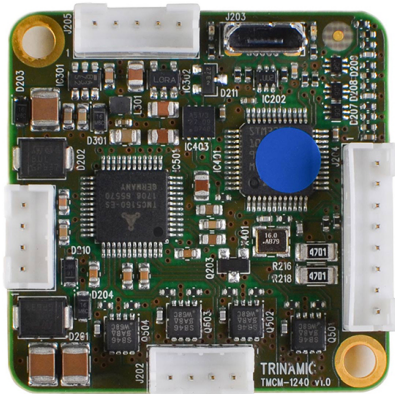


# TMCM-1240 CANopen® Firmware Manual

Firmware Version V3.22 | Document Revision V1.01 • 2018-DEC-03

The TMCM-1240 is a single axis controller/driver module for 2-phase bipolar stepper motors. The TMCM-1240 CANopen® firmware allows to control the module using the CANopen® protocol, making use of the Trinamic TMC5160 motion controller and motor driver. Dynamic current control, and quiet, smooth and efficient operation are combined with stealthChop™, dcStep™, stallGuard™ and coolStep™ features.



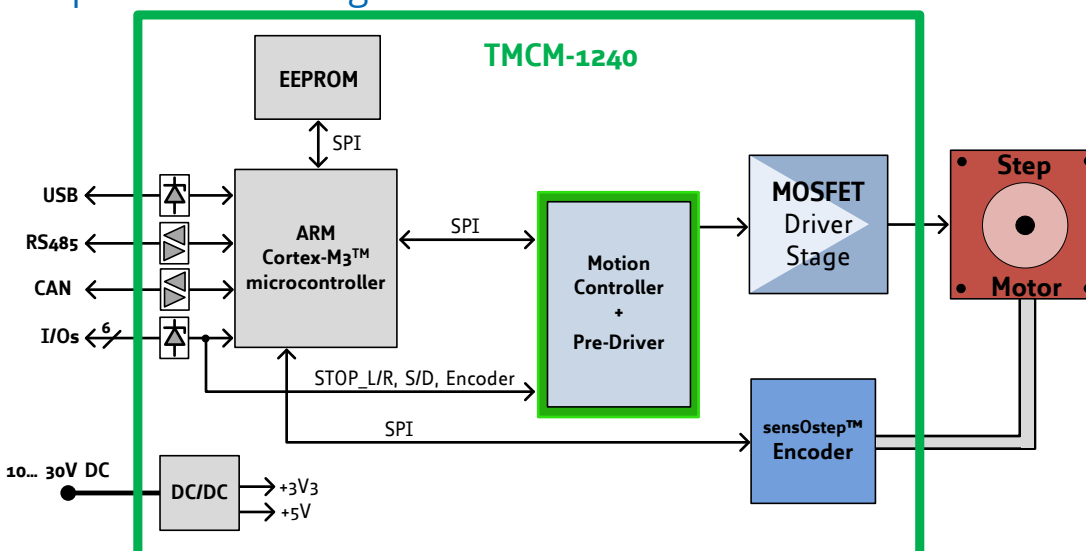
## Features

- Single axis Stepper Motor Control
- CANopen® CiA-402 Drive Profile
- coolStep™
- dcStep™
- stallGuard2™
- stealthChop™

## Applications

- Laboratory Automation
- Manufacturing
- Semiconductor Handling
- Robotics
- Factory Automation
- Test & Measurement
- Life Science
- Biotechnology
- Liquid Handling

## Simplified Block Diagram



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# Contents

|          |  |           |
|----------|--|-----------|
| <b>1</b> | <b>Preface</b>   | <b>6</b>  |
| 1.1      | General Features of this CANopen Implementation                                      | 6         |
| 1.2      | Abbreviations used in this Manual  | 7         |
| 1.3      | Firmware Update  | 7         |
| 1.4      | Trinamic's unique Features — easy to use with CANopen                                | 8         |
| 1.4.1    | stallGuard2  | 8         |
| 1.4.2    | coolStep   | 8         |
| 1.5      | sixPoint Motion Controller   | 9         |
| <b>2</b> | <b>Communication</b>   | <b>11</b> |
| 2.1      | Reference Model  | 11        |
| 2.2      | NMT State Machine  | 13        |
| 2.3      | Device Model   | 14        |
| 2.4      | Object Dictionary  | 15        |
| <b>3</b> | <b>Communication Area</b>  | <b>17</b> |
| 3.1      | Detailed Object Specifications   | 17        |
| 3.1.1    | Object 1000 <sub>h</sub> : Device Type   | 17        |
| 3.1.2    | Object 1001 <sub>h</sub> : Error Register  | 17        |
| 3.1.3    | Object 1005 <sub>h</sub> : COB-ID SYNC Message                                       | 18        |
| 3.1.4    | Object 1008 <sub>h</sub> : Manufacturer Device Name                                  | 19        |
| 3.1.5    | Object 1009 <sub>h</sub> : Manufacturer Hardware Version                             | 19        |
| 3.1.6    | Object 100A <sub>h</sub> : Manufacturer Software Version                             | 19        |
| 3.1.7    | Object 100C <sub>h</sub> : Guard Time  | 20        |
| 3.1.8    | Object 100D <sub>h</sub> : Life Time Factor  | 20        |
| 3.1.9    | Object 1010 <sub>h</sub> : Store Parameters  | 20        |
| 3.1.10   | Object 1011 <sub>h</sub> : Restore Parameters  | 22        |
| 3.1.11   | Object 1014 <sub>h</sub> : COB-ID Emergency Object                                   | 23        |
| 3.1.12   | Object 1015 <sub>h</sub> : Inhibit Time EMCY   | 23        |
| 3.1.13   | Object 1016 <sub>h</sub> : Consumer Heartbeat Time                                   | 24        |
| 3.1.14   | Object 1017 <sub>h</sub> : Producer Heartbeat Time                                   | 24        |
| 3.1.15   | Object 1018 <sub>h</sub> : Identity Object   | 25        |
| 3.1.16   | Object 1023 <sub>h</sub> : OS Command  | 25        |
| 3.1.17   | Object 1029 <sub>h</sub> : Error Behaviour   | 26        |
| 3.1.18   | Objects 1400 <sub>h</sub> – 1403 <sub>h</sub> : Receive PDO Communication Parameter  | 26        |
| 3.1.19   | Objects 1600 <sub>h</sub> – 1603 <sub>h</sub> : Receive PDO Mapping Parameter        | 27        |
| 3.1.20   | Objects 1800 <sub>h</sub> – 1803 <sub>h</sub> : Transmit PDO Communication Parameter | 28        |
| 3.1.21   | Objects 1A00 <sub>h</sub> – 1A03 <sub>h</sub> : Transmit PDO Mapping Parameter       | 30        |
| <b>4</b> | <b>Manufacturer specific Area</b>  | <b>31</b> |
| 4.1      | Objects related to coolStep  | 31        |
| 4.2      | Detailed Object Specifications   | 33        |
| 4.2.1    | Object 2000 <sub>h</sub> : Microstep Resolution                                      | 33        |
| 4.2.2    | Object 2001 <sub>h</sub> : Fullstep Resolution                                       | 33        |
| 4.2.3    | Object 2002 <sub>h</sub> : Brake Delay Times   | 33        |
| 4.2.4    | Object 2003 <sub>h</sub> : Maximum Current   | 34        |
| 4.2.5    | Object 2004 <sub>h</sub> : Standby Current   | 35        |
| 4.2.6    | Object 2005 <sub>h</sub> : Limit Switches  | 35        |
| 4.2.7    | Object 200A <sub>h</sub> : Enable Drive Delay Time                                   | 36        |
| 4.2.8    | Object 200B <sub>h</sub> : Encoder Parameters  | 36        |
| 4.2.9    | Object 200C <sub>h</sub> : Brake Current Feed  | 37        |
| 4.2.10   | Object 2010 <sub>h</sub> : Profile Start Velocity                                    | 37        |



|  |    |
|--|----|
| 4.2.11 Object 2011 <sub>h</sub> : Profile A1                     | 38 |
| 4.2.12 Object 2012 <sub>h</sub> : Profile V1                     | 38 |
| 4.2.13 Object 2013 <sub>h</sub> : Profile D1                     | 39 |
| 4.2.14 Object 2015 <sub>h</sub> : Ramp Wait Time                 | 39 |
| 4.2.15 Object 2089 <sub>h</sub> : Setting Delay                  | 39 |
| 4.2.16 Object 208C <sub>h</sub> : Velocity Dimension Index       | 40 |
| 4.2.17 Object 208E <sub>h</sub> : Acceleration Dimension Index   | 40 |
| 4.2.18 Object 2092 <sub>h</sub> : Chopper Blank Time             | 41 |
| 4.2.19 Object 2093 <sub>h</sub> : Chopper Mode                   | 41 |
| 4.2.20 Object 2094 <sub>h</sub> : Chopper Hysteresis Decrement   | 42 |
| 4.2.21 Object 2095 <sub>h</sub> : Chopper Hysteresis End         | 42 |
| 4.2.22 Object 2096 <sub>h</sub> : Chopper Hysteresis Start       | 43 |
| 4.2.23 Object 2097 <sub>h</sub> : Chopper Off Time               | 43 |
| 4.2.24 Object 2098 <sub>h</sub> : Smart Energy Current Minimum   | 43 |
| 4.2.25 Object 2099 <sub>h</sub> : Smart Energy Current Down Step | 44 |
| 4.2.26 Object 209A <sub>h</sub> : Smart Energy Hysteresis        | 44 |
| 4.2.27 Object 209B <sub>h</sub> : Smart Energy Current Up Step   | 45 |
| 4.2.28 Object 209C <sub>h</sub> : Smart Energy Hysteresis Start  | 45 |
| 4.2.29 Object 209D <sub>h</sub> : Smart Energy Filter Enable     | 46 |
| 4.2.30 Object 209E <sub>h</sub> : stallGuard2 Threshold          | 46 |
| 4.2.31 Object 20A1 <sub>h</sub> : Short Protection Disable       | 47 |
| 4.2.32 Object 20A4 <sub>h</sub> : Stop on Stall                  | 47 |
| 4.2.33 Object 20A5 <sub>h</sub> : Smart Energy Threshold Speed   | 48 |
| 4.2.34 Object 20B0 <sub>h</sub> : PWM Threshold Speed            | 48 |
| 4.2.35 Object 20B1 <sub>h</sub> : PWM Gradient                   | 49 |
| 4.2.36 Object 20B2 <sub>h</sub> : PWM Amplitude                  | 49 |
| 4.2.37 Object 20B3 <sub>h</sub> : dcStep Minimum Speed           | 49 |
| 4.2.38 Object 20B4 <sub>h</sub> : dcStep Time                    | 50 |
| 4.2.39 Object 20B5 <sub>h</sub> : dcStep stallGuard              | 50 |
| 4.2.40 Object 20B6 <sub>h</sub> : Fullstep Threshold Speed       | 51 |
| 4.2.41 Object 20B7 <sub>h</sub> : High Speed Chopper Mode        | 51 |
| 4.2.42 Object 20B8 <sub>h</sub> : High Speed Fullstep Mode       | 51 |
| 4.2.43 Object 20B9 <sub>h</sub> : Power Down Ramp                | 52 |
| 4.2.44 Object 2100 <sub>h</sub> : Home Offset Display            | 52 |
| 4.2.45 Object 2101 <sub>h</sub> : Actual Load Value              | 53 |
| 4.2.46 Object 2102 <sub>h</sub> : Driver Error Flags             | 53 |
| 4.2.47 Object 2107 <sub>h</sub> : Microstep Resolution Display   | 54 |
| 4.2.48 Object 210B <sub>h</sub> : Step Counter                   | 54 |
| 4.2.49 Object 2121 <sub>h</sub> : PWM Scale Value                | 55 |
| 4.2.50 Object 2122 <sub>h</sub> : Measured Velocity              | 55 |
| 4.2.51 Object 2700 <sub>h</sub> : TMCL Direct Communication      | 56 |
| 4.2.52 Object 2701 <sub>h</sub> : Manufacturer Specific Mode     | 56 |
| 4.2.53 Object 2702 <sub>h</sub> : Device Digital Inputs          | 57 |
| 4.2.54 Object 2703 <sub>h</sub> : Device Digital Outputs         | 57 |
| 4.2.55 Object 2704 <sub>h</sub> : CAN Bit Rate                   | 58 |
| 4.2.56 Object 2705 <sub>h</sub> : Node ID                        | 58 |
| 4.2.57 Object 2706 <sub>h</sub> : Store                          | 59 |
| 4.2.58 Object 2707 <sub>h</sub> : CAN Bit Rate Load              | 59 |
| 4.2.59 Object 2708 <sub>h</sub> : Node ID Load                   | 60 |
| 4.2.60 Object 270E <sub>h</sub> : Device Analog Inputs           | 60 |
| 4.2.61 Object 2710 <sub>h</sub> : Pull-up Resistors              | 61 |



|          |   |           |
|----------|---|-----------|
| <b>5</b> | <b>Profile specific Area</b>                              | <b>62</b> |
| 5.1      | Detailed Object Specifications                            | 62        |
| 5.1.1    | Object 605A <sub>h</sub> : Quick Stop Option Code         | 62        |
| 5.1.2    | Object 605B <sub>h</sub> : Shutdown Option Code           | 63        |
| 5.1.3    | Object 605C <sub>h</sub> : Disable Operation Option Code  | 63        |
| 5.1.4    | Object 605D <sub>h</sub> : Halt Option Code               | 64        |
| 5.1.5    | Object 605E <sub>h</sub> : Fault Reaction Option Code     | 64        |
| 5.1.6    | Object 6060 <sub>h</sub> : Modes of Operation             | 65        |
| 5.1.7    | Object 6061 <sub>h</sub> : Modes of Operation Display     | 66        |
| 5.1.8    | Object 606A <sub>h</sub> : Sensor Selection Code          | 66        |
| 5.1.9    | Object 608F <sub>h</sub> : Position Encoder Resolution    | 67        |
| 5.1.10   | Object 60FD <sub>h</sub> : Digital Inputs                 | 68        |
| 5.1.11   | Object 6502 <sub>h</sub> : Supported Drive Modes          | 68        |
| <b>6</b> | <b>Profile Position Mode</b>                              | <b>70</b> |
| 6.1      | Detailed Object Specifications                            | 70        |
| 6.1.1    | Object 6040 <sub>h</sub> : Control Word                   | 71        |
| 6.1.2    | Object 6041 <sub>h</sub> : Status Word                    | 72        |
| 6.1.3    | Object 6062 <sub>h</sub> : Position Demand Value          | 73        |
| 6.1.4    | Object 6063 <sub>h</sub> : Position Actual Internal Value | 74        |
| 6.1.5    | Object 6064 <sub>h</sub> : Position Actual Value          | 74        |
| 6.1.6    | Object 6065 <sub>h</sub> : Following Error Window         | 75        |
| 6.1.7    | Object 6067 <sub>h</sub> : Position Window                | 75        |
| 6.1.8    | Object 6068 <sub>h</sub> : Position Window Time           | 76        |
| 6.1.9    | Object 606C <sub>h</sub> : Velocity Actual Value          | 76        |
| 6.1.10   | Object 607A <sub>h</sub> : Target Position                | 77        |
| 6.1.11   | Object 607D <sub>h</sub> : Software Position Limit        | 77        |
| 6.1.12   | Object 6081 <sub>h</sub> : Profile Velocity               | 78        |
| 6.1.13   | Object 6082 <sub>h</sub> : End Velocity                   | 78        |
| 6.1.14   | Object 6083 <sub>h</sub> : Profile Acceleration           | 79        |
| 6.1.15   | Object 6084 <sub>h</sub> : Profile Deceleration           | 79        |
| 6.1.16   | Object 6085 <sub>h</sub> : Quick Stop Deceleration        | 79        |
| 6.1.17   | Object 60F2 <sub>h</sub> : Positioning Option Code        | 80        |
| 6.2      | How to move a Motor in pp Mode                            | 81        |
| <b>7</b> | <b>Profile Velocity Mode</b>                              | <b>82</b> |
| 7.1      | Detailed Object Specifications                            | 82        |
| 7.1.1    | Object 6040 <sub>h</sub> : Control Word                   | 82        |
| 7.1.2    | Object 6041 <sub>h</sub> : Status Word                    | 83        |
| 7.1.3    | Object 6062 <sub>h</sub> : Position Demand Value          | 85        |
| 7.1.4    | Object 6063 <sub>h</sub> : Position Actual Internal Value | 85        |
| 7.1.5    | Object 6064 <sub>h</sub> : Position Actual Value          | 86        |
| 7.1.6    | Object 6065 <sub>h</sub> : Following Error Window         | 86        |
| 7.1.7    | Object 606C <sub>h</sub> : Velocity Actual Value          | 87        |
| 7.1.8    | Object 607D <sub>h</sub> : Software Position Limit        | 87        |
| 7.1.9    | Object 6083 <sub>h</sub> : Profile Acceleration           | 88        |
| 7.1.10   | Object 6085 <sub>h</sub> : Quick Stop Deceleration        | 88        |
| 7.1.11   | Object 60FF <sub>h</sub> : Target Velocity                | 88        |
| 7.2      | How to move a Motor in pv Mode                            | 89        |



