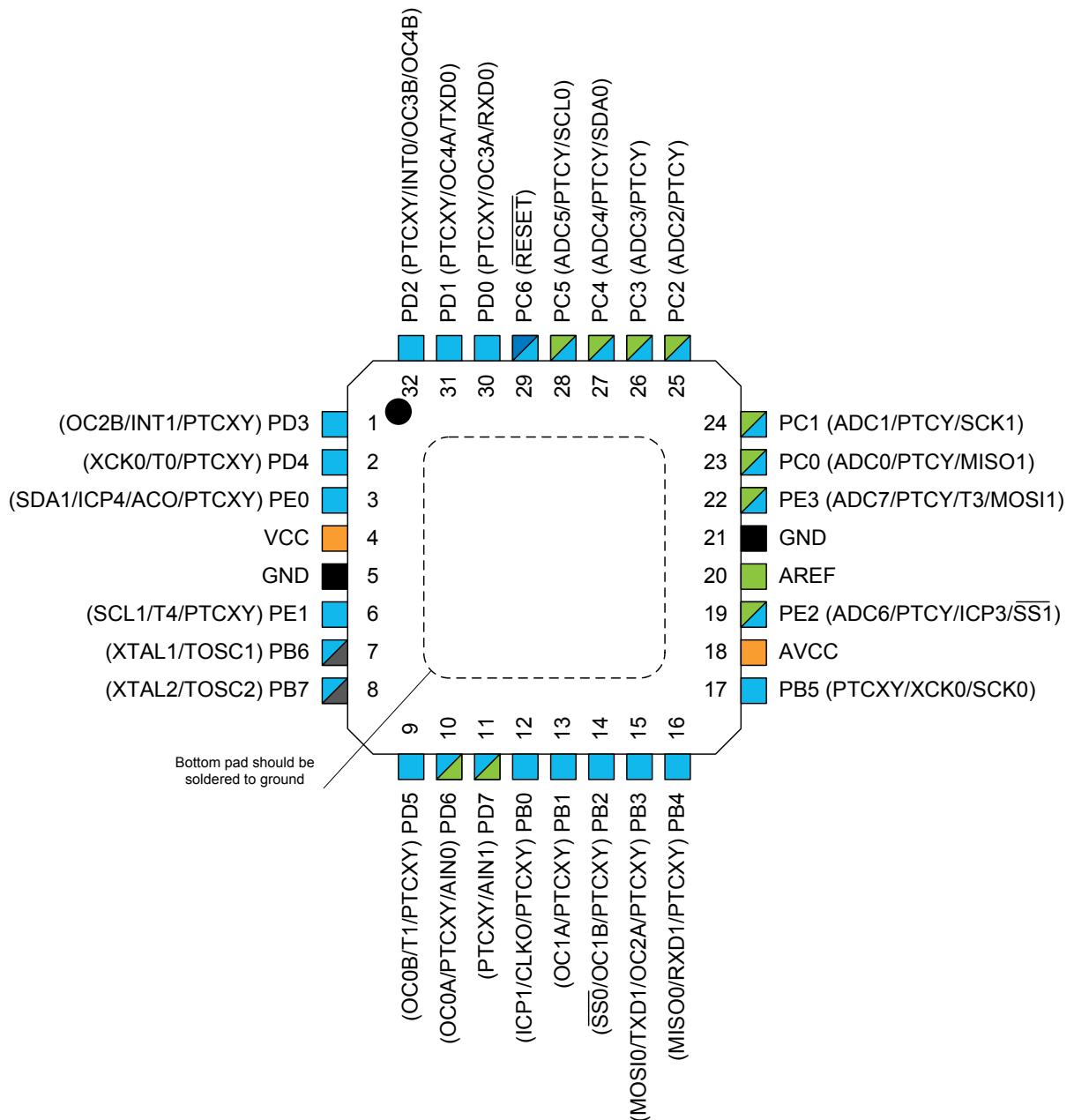


Figure 5-2 32 VQFN Pinout ATmega328PB



5.1. Pin Descriptions

5.1.1. VCC

Digital supply voltage.

5.1.2. GND

Ground.

