## **Capacitor Switching Contactors**

Types K3-..A.. and K3-..K..



# **Ideal for Power Factor and Harmonic Filter Systems**







## Features that matter

- Patented design with significant damping of inrush current
- Long life tested for up to 100,000 operations
- High reliability with low power losses
- Available for use in system with or without reactors



# **Special Contactor Features**

Achieve reliability and long life expectancy for your capacitor system

During the switching of capacitors, that do not include series reactors (for tuning or detuning), peak switching currents of up to 200 times the nominal capacitor current can occur. This high peak current stresses both the capacitor as well as the contacts of the contactors. These switching currents can lead to reduced capacitor life and welding of the main contactor contacts.

### Contactors with pre-charge resistors (K3-..K.. type)

Modern capacitor systems use special contactors that are equipped with resistors to suppress the switching currents. The resistors are switched in series with the capacitor prior to closing of the main contacts and removed from the circuit after energization.

This feature is referred to as leading transition contact with pre-charge or preinsertion resistor and offers these advantages:

- Significant damping of inrush current
- Suppression of voltage transients during switching
- Protection for both capacitor and contactor
- Extended capacitor and contactor life





## Contactors without pre-charge resistors (K3-..A.. type)

Capacitors with series reactors (for tuning or detuning) have lower peak inrush current than for systems that do not include reactors. For these applications, **FRAKO** offers contactors with special wear resistant contact material which enables them to switch the reactor/capacitor network without the need for pre-charge resistors.

These special contactors offer several advantages for capacitor switching applications that include series connected reactors:

- Safe switching (ON and OFF) of reactor/capacitor steps
- Improved voltage quality made possible through chatter-proof switching operations
- Extended capacitor life
- Extended contactor life (>100,000 switching operations)
- Increased system reliability

# **Minimize Capacitor Switching Transients**



Achieve reliability and long life expectancy for your capacitor system

During normal switching of capacitors, a high inrush current flows from the power source into the capacitor. The amplitude of this current is a function of power source rated capacity and impedance, the switched capacitance and other capacitance already connected to the power system. The inrush current usually dissipates within one cycle, but may cause oscillations that last longer depending on the nature of the power system. Capacitor switching also produces an over-voltage transient, the magnitude of which depends upon the point on the sine wave where actual switching occurs. The magnitude of the peak voltage under this transient condition is generally between 1-2 per unit with respect to the system peak voltage. Switching transients can be reduced by using pre-charge resistors or series reactors.

### **Examples of Capacitor Switching Transients**

Switched Load: 50 kvar, 690 V

Fig. 1: No Series reactor,
No Pre-Charge Resistor

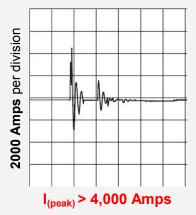


Fig. 2: With Series reactor,
No Pre-Charge Resistor

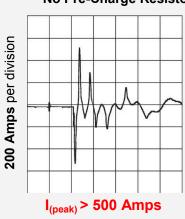


Fig. 3: With Series reactor, with Pre-Charge Resistor

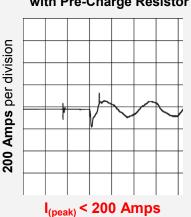


Fig. 1: No Series Reactor & No Pre-Charge Resistors

This oscillograph illustrates the inrush current measured for a 50 kVAR capacitor on a 690V power system. Note the vertical axis is 2000 Amps per division, so the magnitude of the inrush current in this case is over 4000 Amps (About 100 times nominal capacitor current).

#### Fig. 2: With Series Reactor & No Pre-Charge Resistors

This oscillograph illustrates the inrush current measured for a 50 kVAR capacitor on a 690V power system when a series reactor is included. Note the vertical axis is now only 200 Amps per division, so the magnitude of the inrush current in this case is about 500 Amps (About 12 times nominal capacitor current).

### Fig. 3: With Series Reactor & With Pre-Charge Resistor

This oscillograph illustrates the benefit of using pre-charge resistors. Note the vertical axis is 200 Amps per division, so the magnitude of the inrush current in this case is less than 200 Amps (About 5 times nominal capacitor current).