|  |            |
|--|------------|
| <b>8 Homing Mode</b>   | <b>90</b>  |
| 8.1 Homing Methods   | 91         |
| 8.1.1 Homing Method 1: Homing on negative Limit Switch and Index Pulse | 91         |
| 8.1.2 Homing Method 2: Homing on positive Limit Switch and Index Pulse | 92         |
| 8.1.3 Homing Method 3: Homing on positive Home Switch and Index Pulse  | 92         |
| 8.1.4 Homing Method 5: Homing on negative Home Switch and Index Pulse  | 92         |
| 8.1.5 Homing Method 17, 18, 19, and 21: Homing without Index Pulse     | 93         |
| 8.1.6 Homing Method 33 and 34: Homing on next Index Pulse              | 93         |
| 8.1.7 Homing Method 35: Current Position as Home Position              | 94         |
| 8.2 Detailed Object Specifications                                     | 95         |
| 8.2.1 Object 6040 <sub>h</sub> : Control Word                          | 95         |
| 8.2.2 Object 6041 <sub>h</sub> : Status Word                           | 96         |
| 8.2.3 Object 606C <sub>h</sub> : Velocity Actual Value                 | 97         |
| 8.2.4 Object 607C <sub>h</sub> : Home Offset                           | 98         |
| 8.2.5 Object 6098 <sub>h</sub> : Homing Method                         | 99         |
| 8.2.6 Object 6099 <sub>h</sub> : Homing Speeds                         | 99         |
| 8.2.7 Object 609A <sub>h</sub> : Homing Acceleration                   | 99         |
| 8.2.8 Object 2100 <sub>h</sub> : Home Offset Display                   | 100        |
| 8.3 How to start a Homing in hm Mode                                   | 100        |
| <b>9 Cyclic synchronous Position Mode</b>                              | <b>102</b> |
| 9.1 Detailed Object Specifications                                     | 102        |
| 9.1.1 Object 6040 <sub>h</sub> : Control Word                          | 102        |
| 9.1.2 Object 6041 <sub>h</sub> : Status Word                           | 103        |
| 9.1.3 Object 6062 <sub>h</sub> : Position Demand Value                 | 105        |
| 9.1.4 Object 6063 <sub>h</sub> : Position Actual Internal Value        | 105        |
| 9.1.5 Object 6064 <sub>h</sub> : Position Actual Value                 | 106        |
| 9.1.6 Object 606C <sub>h</sub> : Velocity Actual Value                 | 106        |
| 9.1.7 Object 607A <sub>h</sub> : Target Position                       | 106        |
| 9.1.8 Object 607D <sub>h</sub> : Software Position Limit               | 107        |
| 9.1.9 Object 60B0 <sub>h</sub> : Position Offset                       | 107        |
| 9.1.10 Object 60C2 <sub>h</sub> : Interpolation Time Period            | 108        |
| <b>10 Emergency Messages (EMCY)</b>                                    | <b>109</b> |
| <b>11 Figures Index</b>  | <b>111</b> |
| <b>12 Tables Index</b>   | <b>112</b> |
| <b>13 Supplemental Directives</b>                                      | <b>116</b> |
| 13.1 Producer Information  | 116        |
| 13.2 Copyright   | 116        |
| 13.3 Trademark Designations and Symbols                                | 116        |
| 13.4 Target User   | 116        |
| 13.5 Disclaimer: Life Support Systems                                  | 116        |
| 13.6 Disclaimer: Intended Use  | 116        |
| 13.7 Collateral Documents & Tools                                      | 117        |
| <b>14 Revision History</b>   | <b>118</b> |
| 14.1 Firmware Revision   | 118        |
| 14.2 Document Revision   | 118        |



# 1 Preface

This document specifies objects and modes of operation of the Trinamic TMCM-1240 stepper motor control module with CANopen firmware. The CANopen firmware is designed to fulfill the CANopen DS402 and DS301 standards. This manual assumes that the reader is already familiar with the basics of the CANopen protocol, defined by the DS301 and DS402 standards of the CAN-CiA.

If necessary it is always possible to turn the module into a TMCL module by loading the TMCM-1240 TMCL firmware again through the USB interface, with the help of the firmware update function of the TMCL-IDE 3.0.

## 1.1 General Features of this CANopen Implementation

### Main Characteristics

- Communication according to standard CiA-301 V4.1
- CAN bit rate: 20...1000kBit/s
- CAN ID: 11 bit
- Node ID: 1...127 (use vendor specific objects for changing the node ID)
- NMT services: NMT slave

### SDO Communication

- 1 server
- Expedited transfer
- Segmented transfer
- No block transfer

### PDO Communication

- Producer
- Consumer
- RPDOs
  - Axis 0: 1, 2, 3, 4
  - Transmission modes: asynchronous.
  - Dynamic mapping with max. 3 mapping entries.
  - Default mappings: according to CiA-402 for first three PDOs of each axis, manufacturer specific for other PDOs of each axis.
- TPDOs
  - Axis 0: 1, 2, 3, 4
  - Transmission modes: asynchronous, asynchronous with event timer, synchronous.
  - Dynamic mapping with max. 3 mapping entries.
  - Default mappings: according to CiA-402 for first three PDOs of each axis, manufacturer specific for other PDOs of each axis.



**Further Characteristics**

- SYNC: consumer (TPDOs 3 are synchronous PDOs)
- Emergency: producer
- RTR: supported only for node guarding/life guarding
- Heartbeat: consumer and producer

**1.2 Abbreviations used in this Manual**

| Abbreviations |                               |
|---------------|-------------------------------|
| CAN           | Controller area network       |
| CHGND         | chassis ground / earth ground |
| COB           | Communication object          |
| FSA           | Finite state automaton        |
| FSM           | Finite state machine          |
| NMT           | Network management            |
| ID            | Identifier                    |
| LSB           | Least significant bit         |
| MSB           | Most significant bit          |
| PDO           | Process data object           |
| PDS           | Power drive system            |
| RPDO          | Receive process data object   |
| SDO           | Service data object           |
| TPDO          | Transmit process data object  |
| EMCY          | Emergency object              |
| rw            | Read and write                |
| ro            | Read only                     |
| hm            | Homing mode                   |
| pp            | Profile position mode         |
| pv            | Profile velocity mode         |
| vm            | Velocity mode                 |

*Table 1: Abbreviations used in this Manual*

**1.3 Firmware Update**

The software running on the microprocessor consists of two parts, a boot loader and the CANopen firmware itself. Whereas the boot loader is installed during production and testing at TRINAMIC and remains untouched throughout the whole lifetime, the CANopen firmware can easily be updated by the user. The new firmware can be loaded into the module via the firmware update function of the TMCL-IDE, using the USB interface of the module.



## 1.4 Trinamic's unique Features — easy to use with CANopen

### 1.4.1 stallGuard2

stallGuard2 is a high-precision sensorless load measurement using the back EMF of the coils. It can be used for stall detection as well as other uses at loads below those which stall the motor. The stallGuard2 measurement value changes linearly over a wide range of load, velocity, and current settings. At maximum motor load, the value reaches zero or is near zero. This is the most energy-efficient point of operation for the motor.

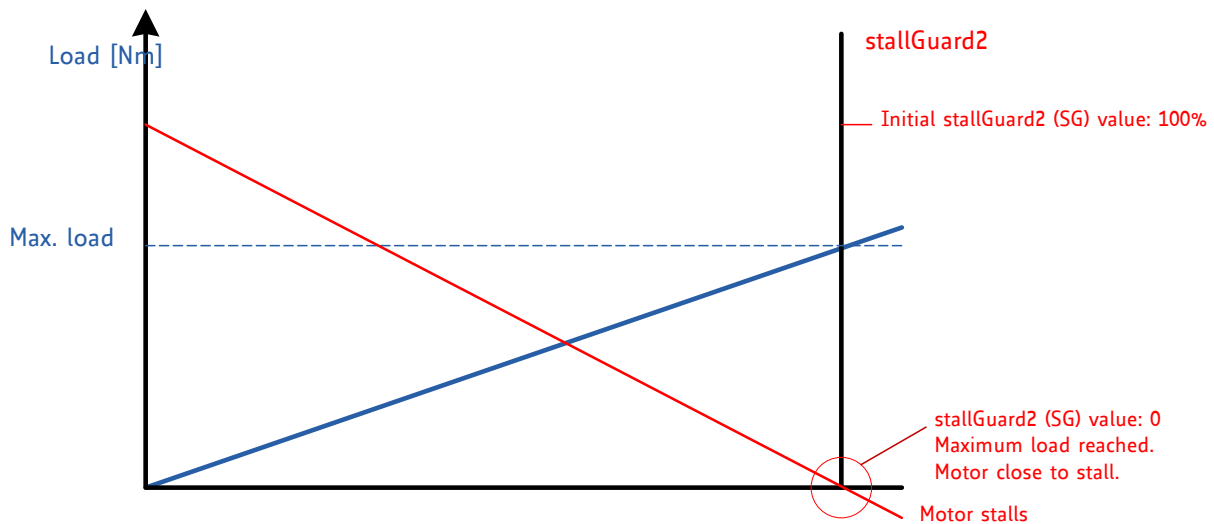


Figure 1: stallGuard2 Load Measurement as a Function of Load

### 1.4.2 coolStep

coolStep is a load-adaptive automatic current scaling based on the load measurement via stallGuard2 adapting the required current to the load. Energy consumption can be reduced by as much as 75%. coolStep allows substantial energy savings, especially for motors which see varying loads or operate at a high duty cycle. Because a stepper motor application needs to work with a torque reserve of 30% to 50%, even a constant-load application allows significant energy savings because coolStep automatically enables torque reserve when required. Reducing power consumption keeps the system cooler, increases motor life, and allows cost reduction.





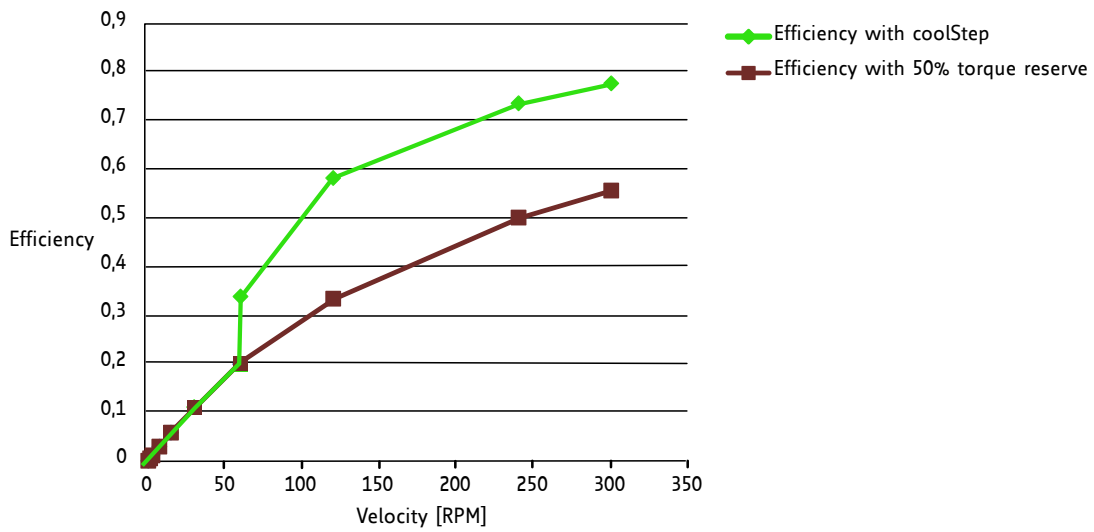


Figure 2: Energy Efficiency Example with coolStep

### 1.5 sixPoint Motion Controller

TRINAMIC’s sixPoint motion controller is a new type of ramp generator which offers faster machine operation compared to the classical linear acceleration ramps. The sixPoint ramp generator allows adapting the acceleration ramps to the torque curves of a stepper motor. It uses two different acceleration settings for the acceleration phase and also two different deceleration settings for the deceleration phase. Start and stop speeds greater than zero can also be used.