5.1.3. Port B (PB[7:0]) XTAL1/XTAL2/TOSC1/TOSC2

Port B is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port B output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs,

Port B pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port B pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Depending on the clock selection fuse settings, PB6 can be used as input to the inverting Oscillator amplifier and input to the internal clock operating circuit.

Depending on the clock selection fuse settings, PB7 can be used as output from the inverting Oscillator amplifier.

If the Internal Calibrated RC Oscillator is used as chip clock source, PB[7:6] is used as TOSC[2:1] input for the Asynchronous Timer/Counter2 if the AS2 bit in ASSR is set.

5.1.4. Port C (PC[5:0])

Port C is a 7-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The PC[5:0] output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port C pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port C pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

5.1.5. PC6/RESET

If the RSTDISBL Fuse is programmed, PC6 is used as an I/O pin. Note that the electrical characteristics of PC6 differ from those of the other pins of Port C.

If the RSTDISBL Fuse is unprogrammed, PC6 is used as a Reset input. A low level on this pin for longer than the minimum pulse length will generate a Reset, even if the clock is not running. Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a Reset.

The various special features of Port C are elaborated in [#unique_14](#).

5.1.6. Port D (PD[7:0])

Port D is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port D output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port D pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port D pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

5.1.7. Port E (PE[3:0])

Port E is an 4-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port E output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port E pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port E pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

5.1.8. AV_{CC}

AV_{CC} is the supply voltage pin for the A/D Converter, PC[3:0], and PE[3:2]. It should be externally connected to V_{CC}, even if the ADC is not used. If the ADC is used, it should be connected to V_{CC} through a low-pass filter. Note that PC[6:4] use digital supply voltage, V_{CC}.

5.1.9. AREF

AREF is the analog reference pin for the A/D Converter.

5.1.10. ADC[7:6] (TQFP and VFQFN Package Only)

In the TQFP and VFQFN package, ADC[7:6] serve as analog inputs to the A/D converter. These pins are powered from the analog supply and serve as 10-bit ADC channels.

7. Resources

A comprehensive set of development tools, application notes, and datasheets are available for download on <http://www.atmel.com/avr>.

8. Data Retention

Reliability Qualification results show that the projected data retention failure rate is much less than 1 PPM over 20 years at 85°C or 100 years at 25°C.