## **Contactors with pre-charge resistors**

K3-..K.. for capacitors without series reactors



# FRAKO capacitor switching contactors are designed for long life, yet they are compact and have low power losses.

When switched capacitors do not include series connected reactors, it is very important to use contactors with pre-charge resistors. Use K3-..K contactors with pre-charge resistors for switching capacitors that do not have a series reactor (filter, tuning, detuning, etc.). The pre-charge resistors will reduce transients associated with typical capacitor switching and extend capacitor life.

#### Selecting the proper Contactor K3-..K

**FRAKO** Type K contactors are rated for a specific range of capacitive current (or kVAR). This is due to the coordination of the resistor values for proper suppression of transients. Both the current and kVAR ratings apply to the total kVAR taking into account the boosting effect of series connected reactors. For example, a 7% detuning reactor will boost capacitor kVAR and current by 7.5%.

Dort No.	Rating at 50°C	208 V	240 V	480 V	600 V			
Part No.	max. Amps	kVAR (range)						
K3-18NK10-230	0 - 18	0 - 6	0 - 7	0 - 15	0 - 18			
K3-24K00-230	14 - 28	4.5 - 10	5.5 - 11	11.5 - 25	14.5 - 30			
K3-32K00-230	14 - 36	4.5 - 12.5	5.5 - 15	11.5 - 30	14.5 - 35			
K3-50K00-230	30 - 48	10 - 16.7	12.5 - 20	25 - 40	31 - 50			
K3-62K00-230	30 - 72	10 - 25	12.5 - 30	25 - 60	31 - 75			
K3-74K00-230	30 - 108	10 - 32	12,5 - 36	25 - 72	31 - 90			
K3-90K00-230	50 - 115	17 - 40	20 - 47	40 - 95	50 - 120			
K3-115K00-230	50 - 144	17 - 46	20 - 56	40 - 114	50 - 143			

### **Coil Voltage**

**FRAKO** contactors are supplied as standard with a coil voltage of 230-264Vac, 50/60Hz. As an option we can also provide contactors with 110-120Vac, 50/60Hz coils (change suffix to -110). Other coil voltages are available upon request.

# Contactors without pre-charge resistors



K3-..A.. for capacitors with series reactors

# FRAKO capacitor switching contactors are designed for long life, yet they are compact and have low power losses.

Capacitors that include series connected reactors, do not require pre-charge resistors. Use K3-..A contactors for switching capacitors that have a series reactor (filter, tuning, detuning, etc.) that reduces transients normally associated with the switching of capacitors.



### Selecting the Proper Contactor K3-..A

**FRAKO** Type A contactors (without pre-charge resistors) are rated for the maximum capacitive current (or kVAR). Both the current and kVAR ratings apply to the total kVAR taking into account the boosting effect of series connected reactors. For example, a 7% detuning reactor will boost capacitor kVAR and current by 7.5%.

Part No.	Rating at 50°C	208 V	240 V	480 V	600 V			
Part No.	max. Amps	max. kVAR						
K3-18ND10-230	18	6	7	15	18			
K3-24A00-230	28	10	11	25	30			
K3-32A00-230	36	12.5	15	30	35			
K3-50A00-230	48	16.7	20	40	50			
K3-62A00-230	72	25	30	60	75			
K3-74A00-230	108	32	36	72	90			
K3-90A00-230	115	40	47	95	120			
K3-115A00-230	144	46	56	114	143			

### **Coil Voltage**

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# **Technical Data**

**Electrical Data** 



## **Maximum Current (continuous)**

K3K Contactors	K3-18NK	K3-24K	K3-32K	K3-50K	K3-62K	K3-74K	K3-90K	K3-115K
(with resistors)			NO OZIN	110 0011	110 0211	110 1411	110 0011	TO TION
Amps in 50°C ambient	0-18	14-28	14-36	30-48	30-72	30-108	50-115	50-144
Amps in 60°C ambient	0-18	14-28	14-36	30-48	30-72	30-87	50-108	50-130