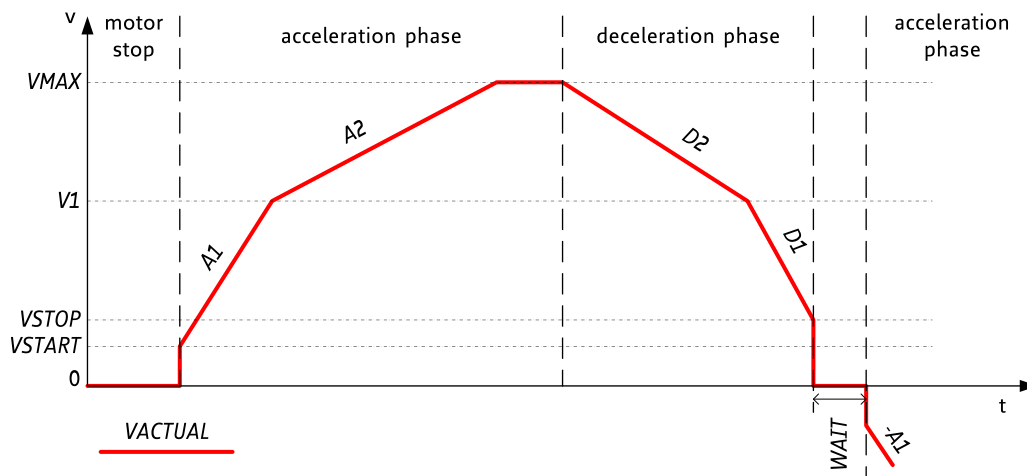


Figure 3: Typical motion profile with TRINAMIC’s sixPoint motion controller

A six point ramp begins using the start speed  $V_{START}$  (which can also be zero). Then, the acceleration value  $A_1$  will be used to accelerate the motor to the speed  $V_1$ . When the speed  $V_1$  has been reached, the motor will be further accelerated using the acceleration value  $A_2$  until it has reached the speed  $V_{MAX}$ . The deceleration phase begins using the deceleration value  $D_2$ . After reaching the speed  $V_1$  again the deceleration value  $D_1$  will be used to decelerate to the stop speed  $V_{STOP}$  (which can also be zero).



The sixPoint ramp can be configured using the following objects:

| Parameter Name                             | Object Index      |
|--|-------------------|
| Start velocity ( $V_{START}$ )             | 2010 <sub>h</sub> |
| Acceleration A1                            | 2011 <sub>h</sub> |
| Velocity V1                                | 2012 <sub>h</sub> |
| Acceleration A2                            | 6083 <sub>h</sub> |
| Maximum positioning velocity ( $V_{MAX}$ ) | 6081 <sub>h</sub> |
| Deceleration D2                            | 6084 <sub>h</sub> |
| Deceleration D1                            | 2013 <sub>h</sub> |
| Stop velocity $V_{STOP}$                   | 6082 <sub>h</sub> |
| Wait time WAIT                             | 2015 <sub>h</sub> |

*Table 2: sixPoint Ramp Parameters*

Setting the velocity V1 (object 2012<sub>h</sub>) to zero switches off the sixPoint ramp. In this case, a trapezoidal ramp defined by the parameters  $V_{START}$ , A2,  $V_{MAX}$ , D2 and  $V_{STOP}$  will be used.

---

**Note**

The sixPoint ramp will only be used in profile positioning mode (pp mode). Profile velocity mode (pv mode) will always use a trapezoidal ramp, defined just by the acceleration (object 6083<sub>h</sub>), the speed given using object 60FF<sub>h</sub> and the start and stop speed (objects 2010<sub>h</sub> and 6082<sub>h</sub>). The deceleration parameters will not be used in pv mode.

---



## 2 Communication

### 2.1 Reference Model

The application layer comprises a concept to configure and communicate real-time-data as well as the mechanisms for synchronization between devices. The functionality which the application layer offers to an application is logically divided over different service data objects (SDO) in the application layer. A service object offers a specific functionality and all the related services.

Applications interact by invoking services of a service object in the application layer. To realize these services this object exchanges data via the CAN Network with peer service object(s) using a protocol.

The application and the application layer interact with service primitives.

| Service Primitives |   |
|--------------------|---|
| Primitive          | Definition  |
| Request            | Issued by the application to the application layer to request a service.  |
| Indication         | Issued by the application layer to the application to report an internal event detected by the application layer or indicate that a service is requested. |
| Response           | Issued by the application to the application layer to respond to a previous received indication.  |
| Confirmation       | Issued by the application layer to the application to report the result of a previously issued request.   |

*Table 3: Service Primitives*

A service type defines the primitives that are exchanged between the application layer and the cooperating applications for a particular service of a service object. Unconfirmed and confirmed services are collectively called remote services.



| Service Types              |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Type                       | Definition   |
| Local service              | Involves only the local service object. The application issues a request to its local service object that executes the requested service without communicating with peer service object(s).  |
| Unconfirmed service        | Involves one or more peer service objects. The application issues a request to its local service object. This request is transferred to the peer service object(s) that each passes it to their application as an indication. The result is not confirmed back.  |
| Confirmed service          | Can involve only one peer service object. The application issues a request to its local service object. This request is transferred to the peer service object that passes it to the other application as an indication. The other application issues a response that is transferred to the originating service object that passes it as a confirmation to the requesting application. |
| Provider initiated service | Involves only the local service object. The service object (being the service provider) detects an event not solicited by a requested service. This event is then indicated to the application.  |

*Table 4: Service Types*



## 2.2 NMT State Machine

The finite state machine (FSM) or simply state machine is a model of behavior composed of a finite number of states, transitions between those states, and actions. It shows which way the logic runs when certain conditions are met.

Starting and resetting the device is controlled via the state machine. The NMT state machine consists of the states shown in figure 4.

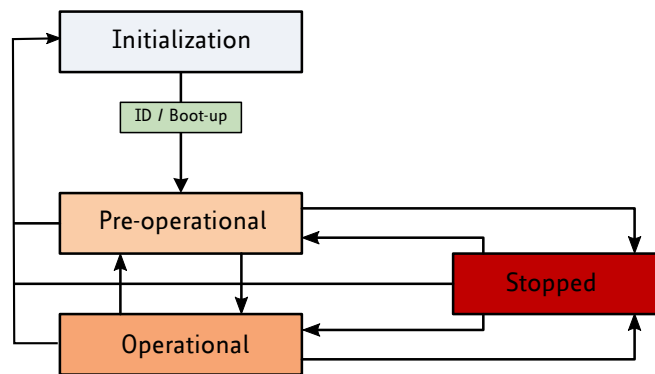


Figure 4: NMT State Machine

After power-on or reset the device enters the Initialization state. After the device initialization is finished, the device automatically transits to the **Pre-operational** state and indicates this state transition by sending the boot-up message. This way the device indicates that it is ready to work. A device that stays in Pre-operational state may start to transmit SYNC-, time stamp- or heartbeat message. In contrast to the PDO communication that is disabled in this state, the device can communicate via SDO.

The PDO communication is only possible within the **Operational** state. During Operational state the device can use all supported communication objects.

A device that was switched to the **Stopped** state only reacts on received NMT commands. In addition the device indicates the current NMT state by supporting the error control protocol during Stopped state.

The transitions between states are made by issuing a network management (NMT) communication object to the device. The NMT protocols are used to generate state machine change commands (e.g. to start and stop the device), detect remote device boot-ups and error conditions.

The Heartbeat message of a CANopen device contains the device status of the NMT state machine and is sent cyclically by the CANopen device.

The NMT state machine (or DS301 state machine) is not to be confused with the DS402 state machine. There is only one NMT state machine for the entire device, but for each motor there is a DS402 state machine which controls the motor. There are no links between these state machines, with one exception: When the NMT state machine is being switched to the stopped state, all DS402 state machines that are in OPERATION\_ENABLED state will be switch to FAULT state.



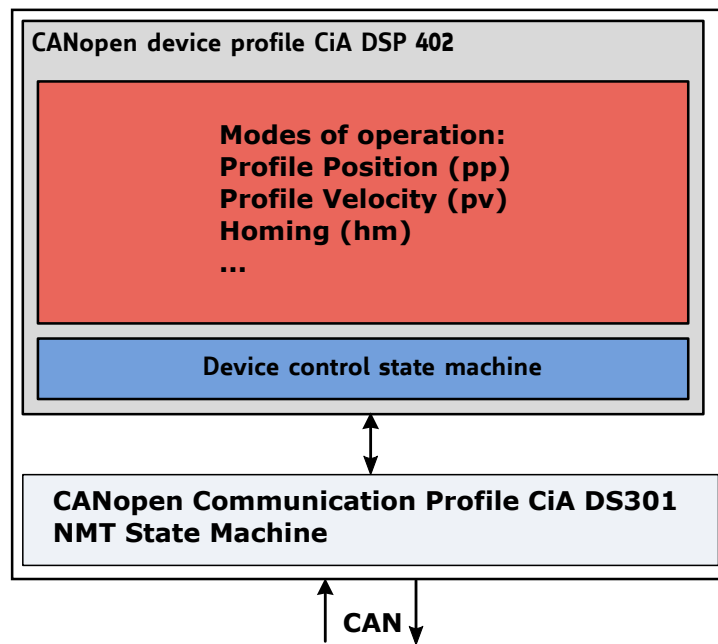


Figure 5: Communication Architecture

## 2.3 Device Model

A CANopen device mainly consists of the following parts:

- *Communication*: This function unit provides the communication objects and the appropriate functionality to transport data items via the underlying network structure.
- *Object dictionary*: The object dictionary is a collection of all the data items which have an influence on the behavior of the application objects, the communication objects and the state machine used on this device.
- *Application*: The application comprises the functionality of the device with respect to the interaction with the process environment.



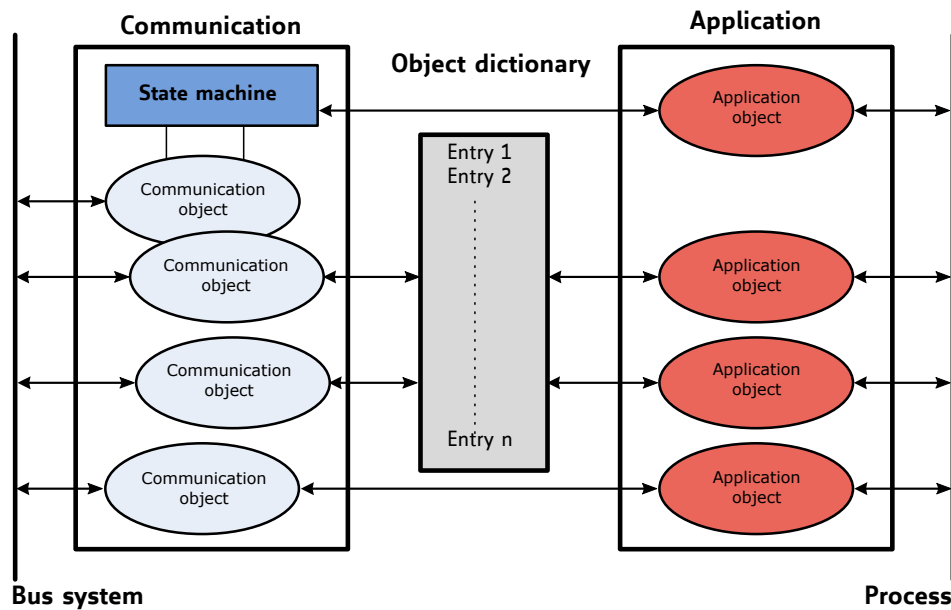


Figure 6: Device Model

## 2.4 Object Dictionary

The most important part of a device profile is the object dictionary description. The object dictionary is essentially a grouping of objects accessible via the network in an ordered pre-defined fashion. Each object within the dictionary is addressed using a 16-bit index. The overall layout of the standard object dictionary is shown in table 5:

| Object Dictionary                     |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Index                                 | Object                                      |
| 0000 <sub>h</sub>                     | Not used.                                   |
| 0001 <sub>h</sub> – 001F <sub>h</sub> | Static data types.                          |
| 0020 <sub>h</sub> – 003F <sub>h</sub> | Complex data types.                         |
| 0040 <sub>h</sub> – 005F <sub>h</sub> | Manufacturer specific complex data types.   |
| 0060 <sub>h</sub> – 007F <sub>h</sub> | Device profile specific static data types.  |
| 0080 <sub>h</sub> – 009F <sub>h</sub> | Device profile specific complex data types. |
| 00A0 <sub>h</sub> – 0FFF <sub>h</sub> | Reserved for further use.                   |
| 1000 <sub>h</sub> – 1FFF <sub>h</sub> | Communication profile area.                 |
| 2000 <sub>h</sub> – 5FFF <sub>h</sub> | Manufacturer specific profile area.         |
| 6000 <sub>h</sub> – 9FFF <sub>h</sub> | Standardized device profile area.           |
| A000 <sub>h</sub> – BFFF <sub>h</sub> | Standardized interface profile area.        |
| C000 <sub>h</sub> – FFFF <sub>h</sub> | Reserved for further use.                   |

Table 5: Object Dictionary



The communication profile area at indices 1000<sub>h</sub> through 1FFF<sub>h</sub> contains the communication specific parameters for the CAN network. These entries are common to all devices.

The manufacturer segment at indices 2000<sub>h</sub> through 5FFF<sub>h</sub> contains manufacturer specific objects. These objects control the special features of the Trinamic TMCM-1240 motion control device.

The standardized device profile area at indices 6000<sub>h</sub> through 9FFF<sub>h</sub> contains all data objects common to a class of devices that can be read or written via the network. They describe the device parameters and the device functionality of the device profile.





## 3 Communication Area

The communication area contains all objects that define the communication parameters of the CANopen device according to the DS301 standard.

### 3.1 Detailed Object Specifications

#### 3.1.1 Object 1000<sub>h</sub>: Device Type

This object contains information about the device type. The object 1000<sub>h</sub> describes the type of device and its functionality. It is composed of a 16-bit field which describes the device profile that is used and a second 16-bit field which provides additional information about optional functionality of the device.

| Object Description |             |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name        | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 1000 <sub>h</sub>  | Device type | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 6: Object Description (1000<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |                       |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value         |
| 0                 | ro     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | FFFC0192 <sub>h</sub> |

Table 7: Entry Description (1000<sub>h</sub>)

#### 3.1.2 Object 1001<sub>h</sub>: Error Register

This object contains error information. The CANopen device maps internal errors into object 1001<sub>h</sub>. It is part of an emergency object.

| Object Description |                |             |           |
|--------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name           | Object Type | Data Type |
| 1001 <sub>h</sub>  | Error register | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 8: Object Description (1001<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | no          | UNSIGNED8   | 0             |

Table 9: Entry Description (1001<sub>h</sub>)



| Error Register Bits |                         |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Bit                 | Definition              |
| 0                   | Generic error           |
| 1                   | Current                 |
| 2                   | Voltage                 |
| 3                   | Temperature             |
| 4                   | Communication error     |
| 5                   | Device profile specific |
| 6                   | Reserved (always 0)     |
| 7                   | Manufacturer specific   |

Table 10: Error Register Bits

### 3.1.3 Object 1005<sub>h</sub>: COB-ID SYNC Message

This object defines the COB-ID of the synchronization object (SYNC). Further, it defines whether the module generates the SYNC.

| Value Definition |           |  |
|------------------|-----------|--|
| Bit              | Name      | Definition   |
| 30               | Generate  | 0: Device does not generate SYNC message<br>1: Device generates SYNC message |
| 29               | Frame     | Not supported, always set to 0.  |
| 28... 11         | 29 bit ID | Not supported, always set to 0.  |
| 10... 0          | 11 bit ID | 11 bit COB-ID.   |

Table 11: Value Definition (1005<sub>h</sub>)

| Object Description |                     |             |            |
|--------------------|---------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 1005 <sub>h</sub>  | COB-ID SYNC message | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 12: Object Description (1005<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |                 |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value   |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | 80 <sub>h</sub> |

Table 13: Entry Description (1005<sub>h</sub>)