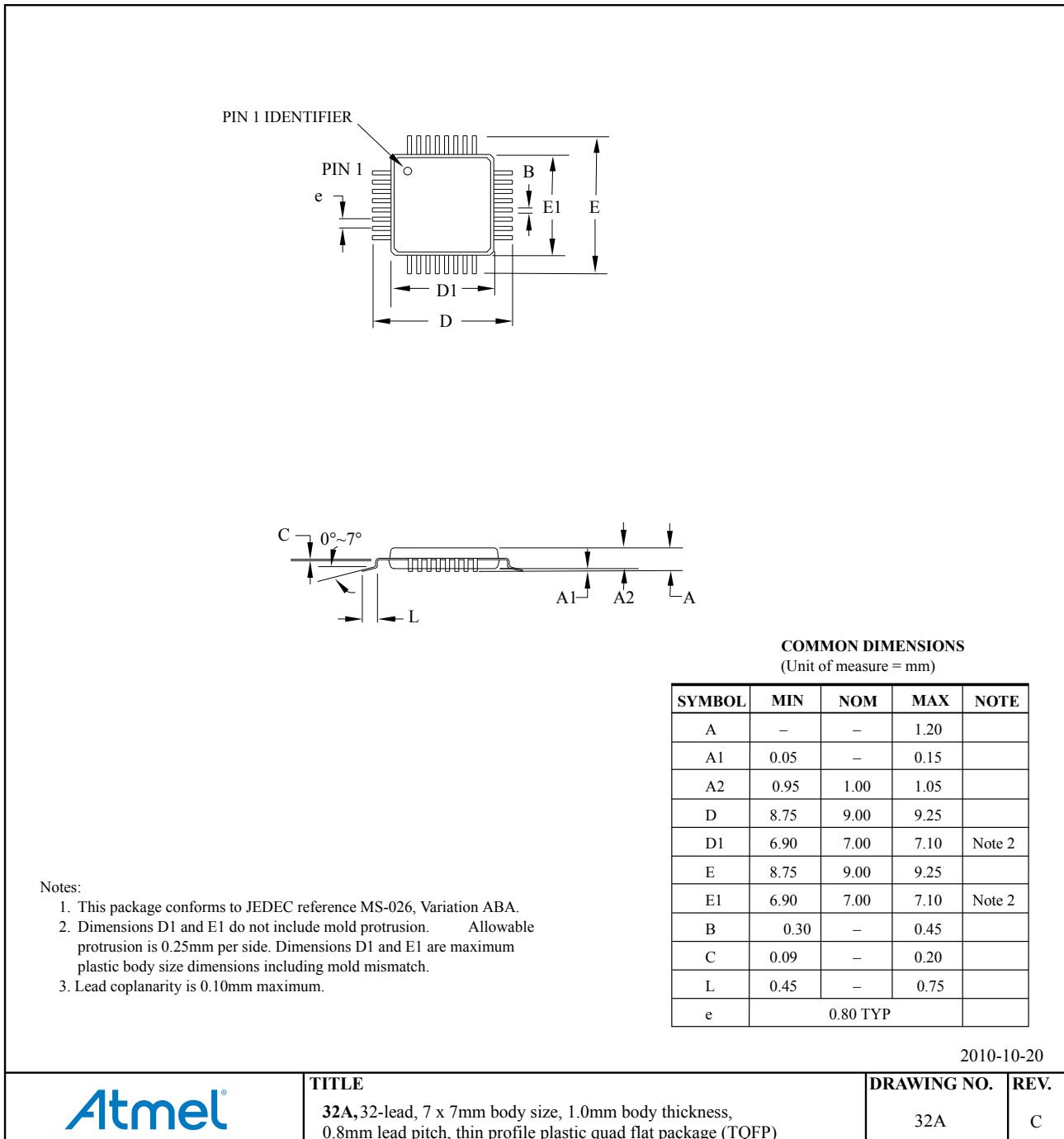
9. About Code Examples

This documentation contains simple code examples that briefly show how to use various parts of the device. These code examples assume that the part specific header file is included before compilation. Be aware that not all C compiler vendors include bit definitions in the header files and interrupt handling in C is compiler dependent. Confirm with the C compiler documentation for more details.