K3A Contactors	K3-18ND	K3-24A	K3-32A	K3-50A	K3-62A	K3-74A	K3-90A	K3-115A
(w/o resistors)	K3-10ND	N3-24A	N3-32A	K3-50A	N3-02A	NJ-74A	N3-30A	NJ-113A
Amps in 50°C ambient	18	28	36	48	32	108	115	144
Amps in 60°C ambient	18	28	36	48	72	87	108	130

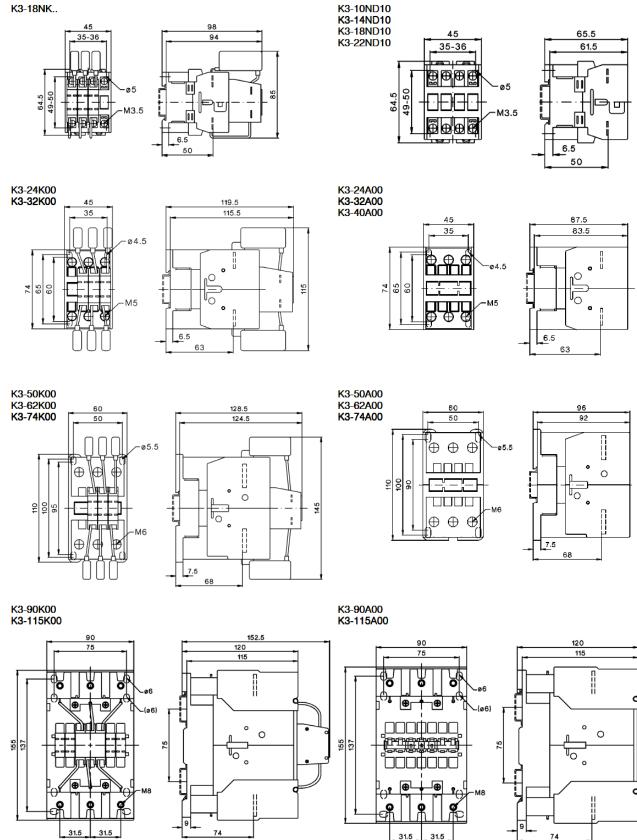
## **General Specification**

Parameter	K3-18	K3-24	K3-32	K3-50	K3-62	K3-74	K3-90	K3-115
Maximum Voltage	600 V	600 V	600 V	600 V	600 V	600 V	600 V	600 V
Switching Time (msec)	8-16	10-25	10-25	12-28	12-28	12-28	20-35	20-35
Typical RK5 Fuse (A)	50	90	125	200	250	300	300	300
Typical T Fuse (A)	70	110	150	175	175	175	300	300
Power Loss (Watts)	3.5 W	4.7 W	5.3 W	9.2 W	10.9 W	12.5 W	9.3 W	11.0 W
Terminal capacity Flexible (awg)	2x (18-10)	1x (14-4)	1x (14-4)	1x (10-0)			1x (18-3/0) plus 1x (8-4/0)	
Terminal capacity Solid (awg)	2x (18-10)	1x (16-10)	1x (16-10)	1x (12-10)	1x (12-10)	1x (12-10)	Use flexible wires	
Coil Voltage range			85%	to 110% o	f rated coil v	/oltage		
Coil Terminals Flexible (awg)	18-12	18-12	18-12	18-12	18-12	18-12	18-12	18-12
Coil Terminals Solid (awg)	14-12	14-12	14-12	14-12	14-12	14-12	14-12	14-12
Weight (kg)	0.34	0.62	0.62	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3
UL Approval	File # E 41502 for USA and Canada (UL-508)							

## **Technical Data**

## Dimensional Drawings (mm)







# Capacitor innovation, development and production since 1928



### **Check out other related FRAKO Products**

### **AC Power Capacitors**

- Dry type design
- 240 V to 800 V, up to 30 kVAR
- High current capability up to 2.25 nominal capacitor current
- Ambient temperature up to 68°C
- Altitude up to 4,000 meters
- Patented terminals offer fast, antivibration and maintenance free wiring



### **Modular Capacitor Assemblies**

- Capacitors, contactors, busbar system and fuses. Filter reactors are optional.
- One or two stages up to 100 kVAR
- 240 V , 480 V and 600 V
- Fast and easy assembly of large automatic PFC systems



#### Contact our North-America office:

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