### 3.1.4 Object 1008<sub>h</sub>: Manufacturer Device Name

This object contains the name of the device as given by the manufacturer.

| Object Description |                          |             |                |
|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Index              | Name                     | Object Type | Data Type      |
| 1008 <sub>h</sub>  | Manufacturer Device Name | Variable    | Visible String |

Table 14: Object Description (1008<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | no          | —           | TMCM-1240     |

Table 15: Entry Description (1008<sub>h</sub>)

### 3.1.5 Object 1009<sub>h</sub>: Manufacturer Hardware Version

This object contains the hardware version description.

| Object Description |                               |             |                |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Index              | Name                          | Object Type | Data Type      |
| 1009 <sub>h</sub>  | Manufacturer Hardware Version | Variable    | Visible String |

Table 16: Object Description (1009<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |                              |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value                |
| 0                 | ro     | no          | —           | Depends on device, e.g. 1.0. |

Table 17: Entry Description (1009<sub>h</sub>)

### 3.1.6 Object 100A<sub>h</sub>: Manufacturer Software Version

This object contains the software version description.

| Object Description |                               |             |                |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Index              | Name                          | Object Type | Data Type      |
| 100A <sub>h</sub>  | Manufacturer Software Version | Variable    | Visible String |

Table 18: Object Description (100A<sub>h</sub>)



| Entry Description |        |             |             |                              |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value                |
| 0                 | ro     | no          | —           | Depends on device, e.g. 1.0. |

Table 19: Entry Description (100A<sub>h</sub>)

### 3.1.7 Object 100C<sub>h</sub>: Guard Time

The objects at index 100C<sub>h</sub> and 100D<sub>h</sub> shall indicate the configured guard time respectively the life time factor. The life time factor multiplied with the guard time gives the life time for the life guarding protocol.

| Object Description |            |             |            |
|--------------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name       | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 100C <sub>h</sub>  | Guard Time | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 20: Object Description (100C<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED16  | 0             |

Table 21: Entry Description (100C<sub>h</sub>)

### 3.1.8 Object 100D<sub>h</sub>: Life Time Factor

The life time factor multiplied with the guard time gives the life time for the life guarding protocol.

| Object Description |                  |             |           |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name             | Object Type | Data Type |
| 100D <sub>h</sub>  | Life Time Factor | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 22: Object Description (100D<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED8   | 0             |

Table 23: Entry Description (100D<sub>h</sub>)

### 3.1.9 Object 1010<sub>h</sub>: Store Parameters

This object supports the saving of parameters in non volatile memory. By read access the device provides information about its saving capabilities.



There are several parameter groups:

- Sub-index 0<sub>h</sub>: contains the largest sub-index that is supported.
- Sub-index 1<sub>h</sub>: saves all parameters.
- Sub-index 2<sub>h</sub>: saves communication parameters 2704<sub>h</sub> and 2705<sub>h</sub>.
- Sub-index 3<sub>h</sub>: saves device profile parameters.
- Sub-index 4<sub>h</sub>: saves motor 0 parameters.

**Note**

In order to avoid storage of parameters by mistake, storage is only executed when a specific signature is written to the appropriate sub-Index. This signature is "save" (65766173<sub>h</sub>, see also table 24).

| Save Signature  |                 |                 |                 |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| e               | v               | a               | s               |
| 65 <sub>h</sub> | 76 <sub>h</sub> | 61 <sub>h</sub> | 73 <sub>h</sub> |

Table 24: Save Signature

On reception of the correct signature in the appropriate sub-index the device stores the parameter and then confirms the SDO transmission (initiate download response). If the storing failed, the device responds with an abort SDO transfer (abort code: 06060000<sub>h</sub>). If a wrong signature is written, the device refuses to store and responds with abort SDO transfer (abort code: 0800002x<sub>h</sub>).

On read access, each sub-index provides information if it is possible to store the parameter group. It reads 1 if yes and 0 if no.

| Object Description |                  |             |            |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name             | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 1010 <sub>h</sub>  | Store Parameters | Array       | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 25: Object Description (1010<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |                                |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Description                    | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 01h               | Save all parameters            | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | —             |
| 02h               | Save communication parameters  | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | —             |
| 03h               | Save device profile parameters | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | —             |
| 04h               | Save motor axis 0 parameters   | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | —             |

Table 26: Entry Description (1010<sub>h</sub>)



### 3.1.10 Object 1011<sub>h</sub>: Restore Parameters

With this object the default values of parameters according to the communication or device profile are restored. By read access the device provides information about its capabilities to restore these values.

There are several parameter groups:

- Sub-index 0<sub>h</sub>: contains the largest sub-index that is supported.
- Sub-index 1<sub>h</sub>: restores all parameters (factory reset).
- Sub-index 2<sub>h</sub>: restores communication parameters 2704<sub>h</sub> and 2705<sub>h</sub>.
- Sub-index 3<sub>h</sub>: restores device profile parameters.
- Sub-index 4<sub>h</sub>: restores motor 0 parameters.

---

**Note** In order to avoid restoring the parameters by mistake, restoring is only executed when a specific signature is written to the appropriate sub-Index. This signature is "load" (64616F6C<sub>h</sub>, see also table 27).

---

| Load Signature  |                 |                 |                 |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| d               | a               | o               | l               |
| 64 <sub>h</sub> | 61 <sub>h</sub> | 6F <sub>h</sub> | 6C <sub>h</sub> |

Table 27: Load Signature

On reception of the correct signature in the appropriate sub-index the device restores the parameter and then confirms the SDO transmission (initiate download response). If the restoring failed, the device responds with an abort SDO transfer (abort code: 06060000<sub>h</sub>). If a wrong signature is written, the device refuses to restore and responds with abort SDO transfer (abort code: 0800002x<sub>h</sub>).

On read access, each sub-index provides information if it is possible to restore the parameter group. It reads 1 if yes and 0 if no.

After the default values have been restored they will become active after the next rest or power cycle of the TMCM-1240.

| Object Description |                    |             |            |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name               | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 1011 <sub>h</sub>  | Restore parameters | Array       | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 28: Object Description (1011<sub>h</sub>)



| Entry Description |                                   |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Description                       | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 01h               | Restore all parameters            | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | —             |
| 02h               | Restore communication parameters  | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | —             |
| 03h               | Restore device profile parameters | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | —             |
| 04h               | Restore motor axis 0 parameters   | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | —             |

Table 29: Entry Description (1011<sub>h</sub>)

### 3.1.11 Object 1014<sub>h</sub>: COB-ID Emergency Object

This object defines the COB-ID of the emergency object (EMCY).

| Object Description |                         |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                    | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 1014 <sub>h</sub>  | COB-ID emergency object | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 30: Object Description (1014<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |                           |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value             |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | 80 <sub>h</sub> + Node ID |

Table 31: Entry Description (1014<sub>h</sub>)

### 3.1.12 Object 1015<sub>h</sub>: Inhibit Time EMCY

The inhibit time for the EMCY message can be adjusted via this entry. The time has to be a multiple of 100µs.

| Object Description |                         |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                    | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 1015 <sub>h</sub>  | COB-ID emergency object | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 32: Object Description (1015<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED16  | 0             |

Table 33: Entry Description (1015<sub>h</sub>)



### 3.1.13 Object 1016<sub>h</sub>: Consumer Heartbeat Time

The consumer heartbeat time defines the expected heartbeat cycle time and thus has to be higher than the corresponding producer heartbeat time configured on the module producing this heartbeat. The monitoring starts after the reception of the first heartbeat. If the consumer heartbeat time is 0 the corresponding entry is not used. The time has to be a multiple of 1ms.

| Value Definition |                |                            |
|------------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| Bits             | Name           | Definition                 |
| 31...24          | Reserved       | —                          |
| 23...16          | Node ID        | Heartbeat Producer Node ID |
| 15...0           | Heartbeat time | Time in 1ms                |

Table 34: Value Definition (1016<sub>h</sub>)

| Object Description |                         |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                    | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 1016 <sub>h</sub>  | Consumer heartbeat time | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 35: Object Description (1016<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED16  | 0             |

Table 36: Entry Description (1016<sub>h</sub>)

### 3.1.14 Object 1017<sub>h</sub>: Producer Heartbeat Time

The producer heartbeat time defines the cycle time of the heartbeat. The producer heartbeat time is 0 if it is not used. The time has to be a multiple of 1ms.

| Object Description |                         |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                    | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 1017 <sub>h</sub>  | Producer heartbeat time | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 37: Object Description (1017<sub>h</sub>)





| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED16  | 0             |

Table 38: Entry Description (1017<sub>h</sub>)

### 3.1.15 Object 1018<sub>h</sub>: Identity Object

The object 1018<sub>h</sub> contains general information about the device:

- The vendor ID (sub-index 01<sub>h</sub>) contains a unique value allocated to each manufacturer. The vendor ID of Trinamic is 286<sub>h</sub>.
- The manufacturer specific product code (sub-index 2<sub>h</sub>) identifies a specific device version.
- The manufacturer specific revision number (sub-index 3<sub>h</sub>) consists of a major revision number and a minor revision number.

| Object Description |                 |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name            | Object Type | Data Type |
| 1018 <sub>h</sub>  | Identity object | Record      | Identity  |

Table 39: Object Description (1018<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |                   |        |             |             |   |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---|
| Sub-index         | Description       | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value                           |
| 00 <sub>h</sub>   | Number of entries | ro     | no          | 0...3       | 3                                       |
| 01 <sub>h</sub>   | Vendor ID         | ro     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | 0286 <sub>h</sub>                       |
| 02 <sub>h</sub>   | Product code      | ro     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | 1240                                    |
| 03 <sub>h</sub>   | Revision number   | ro     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | e.g. 20003 <sub>h</sub> for version 2.3 |

Table 40: Entry Description (1018<sub>h</sub>)

### 3.1.16 Object 1023<sub>h</sub>: OS Command

After switching to TMCL command mode using object 2700<sub>h</sub>, this object can be used to send TMCL commands to the TMCM-1240 module. A TMCL command can be written to sub-index 1. After the command has been executed, the status code and the TMCL reply can be read from sub-index 2 and sub-index 3.

| Object Description |            |             |           |
|--------------------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name       | Object Type | Data Type |
| 1023 <sub>h</sub>  | OS Command | Record      | Command   |

Table 41: Object Description (1023<sub>h</sub>)



| Entry Description |                   |        |             |                        |               |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------|-------------|------------------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Description       | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range            | Default Value |
| 00 <sub>h</sub>   | Number of entries | ro     | no          | —                      | 3             |
| 01 <sub>h</sub>   | TMCL command      | rw     | no          | Octet string (7 bytes) | —             |
| 02 <sub>h</sub>   | Reply             | ro     | no          | UNSIGNED8              | —             |
| 03 <sub>h</sub>   | TMCL reply        | ro     | no          | Octet string (7 bytes) | —             |

Table 42: Entry Description (1023<sub>h</sub>)

### 3.1.17 Object 1029<sub>h</sub>: Error Behaviour

If a device failure is detected in operational state, the device can be configured to enter alternatively the stopped state or remain in the current state in case of a device failure. Device failures include the following errors:

- Communication error
- Application error

| Object Description |                 |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name            | Object Type | Data Type |
| 1029 <sub>h</sub>  | Error behaviour | Array       | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 43: Object Description (1029<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |                         |        |             |             |                             |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Sub-index         | Description             | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value               |
| 00 <sub>h</sub>   | Number of error classes | ro     | no          | —           | 2                           |
| 01 <sub>h</sub>   | Communication error     | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED8   | 0 (enter stopped state)     |
| 02 <sub>h</sub>   | Application error       | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED8   | 1 (remain in current state) |

Table 44: Entry Description (1029<sub>h</sub>)

### 3.1.18 Objects 1400<sub>h</sub> – 1403<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO Communication Parameter

This object contains the communication parameters for the RPDOs which the device is able to receive. The sub-index 00<sub>h</sub> contains the number of valid entries within the communication record. Its value normally is 2, as this object consists of two other entries.

Sub-index 01<sub>h</sub> contains the COB-ID used by this PDO (in bits 10...0). Bit 30 (RTR bit) defines if this PDO uses RTRs. As RTRs are not supported for PDOs by this CANopen implementation, this bit must always be set in order to turn off RTR support for this PDO. Bit 31 defines if this PDO is active or not. If this bit is set, the PDO is inactive, and if this bit is clear, the PDO is active. Before making any changes to a PDO definition, set this bit to inactivate the PDO.



Sub-Index 02<sub>h</sub> contains the transmission type of the RPDO. This can be FF<sub>h</sub> or FE<sub>h</sub> for event-driven, or 00<sub>h</sub> for synchronous.

| Object Description                    |                       |             |              |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------|
| Index                                 | Name                  | Object Type | Data Type    |
| 1400 <sub>h</sub> – 1403 <sub>h</sub> | Receive PDO parameter | RECORD      | RPDO CommPar |
| 1400 <sub>h</sub>                     | RPDO 1                | RECORD      | RPDO CommPar |
| 1401 <sub>h</sub>                     | RPDO 2                | RECORD      | RPDO CommPar |
| 1402 <sub>h</sub>                     | RPDO 3                | RECORD      | RPDO CommPar |
| 1403 <sub>h</sub>                     | RPDO 4                | RECORD      | RPDO CommPar |

Table 45: Object Description (1400<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |                             |        |             |  |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|--------|-------------|--|
| Sub-index         | Description                 | Access | Value Range | Default Value  |
| 00 <sub>h</sub>   | Largest sub-index supported | ro     | 2           | 2  |
| 01 <sub>h</sub>   | COB-ID used by PDO          | rw     | UNSIGNED32  | Index 1400 <sub>h</sub> : 200 <sub>h</sub> + Node-ID<br>Index 1401 <sub>h</sub> : 300 <sub>h</sub> + Node-ID<br>Index 1402 <sub>h</sub> : 400 <sub>h</sub> + Node-ID<br>Index 1403 <sub>h</sub> : 500 <sub>h</sub> + Node-ID |
| 02 <sub>h</sub>   | Transmission type           | rw     | UNSIGNED8   | Index 1400 <sub>h</sub> : FF <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1401 <sub>h</sub> : FF <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1402 <sub>h</sub> : FF <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1403 <sub>h</sub> : FE <sub>h</sub>   |

Table 46: Entry Description (1400<sub>h</sub>)

### 3.1.19 Objects 1600<sub>h</sub> – 1603<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO Mapping Parameter

These objects contain the mapping parameters for the RPDOs the device is able to receive. The sub-index 00<sub>h</sub> contains the number of valid entries within the mapping record. This number of entries is also the number of the application variables which shall be received with the corresponding RPDO. The sub-indices from 01<sub>h</sub> to the number of entries contain the information about the mapped application variables. These entries describe the PDO contents by their index, sub-index and length.



| Object Description                    |                               |             |             |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Index                                 | Name                          | Object Type | Data Type   |
| 1600 <sub>h</sub> – 1603 <sub>h</sub> | Receive PDO mapping parameter | RECORD      | PDO Mapping |
| 1600 <sub>h</sub>                     | RPDO 1                        | RECORD      | PDO Mapping |
| 1601 <sub>h</sub>                     | RPDO 2                        | RECORD      | PDO Mapping |
| 1602 <sub>h</sub>                     | RPDO 3                        | RECORD      | PDO Mapping |
| 1603 <sub>h</sub>                     | RPDO 4                        | RECORD      | PDO Mapping |

Table 47: Object Description (1600<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |   |        |             |  |
|-------------------|---|--------|-------------|--|
| Sub-index         | Description                                 | Access | Value Range | Default Value  |
| 00 <sub>h</sub>   | Number of mapped application objects in PDO | rw     | 0...3       | Index 1600 <sub>h</sub> : 1<br>Index 1601 <sub>h</sub> : 2<br>Index 1602 <sub>h</sub> : 2<br>Index 1603 <sub>h</sub> : 2   |
| 01 <sub>h</sub>   | Mapping entry 1                             | rw     | UNSIGNED32  | Index 1600 <sub>h</sub> : 60400010 <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1601 <sub>h</sub> : 60400010 <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1602 <sub>h</sub> : 60400010 <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1603 <sub>h</sub> : 60400010 <sub>h</sub> |
| 02 <sub>h</sub>   | Mapping entry 2                             | rw     | UNSIGNED32  | Index 1600 <sub>h</sub> : 0<br>Index 1601 <sub>h</sub> : 60600008 <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1602 <sub>h</sub> : 607A0020 <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1603 <sub>h</sub> : 60FF0020 <sub>h</sub>                     |
| 03 <sub>h</sub>   | Mapping entry 3                             | rw     | UNSIGNED32  | Index 1600 <sub>h</sub> : 0 <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1601 <sub>h</sub> : 0 <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1602 <sub>h</sub> : 0 <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1603 <sub>h</sub> : 0 <sub>h</sub>                             |

Table 48: Entry Description (1600<sub>h</sub>)

Before making changes to PDO definitions, first mark the PDO as inactive by setting bit 31 of its COB-ID (see section 3.1.18). Then, set its number of mapped PDO entries to zero (sub-index 0 of the appropriate PDO mapping object). Now, the mappings themselves can be changed. After that, set the number of mapped objects to the desired value, and finally activate the PDO by clearing bit 31 of its COB-ID.