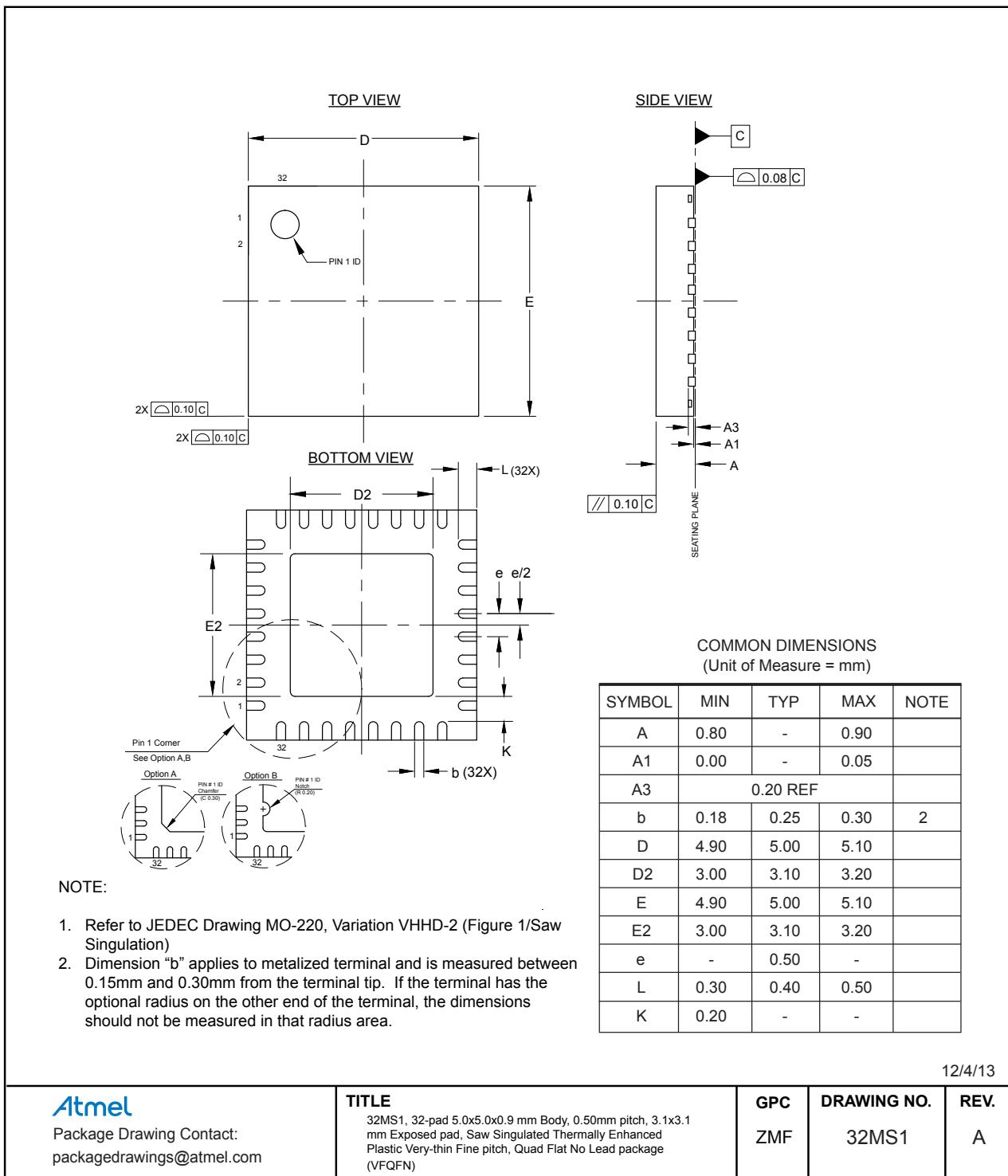
For I/O Registers located in extended I/O map, “IN”, “OUT”, “SBIS”, “SBIC”, “CBI”, and “SBI” instructions must be replaced with instructions that allow access to extended I/O. Typically “LDS” and “STS” combined with “SBRS”, “SBRC”, “SBR”, and “CBR”.

11. Packaging Information

11.1. 32A



11.2. 32MS1



12/4/13

Atmel	TITLE	GPC	DRAWING NO.	REV.
Package Drawing Contact: packagedrawings@atmel.com	32MS1, 32-pad 5.0x5.0x0.9 mm Body, 0.50mm pitch, 3.1x3.1 mm Exposed pad, Saw Singulated Thermally Enhanced Plastic Very-thin Fine pitch, Quad Flat No Lead package (VQFN)	ZMF	32MS1	A

12. Errata

12.1. Rev. A

No known Errata.

12.2. Rev. B

Description:

If Chip Erase is performed at low supply voltage ($VCC < 3V$), a flash read performed immediately after the chip erase (within 500ms) may show wrong results.

Workaround:

If chip erase is executed at a low voltage, wait for 500ms before reading the flash contents.

12.3. Rev. C

No known Errata.

13. Revision History

Doc Rev.	Date	Comments
42397C	10/2015	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Features : Added Unique Serial ID. Updated Power-down, Power save and removed the related note • Updated the Block Diagram on page 7 • Updated the Pin Configurations on page 8 • Removed the Electrical Specifications from the Configuration Summary • Updated the I/O Multiplexing section • Removed Capacitive Touch Sensing section • Updated the Low Power Crystal Oscillator Operating Modes and associated notes • Updated 128kHz Internal Oscillator section • Updated Operations section in CFD - Clock Failure Detection mechanism • Updated Reset and Interrupt Vectors in ATmega328PBB • Updated Alternate Port Function section • Removed the note below Input Capture Unit Block Diagram for TCn • Updated Figure Compare Match Output Unit, Schematic • Updated Figure Output Compare Unit, Block Diagram • Updated Figure Output Compare Modulator, Schematic • Updated Figure Output Compare Modulator, Timing Diagram • Updated Input Channel Selection • Updated Signature Row Addressing
42397B	09/2015	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Revised the Pin Diagram • Included new registers for Timer/Counter 3 and 4 • Updated Register Summary
42397A	07/2015	Initial document release.



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