### 3.1.20 Objects 1800<sub>h</sub> – 1803<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO Communication Parameter

This object contains the communication parameters for the TPDOs which the device is able to transmit. The sub-index 00<sub>h</sub> contains the number of valid entries within the communication record. Its value normally is 5, as this object consists of five other entries.

Sub-index 01<sub>h</sub> contains the COB-ID used by this PDO (in bits 10...0). Bit 30 (RTR bit) defines if this PDO uses RTRs. As RTRs are not supported for PDOs by this CANopen implementation, this bit must always be set in order to turn off RTR support for this PDO. Bit 31 defines if this PDO is active or not. If this bit is set, the PDO is inactive, and if this bit is clear, the PDO is active. Before making any changes to a PDO



definition, set this bit to inactivate the PDO.

Sub-index 02<sub>h</sub> contains the transmission type of the RPDO. This can be FF<sub>h</sub> or FE<sub>h</sub> for event-driven, or 00<sub>h</sub> or 01<sub>h</sub> for synchronous.

Sub-index 03<sub>h</sub> contains the inhibit time, given in milliseconds. After a TPDO has been sent, it will not be sent again before the inhibit time has elapsed.

Sub-index 04<sub>h</sub> is not used.

Sub-index 05<sub>h</sub> contains the event timer value in milliseconds. When this is set to a value greater than 0 the TPDO will be sent repeatedly each time the event timer has elapsed. For example, when this value is set to 250, the TPDO will be sent every 250ms.

| Object Description                    |                                      |             |              |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| Index                                 | Name                                 | Object Type | Data Type    |
| 1800 <sub>h</sub> – 1803 <sub>h</sub> | Transmit PDO communication parameter | RECORD      | TPDO CommPar |
| 1800 <sub>h</sub>                     | TPDO 1                               | RECORD      | TPDO CommPar |
| 1801 <sub>h</sub>                     | TPDO 2                               | RECORD      | TPDO CommPar |
| 1802 <sub>h</sub>                     | TPDO 3                               | RECORD      | TPDO CommPar |
| 1803 <sub>h</sub>                     | TPDO 4                               | RECORD      | TPDO CommPar |

Table 49: Object Description (1800<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |                             |        |             |  |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|--------|-------------|--|
| Sub-index         | Description                 | Access | Value Range | Default Value  |
| 00 <sub>h</sub>   | Largest sub-index supported | ro     | 5           | 5  |
| 01 <sub>h</sub>   | COB-ID                      | rw     | UNSIGNED32  | Index 1800 <sub>h</sub> : 180 <sub>h</sub> + Node-ID<br>Index 1801 <sub>h</sub> : 280 <sub>h</sub> + Node-ID<br>Index 1802 <sub>h</sub> : 380 <sub>h</sub> + Node-ID<br>Index 1803 <sub>h</sub> : 480 <sub>h</sub> + Node-ID |
| 02 <sub>h</sub>   | Transmission type           | rw     | UNSIGNED8   | Index 1800 <sub>h</sub> : FF <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1801 <sub>h</sub> : FF <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1802 <sub>h</sub> : 01 <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1803 <sub>h</sub> : 01 <sub>h</sub>   |
| 03 <sub>h</sub>   | Inhibit time                | rw     | UNSIGNED16  | 0  |
| 04 <sub>h</sub>   | Compatibility entry         | ro     | UNSIGNED8   | 0  |
| 05 <sub>h</sub>   | Event timer                 | rw     | UNSIGNED16  | 0  |

Table 50: Entry Description (1800<sub>h</sub>)



### 3.1.21 Objects 1A00<sub>h</sub> – 1A03<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO Mapping Parameter

These objects contain the mapping parameters for the TPDOs the device is able to transmit. The sub-index 00<sub>h</sub> contains the number of valid entries within the mapping record. This number of entries is also the number of the application variables which shall be transmitted with the corresponding TPDO. The sub-indices from 01<sub>h</sub> to the number of entries contain the information about the mapped application variables. These entries describe the PDO contents by their index, sub-index and length.

| Object Description                    |                                |             |             |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Index                                 | Name                           | Object Type | Data Type   |
| 1A00 <sub>h</sub> – 1A03 <sub>h</sub> | Transmit PDO mapping parameter | RECORD      | PDO Mapping |
| 1A00 <sub>h</sub>                     | TPDO 1                         | RECORD      | PDO Mapping |
| 1A01 <sub>h</sub>                     | TPDO 2                         | RECORD      | PDO Mapping |
| 1A02 <sub>h</sub>                     | TPDO 3                         | RECORD      | PDO Mapping |
| 1A03 <sub>h</sub>                     | TPDO 4                         | RECORD      | PDO Mapping |

Table 51: Object Description (1A00<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |   |        |             |  |
|-------------------|---|--------|-------------|--|
| Sub-index         | Description                                 | Access | Value Range | Default Value  |
| 00 <sub>h</sub>   | Number of mapped application objects in PDO | rw     | 0...3       | Index 1A00 <sub>h</sub> : 1<br>Index 1A01 <sub>h</sub> : 2<br>Index 1A02 <sub>h</sub> : 2<br>Index 1A03 <sub>h</sub> : 2   |
| 01 <sub>h</sub>   | Mapping entry 1                             | rw     | UNSIGNED32  | Index 1A00 <sub>h</sub> : 60410010 <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1A01 <sub>h</sub> : 60410010 <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1A02 <sub>h</sub> : 60410010 <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1A03 <sub>h</sub> : 60410010 <sub>h</sub> |
| 02 <sub>h</sub>   | Mapping entry 2                             | rw     | UNSIGNED32  | Index 1A00 <sub>h</sub> : 0<br>Index 1A01 <sub>h</sub> : 60610008 <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1A02 <sub>h</sub> : 60640020 <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1A03 <sub>h</sub> : 606C0020 <sub>h</sub>                     |
| 03 <sub>h</sub>   | Mapping entry 3                             | rw     | UNSIGNED32  | Index 1A00 <sub>h</sub> : 0 <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1A01 <sub>h</sub> : 0 <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1A02 <sub>h</sub> : 0 <sub>h</sub><br>Index 1A03 <sub>h</sub> : 0 <sub>h</sub>                             |

Table 52: Entry Description (1A00<sub>h</sub>)

Before making changes to PDO definitions, first mark the PDO as inactive by setting bit 31 of its COB-ID (see section 3.1.20). Then, set its number of mapped PDO entries to zero (sub-index 0 of the appropriate PDO mapping object). Now, the mappings themselves can be changed. After that, set the number of mapped objects to the desired value, and finally activate the PDO by clearing bit 31 of its COB-ID.



## 4 Manufacturer specific Area

The manufacturer segment contains manufacturer specific objects. These objects control the special features of the Trinamic Motion Control device TMCM-1240.

### 4.1 Objects related to coolStep

Figure 7 shows an overview of the coolStep related objects for motor #0. Please bear in mind that the figure only shows one example for a drive. There are objects which concern the configuration of the current. Other objects are for velocity regulation and for time adjustment. The coolStep feature is sometimes also called smartEnergy.

The following adjustments have to be made:

- Thresholds for current and velocity have to be identified and set.
- The stallGuard2 feature has to be adjusted and enabled.
- The reduction or increasing of the current in the coolStep area (depending on the load) has to be configured.

#### coolStep™ adjustment points and thresholds

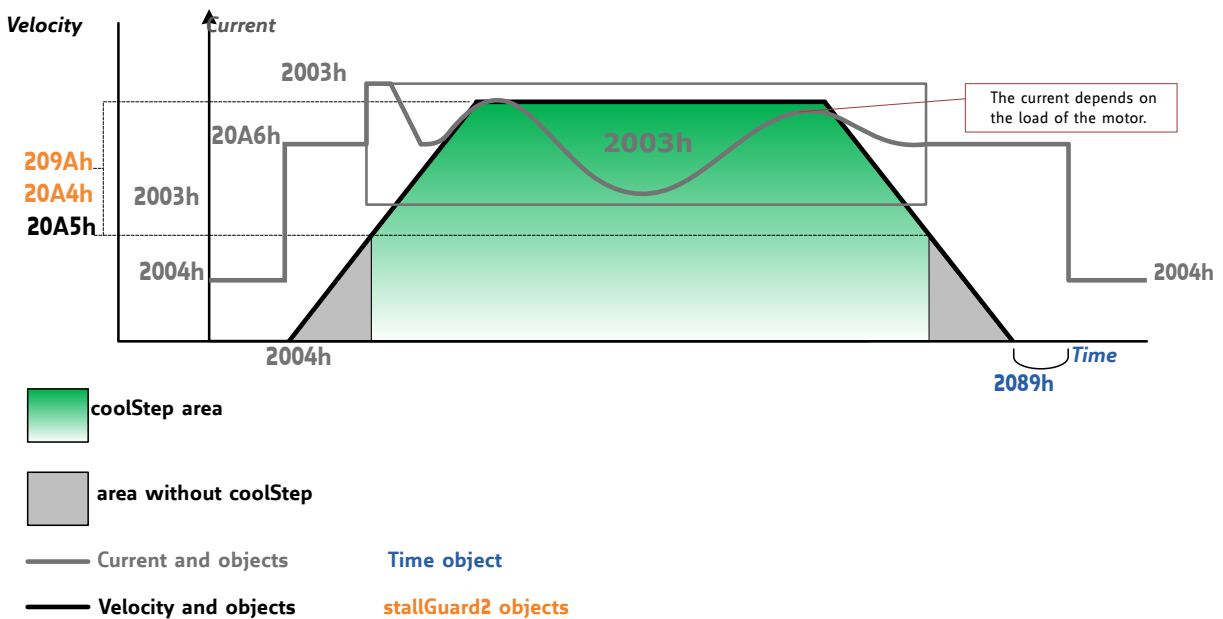


Figure 7: coolStep Adjustment Points and Thresholds



| coolStep Adjustment Objects |                               |  |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Object                      | Name                          | Description  |
| 2003 <sub>h</sub>           | Absolute maximum current      | The maximum value is 255. This value means 100% of the maximum current of the module. The current adjustment is within the range 0...255 and can be adjusted in 32 steps (0...255 divided by eight; step 0 = 0...7, step 1 = 8...15 and so on).<br>The most important motor setting, since too high values might cause motor damage! |
| 2004 <sub>h</sub>           | Standby current               | The current limit two seconds after the motor has stopped.   |
| 2098 <sub>h</sub>           | smartEnergy current minimum   | Sets the lower motor current limit for coolStep operation by scaling the run current (object 2003 <sub>h</sub> ) value.<br>This can be:<br>0: for 1/2 of the run current<br>1: for 1/4 of the run current  |
| 2099 <sub>h</sub>           | smartEnergy current down step | Sets the speed of current decrement when the stallGuard reading is above the upper threshold.<br>0: slow decrement<br>3: fast decrement  |
| 209B <sub>h</sub>           | smartEnergy current up step   | Sets the current increment step when the stallGuard below the lower threshold.<br>0: slow increment<br>3: fast increment / fast reaction to rising load  |
| 209A <sub>h</sub>           | smartEnergy hysteresis        | Sets the distance between the lower and the upper threshold for stallGuard2 reading. Above the upper threshold the motor current becomes decreased.  |
| 20A4 <sub>h</sub>           | Stop on stall                 | Below this speed the motor will not be stopped. Above this speed the motor will stop in case stallGuard2 load value reaches zero.  |
| 20A5 <sub>h</sub>           | smartEnergy threshold speed.  | Above this speed coolStep becomes enabled.   |
| 2089 <sub>h</sub>           | Standby delay                 | Standstill period before the current is changed down to standby current. The standard value is 200 which is 2 seconds.   |

Table 53: coolStep related Objects





## 4.2 Detailed Object Specifications

### 4.2.1 Object 2000<sub>h</sub>: Microstep Resolution

This object sets the microstep resolution of the drive. A value of 8 selects 256 ( $2^8$ ) microsteps per full step.

| Object Description |                      |             |           |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                 | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2000 <sub>h</sub>  | Microstep Resolution | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 54: Object Description (2000<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...8       | 8             |

Table 55: Entry Description (2000<sub>h</sub>)

### 4.2.2 Object 2001<sub>h</sub>: Fullstep Resolution

This object sets the fullstep resolution of the motor connected to the drive. Its default value is 200 because most motors are 1.8° motors.

| Object Description |                            |             |            |
|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                       | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 2001 <sub>h</sub>  | Motor full step resolution | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 56: Object Description (2001<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...65535   | 200           |

Table 57: Entry Description (2001<sub>h</sub>)

### 4.2.3 Object 2002<sub>h</sub>: Brake Delay Times

With this object the delay times for applying and releasing an (optional) brake can be defined. Please see also object 200Ah for an additional delay between enabling the power stage and releasing the brake. Both times are given in ms.



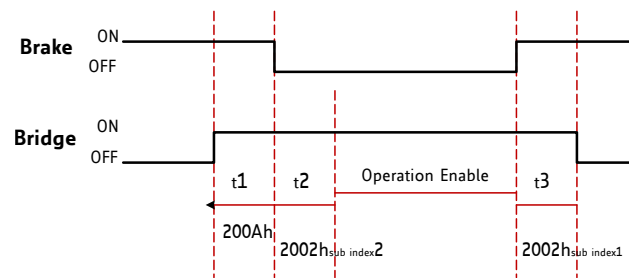


Figure 8: Brake Output Timing

| Object Description |                   |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name              | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 2002 <sub>h</sub>  | Brake delay times | Array       | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 58: Object Description (2002<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |   |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|---|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Description   | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 1                 | Time between applying brake / disabling power stage                       | rw     | no          | 0...65535   | 0             |
| 2                 | Time between releasing brake / switching the state machine to operational | rw     | no          | 0..65535    | 0             |

Table 59: Entry Description (2002<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.4 Object 2003<sub>h</sub>: Maximum Current

This object defines the current used when the motor is moving. A value of 255 means 100% of the maximum current of the drive.

| Object Description |                 |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name            | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2003 <sub>h</sub>  | Maximum current | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 60: Object Description (2003<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...255     | 128           |

Table 61: Entry Description (2003<sub>h</sub>)



#### 4.2.5 Object 2004<sub>h</sub>: Standby Current

This object defines the current used when the motor is standing (two seconds after the last move). A value of 255 means 100% of the maximum current of the drive.

| Object Description |                 |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name            | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2004 <sub>h</sub>  | Maximum current | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 62: Object Description (2004<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...255     | 8             |

Table 63: Entry Description (2004<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.6 Object 2005<sub>h</sub>: Limit Switches

This object defines which limit switches are to be used. Bit 0 stands for the left and bit 1 stands for the right limit switch. If a bit is set, the corresponding limit switch will not be used. So this object has to be set to the value 3 if limit switches are not connected. The object can only be written when the drive is in the SWITCHED\_ON\_DISABLED state (but is always readable).

The limit switches can also be inverted using bit 2 and bit 3:

- Bit 2 inverts the left limit switch
- Bit 3 inverts the right limit switch

The polarity of the home switch can be set using bit 5. Furthermore, the functionality of the shutdown input can be controlled using bit 6. If this bit is set then the CiA-402 state machine also reacts on the shutdown input (it will change to FAULT state if a shutdown is detected).

| Object Description |                |             |            |
|--------------------|----------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name           | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 2005 <sub>h</sub>  | Limit switches | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 64: Object Description (2005<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...127     | 0             |

Table 65: Entry Description (2005<sub>h</sub>)



| Bit Definitions |  |
|-----------------|--|
| Bit             | Definition                             |
| 0               | Left limit switch deactivated if set.  |
| 1               | Right limit switch deactivated if set. |
| 2               | Left limit switch inverted if set.     |
| 3               | Right limit switch inverted if set.    |
| 4               | Home switch deactivated if set.        |
| 5               | Home switch inverted if set.           |
| 6               | Shutdown input enabled if set.         |

Table 66: Bit Definitions (2005<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.7 Object 200A<sub>h</sub>: Enable Drive Delay Time

This is an additional delay time (in milliseconds) between enabling the power stage and releasing the brake. It can be used to prevent the brake from being released too early (before the hold current in the motor has been reached). Please see also object 4.2.3.

| Object Description |                         |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                    | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 200A <sub>h</sub>  | Enable drive delay time | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 67: Object Description (200A<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...65535   | 0             |

Table 68: Entry Description (200A<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.8 Object 200B<sub>h</sub>: Encoder Parameters

This object defines encoder parameters. These are the direction of rotation for external encoders (set to 1 if the direction is reversed compared to the motor) and if the position is to be initialized with the encoder position. The object is only writable in SWITCHED\_ON\_DISABLED state.

| Object Description |                    |             |           |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name               | Object Type | Data Type |
| 200B <sub>h</sub>  | Encoder parameters | Array       | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 69: Object Description (200B<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |   |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|---|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Description                                       | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 1                 | Not used  | rw     | no          | —           | —             |
| 2                 | Direction of rotation<br>(external encoders only) | rw     | no          | 0/1         | 0             |
| 3                 | Initialize position                               | rw     | no          | 0/1         | 1             |

Table 70: Entry Description (200B<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.9 Object 200C<sub>h</sub>: Brake Current Feed

This object configures how much current has to be fed into the brake to apply and to release it. 0 means 0%, 255 means 100% of the maximum current (this depends on the module). In most cases it is needed to feed current into the brake to release it. Setting both values to 0 disables the automatic brake control. This object is only writable in SWITCHED\_ON\_DISABLED state.

| Object Description |                    |             |           |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name               | Object Type | Data Type |
| 200C <sub>h</sub>  | Brake current feed | Array       | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 71: Object Description (200C<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |                 |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Description     | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 1                 | Apply current   | rw     | no          | 0...255     | 0             |
| 2                 | Release current | rw     | no          | 0...255     | 0             |

Table 72: Entry Description (200C<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.10 Object 2010<sub>h</sub>: Profile Start Velocity

This object contains the velocity with which a positioning ramp will be started.

| Object Description |                        |             |            |
|--------------------|------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                   | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 2010 <sub>h</sub>  | Profile Start Velocity | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 73: Object Description (2010<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |               |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range   | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...268435455 | 0             |

Table 74: Entry Description (2010<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.11 Object 2011<sub>h</sub>: Profile A1

This object contains the acceleration value used for ramping up from the start velocity (object 2011<sub>h</sub>, see section 4.2.10) to the velocity V1 (object (h)2012), see section 4.2.12).

| Object Description |            |             |            |
|--------------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name       | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 2011 <sub>h</sub>  | Profile A1 | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 75: Object Description (2011<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |              |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range  | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...16777215 | 0             |

Table 76: Entry Description (2011<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.12 Object 2012<sub>h</sub>: Profile V1

This object contains the velocity used for the first segment of a positioning ramp.

| Object Description |            |             |            |
|--------------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name       | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 2012 <sub>h</sub>  | Profile V1 | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 77: Object Description (2012<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |              |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range  | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...16777215 | 0             |

Table 78: Entry Description (2012<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.13 Object 2013<sub>h</sub>: Profile D1

This object contains the deceleration value used for decelerating from the maximum positioning velocity to the velocity V1 (object 2012<sub>h</sub>, see section 4.2.12).

| Object Description |            |             |            |
|--------------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name       | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 2013 <sub>h</sub>  | Profile D1 | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 79: Object Description (2013<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |              |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range  | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...16777215 | 0             |

Table 80: Entry Description (2013<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.14 Object 2015<sub>h</sub>: Ramp Wait Time

This object defines the waiting time after ramping down to zero velocity before the next movement or direction inversion can start. Time range is 0 to 2 seconds. This setting avoids excess acceleration e.g. from positive stop velocity to negative start velocity.

| Object Description |                |             |            |
|--------------------|----------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name           | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 2015 <sub>h</sub>  | Ramp Wait Time | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 81: Object Description (2015<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |                       |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range           | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...65535 [0.000032s] | 0             |

Table 82: Entry Description (2015<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.15 Object 2089<sub>h</sub>: Setting Delay

This object has to be used for setting a standstill period before the current is changed down to standby current.

**Unit:** 10msec



| Object Description |               |             |            |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name          | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 2089 <sub>h</sub>  | Setting Delay | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 83: Object Description (2089<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...400     | 0             |

Table 84: Entry Description (2089<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.16 Object 208C<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Dimension Index

With this object different units can be chosen:

- Writing 0 selects internal units.
- Writing 181 sets PPS for velocity and PPS/s for acceleration.

This can only be changed in SWITCHED\_ON\_DISABLED mode.

| Object Description |                          |             |           |
|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                     | Object Type | Data Type |
| 208C <sub>h</sub>  | Velocity Dimension Index | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 85: Object Description (208C<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0/181       | 181           |

Table 86: Entry Description (208C<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.17 Object 208E<sub>h</sub>: Acceleration Dimension Index

With this object, the unit for acceleration can be read out. The unit can be set using object 208C<sub>h</sub>. Object 208E<sub>h</sub> reads 0 when internal units are selected and 179 when PPS/s is selected.

| Object Description |                              |             |           |
|--------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                         | Object Type | Data Type |
| 208E <sub>h</sub>  | Acceleration Dimension Index | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 87: Object Description (208E<sub>h</sub>)



| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | no          | 0/179       | 179           |

Table 88: Entry Description (208E<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.18 Object 2092<sub>h</sub>: Chopper Blank Time

This object serves for selecting the comparator blank time. This time needs to safely cover the switching event and the duration of the ringing on the sense resistor. For low current drivers, a setting of 1 or 2 is good. For higher current applications a setting of 2 or 3 will be required.

| Object Description |                    |             |           |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name               | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2092 <sub>h</sub>  | Chopper Blank Time | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 89: Object Description (2092<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...3       | 2             |

Table 90: Entry Description (2092<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.19 Object 2093<sub>h</sub>: Chopper Mode

Select the chopper mode using this object:

- 0 – spreadCycle chopper
- 1 – classic constant off time chopper

| Object Description |              |             |           |
|--------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name         | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2093 <sub>h</sub>  | Chopper Mode | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 91: Object Description (2093<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0/1         | 0             |

Table 92: Entry Description (2093<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.20 Object 2094<sub>h</sub>: Chopper Hysteresis Decrement

This object serves for the hysteresis decrement setting. This setting determines the slope of the hysteresis during on time and during fast decay time.

- 0 – fast decrement
- 3 – very slow decrement

| Object Description |                              |             |           |
|--------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                         | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2094 <sub>h</sub>  | Chopper Hysteresis Decrement | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 93: Object Description (2094<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...3       | 0             |

Table 94: Entry Description (2094<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.21 Object 2095<sub>h</sub>: Chopper Hysteresis End

This object provides the setting of the hysteresis end value after a number of decrements. The decrement interval time is controlled by object 2094<sub>h</sub> (section 4.2.20).

Possible values are:

- -3...-1 – negative hysteresis end setting
- 0 – zero hysteresis end setting
- 1...12 – positive hysteresis end setting

| Object Description |                        |             |           |
|--------------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                   | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2095 <sub>h</sub>  | Chopper Hysteresis End | Variable    | SIGNED8   |

Table 95: Object Description (2095<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | -3...12     | 0             |

Table 96: Entry Description (2095<sub>h</sub>)



#### 4.2.22 Object 2096<sub>h</sub>: Chopper Hysteresis Start

This object provides the hysteresis start setting. Please notice that this value is an offset to the hysteresis end value.

| Object Description |                          |             |           |
|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                     | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2096 <sub>h</sub>  | Chopper Hysteresis Start | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 97: Object Description (2096<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...8       | 3             |

Table 98: Entry Description (2096<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.23 Object 2097<sub>h</sub>: Chopper Off Time

The off time setting controls the minimum chopper frequency. Under normal circumstances, an off time within the range of 5µs to 20µs is used. Off time setting for constant  $t_{OFF}$  chopper:  $N_{CLK} = 12 + 32 * t_{OFF}$ . Minimum is 64 clocks.

Setting this parameter to zero completely disables all driver transistors and so lets the motor free-wheel.

| Object Description |                  |             |           |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name             | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2097 <sub>h</sub>  | Chopper Off Time | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 99: Object Description (2097<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0 / 2...15  | 5             |

Table 100: Entry Description (2097<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.24 Object 2098<sub>h</sub>: Smart Energy Current Minimum

This object provides the setting of the lower motor current limit for coolStep operation by scaling the CS value.

Possible values are:

- 0 – 1/2 of maximum motor current setting (section 4.2.4)
- 1 – 1/4 of maximum motor current setting (section 4.2.4)



| Object Description |                              |             |           |
|--------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                         | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2098 <sub>h</sub>  | Smart Energy Current Minimum | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 101: Object Description (2098<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0/1         | 0             |

Table 102: Entry Description (2098<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.25 Object 2099<sub>h</sub>: Smart Energy Current Down Step

This object provides the setting of the number of stallGuard2 readings above the upper threshold necessary for each current decrement of the motor current.

Possible values are:

- 0 – 32 measurements – slowest decrement
- 1 – 8 measurements
- 2 – 2 measurements
- 3 – 1 measurements – fastest decrement

| Object Description |                                |             |           |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                           | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2099 <sub>h</sub>  | Smart Energy Current Down Step | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 103: Object Description (2099<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...3       | 0             |

Table 104: Entry Description (2099<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.26 Object 209A<sub>h</sub>: Smart Energy Hysteresis

This object sets the distance between the lower and the upper threshold for stallGuard2 reading. Above the upper threshold the motor current becomes decreased.

Hysteresis:  $(\text{smartEnergy hysteresis value} + 1) * 32$

Upper stallGuard threshold:  $(\text{smartEnergy hysteresis start} + \text{smartEnergy hysteresis} + 1) * 32$



| Object Description |                         |             |           |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                    | Object Type | Data Type |
| 209A <sub>h</sub>  | Smart Energy Hysteresis | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 105: Object Description (209A<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...15      | 0             |

Table 106: Entry Description (209A<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.27 Object 209B<sub>h</sub>: Smart Energy Current Up Step

This object sets the current increment step. The current becomes incremented for each measured stallGuard2 value below the lower threshold (see smart energy hysteresis start (object 209C<sub>h</sub>, section 4.2.28).

Possible values are:

- 0 – 1 step – slowest increment
- 1 – 2 steps
- 2 – 4 steps
- 3 – 8 steps – fastest increment

| Object Description |                              |             |           |
|--------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                         | Object Type | Data Type |
| 209B <sub>h</sub>  | Smart Energy Current Up Step | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 107: Object Description (209B<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...3       | 0             |

Table 108: Entry Description (209B<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.28 Object 209C<sub>h</sub>: Smart Energy Hysteresis Start

This object serves to set the lower threshold for the stallGuard2 value (see smart Energy current up step (section 4.2.27). Setting this to 0 disables the coolStep function.



| Object Description |                               |             |           |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                          | Object Type | Data Type |
| 209C <sub>h</sub>  | Smart Energy Hysteresis Start | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 109: Object Description (209C<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...15      | 0             |

Table 110: Entry Description (209C<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.29 Object 209D<sub>h</sub>: Smart Energy Filter Enable

This object is used to set the stallGuard2 filter for more precision of the measurement. It reduces the measurement frequency to one measurement per four fullsteps if set. In most cases it is expedient to set the filtered mode when using coolStep. Use the standard mode for step loss detection.

Possible values are:

- 0 – standard mode
- 1 – filtered mode

| Object Description |                            |             |           |
|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                       | Object Type | Data Type |
| 209D <sub>h</sub>  | Smart Energy Filter Enable | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 111: Object Description (209D<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0/1         | 0             |

Table 112: Entry Description (209D<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.30 Object 209E<sub>h</sub>: stallGuard2 Threshold

This signed value controls the stallGuard2 threshold level for stall output and sets the optimum measurement range for readout. A lower value gives a higher sensitivity. Zero is the starting value. A higher value makes stallGuard2 less sensitive and requires more torque to indicate a stall.



| Object Description |                       |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                  | Object Type | Data Type |
| 209E <sub>h</sub>  | stallGuard2 Threshold | Variable    | SIGNED8   |

Table 113: Object Description (209E<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | -63...63    | 0             |

Table 114: Entry Description (209E<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.31 Object 20A1<sub>h</sub>: Short Protection Disable

This object is used to enable or to disable the short to ground protection. Normally there is no need to change this. Use the default value.

Possible values are:

- 0 – Short to GND protection enabled
- 1 – Short to GND protection disabled

| Object Description |                          |             |           |
|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                     | Object Type | Data Type |
| 20A1 <sub>h</sub>  | Short Protection Disable | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 115: Object Description (20A1<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0/1         | 0             |

Table 116: Entry Description (20A1<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.32 Object 20A4<sub>h</sub>: Stop on Stall

Below this speed the motor will not be stopped. Above this speed the motor will be stopped in case the stallGuard2 load value reaches zero.

| Object Description |               |             |            |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name          | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 20A4 <sub>h</sub>  | Stop on Stall | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 117: Object Description (20A4<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |                |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range    | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...2147483647 | 0             |

Table 118: Entry Description (20A4<sub>n</sub>)

#### 4.2.33 Object 20A5<sub>n</sub>: Smart Energy Threshold Speed

The coolStep functionality will be enabled when the actual speed is above this speed. It will be disabled again when the actual speed drops below this value.

| Object Description |                              |             |            |
|--------------------|------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                         | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 20A5 <sub>n</sub>  | Smart Energy Threshold Speed | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 119: Object Description (20A5<sub>n</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |                |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range    | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...2147483647 | 0             |

Table 120: Entry Description (20A5<sub>n</sub>)

#### 4.2.34 Object 20B0<sub>n</sub>: PWM Threshold Speed

The stealthChop feature will be switched on when the value of this object is greater than zero and the actual velocity is lower than the value set by this object.

| Object Description |                     |             |            |
|--------------------|---------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 20B0 <sub>n</sub>  | PWM Threshold Speed | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 121: Object Description (20B0<sub>n</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |              |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range  | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...16777215 | 0             |

Table 122: Entry Description (20B0<sub>n</sub>)





#### 4.2.35 Object 20B1<sub>h</sub>: PWM Gradient

Velocity dependent gradient for the PWM amplitude (stealthChop). Setting this value to 0 turns off stealthChop.

| Object Description |              |             |           |
|--------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name         | Object Type | Data Type |
| 20B1 <sub>h</sub>  | PWM Gradient | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 123: Object Description (20B1<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...255     | 0             |

Table 124: Entry Description (20B1<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.36 Object 20B2<sub>h</sub>: PWM Amplitude

Maximum PWM amplitude when switching to stealthChop mode. Do not set too low. Values above 64 are recommended.

| Object Description |               |             |           |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name          | Object Type | Data Type |
| 20B2 <sub>h</sub>  | PWM Amplitude | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 125: Object Description (20B2<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...255     | 0             |

Table 126: Entry Description (20B2<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.37 Object 20B3<sub>h</sub>: dcStep Minimum Speed

Minimum speed for switching to dcStep. The motor driver will not switch to dcStep mode when the actual velocity is below this value. Setting this object to zero completely switches off dcStep.



| Object Description |                      |             |            |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                 | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 20B3 <sub>h</sub>  | dcStep Minimum Speed | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 127: Object Description (20B3<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |              |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range  | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...16777215 | 0             |

Table 128: Entry Description (20B3<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.38 Object 20B4<sub>h</sub>: dcStep Time

This setting controls the reference pulse width for dcStep load measurement. It must be optimized for robust operation with maximum motor torque. A higher value allows higher torque and higher velocity, a lower value allows operation down to a lower velocity as set by the minimum dcStep speed (object 20B3<sub>h</sub>, see section 4.2.37).

| Object Description |             |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name        | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 20B4 <sub>h</sub>  | dcStep Time | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 129: Object Description (20B4<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...1023    | 0             |

Table 130: Entry Description (20B4<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.39 Object 20B5<sub>h</sub>: dcStep stallGuard

This setting controls stall detection in dcStep mode. Increase this value for higher sensitivity.

| Object Description |                   |             |           |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name              | Object Type | Data Type |
| 20B5 <sub>h</sub>  | dcStep stallGuard | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 131: Object Description (20B5<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...255     | 0             |

Table 132: Entry Description (20B5<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.40 Object 20B6<sub>h</sub>: Fullstep Threshold Speed

Depending on the settings of objects 20B7<sub>h</sub> and 20B8<sub>h</sub> (see sections 4.2.41 and 4.2.42) the driver switches to fullstep mode and/or to a different chopper mode when the speed set by this object is exceeded.

| Object Description |                          |             |            |
|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                     | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 20B6 <sub>h</sub>  | Fullstep Threshold Speed | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 133: Object Description (20B6<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |              |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range  | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...16777215 | 0             |

Table 134: Entry Description (20B6<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.41 Object 20B7<sub>h</sub>: High Speed Chopper Mode

The motor driver will switch to a different chopper mode when this object is set to 1 and the measured speed is greater than the threshold speed set by object 20B6<sub>h</sub> (see section 4.2.40).

| Object Description |                         |             |           |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                    | Object Type | Data Type |
| 20B7 <sub>h</sub>  | High Speed Chopper Mode | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 135: Object Description (20B7<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0/1         | 0             |

Table 136: Entry Description (20B7<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.42 Object 20B8<sub>h</sub>: High Speed Fullstep Mode

The motor driver will switch to fullstep mode when this object is set to 1 and the measured speed is greater than the threshold speed set by object 20B6<sub>h</sub> (see section 4.2.40).



| Object Description |                         |             |           |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                    | Object Type | Data Type |
| 20B8 <sub>h</sub>  | High Speed Chopper Mode | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 137: Object Description (20B8<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0/1         | 0             |

Table 138: Entry Description (20B8<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.43 Object 20B9<sub>h</sub>: Power Down Ramp

The value set by this object controls the number of clock cycles for motor power down after a motion as soon as the motor has stopped and the setting time (set by object 2089<sub>h</sub>, please see section 4.2.15) has expired. The smooth transition avoids a motor jerk upon power down.

- 0=instant power down.
- 15=longest possible power down ramp.

| Object Description |                 |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name            | Object Type | Data Type |
| 20B9 <sub>h</sub>  | Power Down Ramp | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 139: Object Description (20B9<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...15      | 7             |

Table 140: Entry Description (20B9<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.44 Object 2100<sub>h</sub>: Home Offset Display

This object shows the home offset. The value is given in microsteps.

| Object Description |                     |             |           |
|--------------------|---------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2100 <sub>h</sub>  | Home Offset Display | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 141: Object Description (2100<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |                          |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range              | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | no          | -2147483648...2147483647 | 0             |

Table 142: Entry Description (2100<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.45 Object 2101<sub>h</sub>: Actual Load Value

This object shows the actual load value used for stall detection (stallGuard™).

| Object Description |                   |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name              | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 2101 <sub>h</sub>  | Actual Load Value | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 143: Object Description (2101<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | no          | 0...1023    | 0             |

Table 144: Entry Description (2101<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.46 Object 2102<sub>h</sub>: Driver Error Flags

This object shows the error flags of the motor driver IC.

| Error Flags |      |                         |
|-------------|------|-------------------------|
| Bit         | Name | Meaning                 |
| 7           | OT   | Overtemperature         |
| 6           | OTPW | Temperature pre-warning |
| 5           | UV   | Undervoltage            |
| 4           | OCHS | Overcurrent high side   |
| 3           | OLB  | Open load on bridge B   |
| 2           | OLA  | Open load on bridge A   |
| 1           | OCB  | Overcurrent on bridge B |
| 0           | OCA  | Overcurrent on bridge A |

Table 145: Driver Error Flags (2102<sub>h</sub>)



| Object Description |                    |             |           |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name               | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2102 <sub>h</sub>  | Driver Error Flags | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 146: Object Description (2102<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | no          | 0...255     | 0             |

Table 147: Entry Description (2102<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.47 Object 2107<sub>h</sub>: Microstep Resolution Display

This object shows the microstep resolution, set by object 2000<sub>h</sub> (please see section 4.2.1).

| Object Description |                              |             |           |
|--------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                         | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2107 <sub>h</sub>  | Microstep resolution display | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 148: Object Description (2107<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | no          | 0...8       | 8             |

Table 149: Entry Description (2107<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.48 Object 210B<sub>h</sub>: Step Counter

This object shows the overall number of microsteps done by this motor so far. The value can be read as a 64 bit value (sub-index 3) or split into two 32 bit values (sub-index 1 and sub-index 2).

| Object Description |              |             |           |
|--------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name         | Object Type | Data Type |
| 210B <sub>h</sub>  | Step Counter | Variable    | RECORD    |

Table 150: Object Description (210B<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |                |        |             |                                    |               |
|-------------------|----------------|--------|-------------|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Description    | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range                        | Default Value |
| 1                 | Lower 32 Bits  | ro     | no          | 0... ffffffff <sub>h</sub>         | 0             |
| 2                 | Higher 32 Bits | ro     | no          | 0... ffffffff <sub>h</sub>         | 0             |
| 3                 | 64 Bit Value   | ro     | no          | 0... ffffffffffffffff <sub>h</sub> | 0             |

Table 151: Entry Description (210B<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.49 Object 2121<sub>h</sub>: PWM Scale Value

Actual PWM scale value used when the motor driver is operating in stealthChop mode.

| Object Description |                 |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name            | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2121 <sub>h</sub>  | PWM Scale Value | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 152: Object Description (2121<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | no          | 0...255     | —             |

Table 153: Entry Description (2121<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.50 Object 2122<sub>h</sub>: Measured Velocity

This object contains the velocity measured by the motor driver. This value is important only when the motor driver is operating in dcStep mode.

| Object Description |                   |             |           |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name              | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2122 <sub>h</sub>  | Measured Velocity | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 154: Object Description (2122<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |                      |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|----------------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range          | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | no          | -16777215...16777215 | —             |

Table 155: Entry Description (2122<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.51 Object 2700<sub>h</sub>: TMCL Direct Communication

After writing the make signature 656b616d<sub>h</sub> to this object the drive switches to TMCL mode. The drive can then only be controlled via TMCL commands written to the OS command object 1023/01<sub>h</sub>. The drive can only be reset to normal CANopen functionality using the DS-301 reset application command.

| Object Description |                           |             |            |
|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                      | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 2700 <sub>h</sub>  | TMCL Direct Communication | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 156: Object Description (2700<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |                       |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range           | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 656b616d <sub>h</sub> | 0             |

Table 157: Entry Description (2700<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.52 Object 2701<sub>h</sub>: Manufacturer Specific Mode

Writing the make signature to this object turns on the manufacturer specific mode. The manufacturer specific mode can be turned off again by writing the kill signature to this object. The manufacturer specific mode has the following features:

- PDOs do not need to be disabled and re-enabled when the PDO mapping is to be changed.
- The RTR bit in the COB-ID of PDO definitions is ignored.

|        |                       |   |  |
|--------|-----------------------|---|--|
| read:  | 0                     | = | manufacturer specific mode is inactive |
|        | 1                     | = | manufacturer specific mode is active   |
| write: | 656b616d <sub>h</sub> | = | make signature                         |
|        | 6c6c696b <sub>h</sub> | = | kill signature                         |

| Object Description |                            |             |            |
|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                       | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 2701 <sub>h</sub>  | Manufacturer Specific Mode | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 158: Object Description (2701<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | see above   | 0             |

Table 159: Entry Description (2701<sub>h</sub>)





### 4.2.53 Object 2702<sub>h</sub>: Device Digital Inputs

Bits 23... 16 of this object reflect the states of the general purpose inputs of the module. The number of available inputs depends on the module type.

| Bit Definitions |             |
|-----------------|-------------|
| Bit             | Description |
| 16              | IN0         |
| 17              | IN1         |
| 18              | IN2         |

Table 160: Bit Definitions (2702<sub>h</sub>)

| Object Description |                       |             |            |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                  | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 2702 <sub>h</sub>  | Device Digital Inputs | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 161: Object Description (2702<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | yes         | -           | 0             |

Table 162: Entry Description (2702<sub>h</sub>)

### 4.2.54 Object 2703<sub>h</sub>: Device Digital Outputs

With this object the digital outputs (general purpose outputs) can be set. Bits 23... 16 of sub index 1 switch the outputs of the module. Bits 23... 16 of sub index 2 determine which outputs can be switched. The number of available digital outputs depends on the module type.

| Bit Definitions |             |
|-----------------|-------------|
| Bit             | Description |
| 16              | OUT0        |

Table 163: Bit Definitions (2703<sub>h</sub>)

| Object Description |                        |             |           |
|--------------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                   | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2703 <sub>h</sub>  | Device Digital Outputs | Variable    | ARRAY     |

Table 164: Object Description (2703<sub>h</sub>)



| Entry Description |                  |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Description      | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 1                 | Physical outputs | rw     | yes         | UNSIGNED32  | 0             |
| 2                 | Output mask      | rw     | yes         | UNSIGNED32  | 0             |

Table 165: Entry Description (2703<sub>h</sub>)**Note**

Output #0 can also be used for automatically controlling a brake that can be connected to the module via this output. In order to be able to control output #0 via this object the automatic brake control function has to be disabled. Do this by writing 0 to sub-index 1 and sub-index 2 of object 200C<sub>h</sub>.

**4.2.55 Object 2704<sub>h</sub>: CAN Bit Rate**

With this object it is possible to change the CAN bit rate. To do this, first write the new value to this object. Then, store the new setting by writing the save signature to object 2706<sub>h</sub>. After that, reset the module. The new setting then becomes active.

| Object Description |              |             |            |
|--------------------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name         | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 2704 <sub>h</sub>  | CAN Bit Rate | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 166: Object Description (2704<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |                                |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|--------------------------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range                    | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 20,50,100,125,250,500,800,1000 | 1000          |

Table 167: Entry Description (2704<sub>h</sub>)

How to change the bit rate of a module:

- Write new bit rate in object 2704<sub>h</sub>.
- Write the save signature 65766173<sub>h</sub> to sub-index 1 of object 2706<sub>h</sub>.
- Reset module.

**4.2.56 Object 2705<sub>h</sub>: Node ID**

On modules that do not have address switches the node ID can be selected using this object. On modules with address switches the node ID is normally selected using the address switches. Only when the address switches are set to an invalid value (0 or >127) this object overrides the address switch setting. To change the node ID, first write the new node ID to this object. Then, store the new setting by writing the save signature to object 2706<sub>h</sub>. After that, reset the module. The new setting then becomes active.



| Object Description |         |             |           |
|--------------------|---------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name    | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2705 <sub>h</sub>  | Node ID | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 168: Object Description (2705<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 1...127     | 1             |

Table 169: Entry Description (2705)<sub>h</sub>

How to change the node ID of a module:

- Write new node ID to object 2705<sub>h</sub>.
- Write save signature 65766173<sub>h</sub> to sub-index 1 of object 2706<sub>h</sub>.
- Reset the module.

#### 4.2.57 Object 2706<sub>h</sub>: Store

Writing the save signature to this object permanently saves changes made to objects 2704<sub>h</sub> and 2705<sub>h</sub>. The save signature is 65766173<sub>h</sub>.

| Object Description |       |             |            |
|--------------------|-------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name  | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 2706 <sub>h</sub>  | Store | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 170: Object Description (2706<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |                                       |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range                           | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | save signature: 65766173 <sub>h</sub> | 1             |

Table 171: Entry Description (2706)<sub>h</sub>

#### 4.2.58 Object 2707<sub>h</sub>: CAN Bit Rate Load

This object shows the selected CAN bit rate.



| Object Description |                   |             |           |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name              | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2707 <sub>h</sub>  | CAN Bit Rate Load | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 172: Object Description (2707<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |                     |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value       |
| 0                 | ro     | no          | 20...1000   | depends on bit rate |

Table 173: Entry Description (2707<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.59 Object 2708<sub>h</sub>: Node ID Load

This object shows the selected node ID.

| Object Description |              |             |           |
|--------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name         | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2708 <sub>h</sub>  | Node ID Load | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 174: Object Description (2708<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |                            |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value              |
| 0                 | ro     | no          | 1..127      | Depends on node ID setting |

Table 175: Entry Description (2708<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.60 Object 270E<sub>h</sub>: Device Analog Inputs

This object shows the values of the analog inputs of the device.

| Object Description |                      |             |            |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                 | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 270E <sub>h</sub>  | Device Analog Inputs | Array       | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 176: Object Description (270E<sub>h</sub>)



| Entry Description |                |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|----------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Description    | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 1                 | Analog input 0 | ro     | yes         | 0...4095    | –             |

Table 177: Entry Description (270E<sub>h</sub>)

#### 4.2.61 Object 2710<sub>h</sub>: Pull-up Resistors

This object enables or disables the built-in pull-up resistors for the general purpose inputs. Bit 0 is used to switch the pull-up resistor for the IN0/HOME input, and bit 1 is used to switch the pull-up resistor for the inputs IN1 and IN2.

| Value Definition |   |
|------------------|---|
| Value            | Description   |
| 0                | All pull-up resistors off.  |
| 1                | Pull-up resistor on for IN0/HOME.<br>Pull-up resistors off for IN1/IN2. |
| 2                | Pull-up resistor off for IN0/HOME.<br>Pull-up resistors on for IN1/IN2. |
| 3                | All pull-up resistors on.   |

Table 178: Value Description (2710<sub>h</sub>)

| Object Description |                   |             |           |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name              | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2710 <sub>h</sub>  | Pull-up resistors | Variable    | UNSIGNED8 |

Table 179: Object Description (2710<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...3       | 0             |

Table 180: Entry Description (2710<sub>h</sub>)

## 5 Profile specific Area

The profile segment contains CiA-402 standard motion control objects. These objects control the motion control functions of the TMCM-1240. Since it is not possible to operate the modes in parallel, the user is able to activate the required function by selecting a mode of operation. The control device writes to the modes of operation object in order to select the operation mode. The drive device provides the modes of operation display object to indicate the actual activated operation mode. Controlword, statusword, and set-points are used mode-specific. This implies the responsibility of the control device to avoid inconsistencies and erroneous behavior.

The following operating modes (selectable via object 6060<sub>h</sub>, please see 5.1.6) are implemented on the TMCM-1240:

- Profile position mode (pp)
- Profile velocity mode (pv)
- Homing mode (hm)
- Cyclic position mode (csp)

### 5.1 Detailed Object Specifications

#### 5.1.1 Object 605A<sub>h</sub>: Quick Stop Option Code

This object indicates what action is performed when the quick stop function is executed. The slow down ramp is the deceleration value of the used mode of operation. The following quick stop option codes are supported in the current version of the CANopen firmware:

| Value Definition |  |
|------------------|--|
| Value            | Definition   |
| 1                | Slow down on <i>slow down ramp</i> and transit into <i>switch on disabled</i>  |
| 2                | Slow down on <i>quick stop ramp</i> and transit into <i>switch on disabled</i> |
| 5                | Slow down on <i>slow down ramp</i> and stay in <i>quick stop active</i> )      |
| 6                | Slow down on <i>quick stop ramp</i> and stay in <i>quick stop active</i>       |

Table 181: Value Description (605A<sub>h</sub>)

| Object Description |                        |             |           |
|--------------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                   | Object Type | Data Type |
| 605A <sub>h</sub>  | Quick stop option code | Variable    | SIGNED16  |

Table 182: Object Description (605A<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 1/2/5/6     | 2             |

Table 183: Entry Description (605A<sub>h</sub>)



### 5.1.2 Object 605B<sub>h</sub>: Shutdown Option Code

This object indicates what action is performed if there is a transition from *operation enabled* state to *ready to switch on state*. The shutdown option code always has the value 0 as only this is supported.

| Value Definition |   |
|------------------|---|
| Value            | Definition  |
| 0                | Disable drive function (switch off the power stage) |

Table 184: Value Description (605B<sub>h</sub>)

| Object Description |                      |             |            |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                 | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 605B <sub>h</sub>  | Shutdown option code | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 185: Object Description (605B<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0           | 0             |

Table 186: Entry Description (605B<sub>h</sub>)

### 5.1.3 Object 605C<sub>h</sub>: Disable Operation Option Code

This object indicates what action is performed if there is a transition from *operation enabled* state to *switched on* state. The disable operation option code always has the value 1 as only this is supported. The slow down ramp is the deceleration value of the used mode of operation.

| Value Definition |                             |
|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Value            | Definition                  |
| 1                | Slow down on slow down ramp |

Table 187: Value Description (605C<sub>h</sub>)

| Object Description |                               |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                          | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 605C <sub>h</sub>  | Disable operation option code | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 188: Object Description (605C<sub>h</sub>)



| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 1           | 1             |

Table 189: Entry Description (605C<sub>h</sub>)

### 5.1.4 Object 605D<sub>h</sub>: Halt Option Code

This object indicates what action is performed when the halt function is executed. The slow down ramp is the deceleration value of the used mode of operation. The halt option code always has the value 1 as only this is supported.

| Value Definition |  |
|------------------|--|
| Value            | Definition   |
| 1                | Slow down on slow down ramp and stay in <i>operation enabled</i> |

Table 190: Value Description (605D<sub>h</sub>)

| Object Description |                  |             |            |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name             | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 605D <sub>h</sub>  | Halt option code | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 191: Object Description (605D<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 1           | 1             |

Table 192: Entry Description (605D<sub>h</sub>)

### 5.1.5 Object 605E<sub>h</sub>: Fault Reaction Option Code

This object indicates what action is performed when fault is detected in the power drive system. The slow down ramp is the deceleration value of the used mode of operation. The fault reaction option code always has the value 2 as only this is supported.

| Value Definition |                              |
|------------------|------------------------------|
| Value            | Definition                   |
| 2                | Slow down on quick stop ramp |

Table 193: Value Description (605E<sub>h</sub>)



| Object Description |                            |             |            |
|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                       | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 605E <sub>h</sub>  | Fault reaction option code | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 194: Object Description (605E<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 2           | 2             |

Table 195: Entry Description (605E<sub>h</sub>)

### 5.1.6 Object 6060<sub>h</sub>: Modes of Operation

This object indicates the requested operation mode. Supported operating modes are:

| Value Definition |  |
|------------------|--|
| Value            | Mode                                   |
| 0                | No mode                                |
| 1                | Profile position mode (pp)             |
| 3                | Profile velocity mode (pv)             |
| 6                | Homing mode (hm)                       |
| 8                | Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp) |

Table 196: Value Description (6060<sub>h</sub>)

The motor will not run when the operating mode is set to 0. It will be stopped when the motor is running in one of the supported operating modes and the operating mode is then switched to 0.

| Object Description |                    |             |           |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name               | Object Type | Data Type |
| 6060 <sub>h</sub>  | Modes of operation | Variable    | SIGNED8   |

Table 197: Object Description (6060<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |                  |               |               |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping      | Value Range   | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | refer to CiA-402 | see table 196 | 0             |

Table 198: Entry Description (6060<sub>h</sub>)



**Note** It is not allowed to write the same mode number twice to object 6060<sub>h</sub>. So before writing a new value to object 6060<sub>h</sub>, either check object 6061<sub>h</sub> or object 6060<sub>h</sub> to see if the operating mode has not already been set to that value.

### 5.1.7 Object 6061<sub>h</sub>: Modes of Operation Display

This object shows the operating mode that is currently set.

| Value Definition |  |
|------------------|--|
| Value            | Mode                                   |
| 0                | No mode                                |
| 1                | Profile position mode (pp)             |
| 3                | Profile velocity mode (pv)             |
| 6                | Homing mode (hm)                       |
| 8                | Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp) |

Table 199: Value Description (6061<sub>h</sub>)

The motor will not run when the operating mode is set to 0. It will be stopped when the motor is running in one of the supported operating modes and the operating mode is then switched to 0.

| Object Description |                            |             |           |
|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                       | Object Type | Data Type |
| 6061 <sub>h</sub>  | Modes of operation display | Variable    | SIGNED8   |

Table 200: Object Description (6061<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |                  |               |               |
|-------------------|--------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping      | Value Range   | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | refer to CiA-402 | see table 199 | 0             |

Table 201: Entry Description (6061<sub>h</sub>)

### 5.1.8 Object 606A<sub>h</sub>: Sensor Selection Code

This object provides the source of the position sensor actual value. It selects if an encoder is to be used for position monitoring and if yes, which encoder will be used. This can either be no encoder, the internal magnetic encoder, or an externally connected incremental encoder.



| Value Definition |                              |
|------------------|------------------------------|
| Value            | Mode                         |
| 0                | Internal magnetic encoder    |
| -1               | No encoder                   |
| -2               | External incremental encoder |

Table 202: Value Description (606A<sub>h</sub>)

| Object Description |                       |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                  | Object Type | Data Type |
| 606A <sub>h</sub>  | Sensor selection code | Variable    | SIGNED16  |

Table 203: Object Description (606A<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0/-1/-2     | -1            |

Table 204: Entry Description (606A<sub>h</sub>)

### 5.1.9 Object 608F<sub>h</sub>: Position Encoder Resolution

This object defines the resolution of the encoder. The position encoder resolution is calculated by the following formula:

$$position\ encoder\ resolution = \frac{encoder\ increments}{motor\ revolutions}$$

All values are dimensionless.

This object is only valid for an externally connected incremental encoder. The resolution of the internal encoder is fixed.

| Object Description |                             |             |            |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                        | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 608F <sub>h</sub>  | Position Encoder Resolution | Array       | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 205: Object Description (608F<sub>h</sub>)



| Entry Description |                             |        |             |                |               |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|--------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Description                 | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range    | Default Value |
| 0                 | Highest sub-index supported | ro     | no          | 2              | 2             |
| 1                 | Encoder increments          | rw     | no          | 0...2147483647 | 1             |
| 2                 | Motor revolutions           | ro     | no          | 1              | 1             |

Table 206: Entry Description (608F<sub>h</sub>)

### 5.1.10 Object 60FD<sub>h</sub>: Digital Inputs

This object contains the states of the digital inputs of the module. Starting from bit 0, every bit reflects the state of one digital input. The number of valid bits depends on the number of digital inputs on the module used.

| Object Description |                |             |            |
|--------------------|----------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name           | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 60FD <sub>h</sub>  | Digital inputs | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 207: Object Description (60FD<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | mappable    | UNSIGNED32  | 0             |

Table 208: Entry Description (60FD<sub>h</sub>)

### 5.1.11 Object 6502<sub>h</sub>: Supported Drive Modes

This object provides information on the supported drive modes. A bit that is set means that the mode is supported, a bit that is not set means that the mode is not supported by the drive.



| Value Definition |  |
|------------------|--|
| Bit              | Mode                                   |
| 0                | Profile position mode (pp)             |
| 1                | Velocity mode (vl)                     |
| 2                | Profile velocity mode (pv)             |
| 3                | Torque mode (tq)                       |
| 4                | Reserved                               |
| 5                | Homing mode (hm)                       |
| 6                | Interpolated position mode (ip)        |
| 7                | Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp) |
| 8                | Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv) |
| 9                | Cyclic synchronous torque mode (cst)   |

Table 209: Value Definition (6502<sub>h</sub>)

| Object Description |                       |             |            |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                  | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 6502 <sub>h</sub>  | Supported drive modes | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 210: Object Description (6502<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |                             |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value               |
| 0                 | ro     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | Depends on supported modes. |

Table 211: Entry Description (6502<sub>h</sub>)

## 6 Profile Position Mode

A target position is applied to the trajectory generator. It is generating a position demand value for the position control loop described in the position control function.

Please refer to object 6060<sub>h</sub> (section 5.1.6) for information about how to choose an operation mode. Object 6061<sub>h</sub> (section 5.1.7) shows the operation mode that is set.

### 6.1 Detailed Object Specifications

The following text offers detailed object specifications. For a better understanding, it is necessary to see how the state machine works.

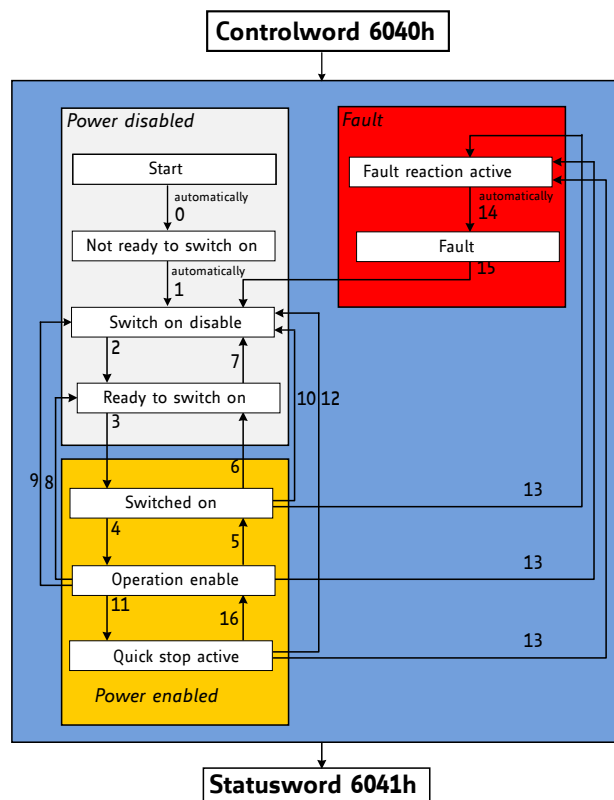


Figure 9: DS402 Finite State Machine

Notes on state transitions:

- Commands directing a change in state are processed completely and the new state achieved before additional state change commands are processed.
- Transitions 0 and 1 occur automatically at drive power-on or reset. Transition 14 occurs automatically, too. All other state changes must be directed by the host.
- Drive function disabled indicates that no current is being supplied to the motor.
- Drive function enabled indicates that current is available for the motor and profile position and profile velocity reference values may be processed.



### 6.1.1 Object 6040<sub>n</sub>: Control Word

This object indicates the received command controlling the power drive system finite state automaton (PDS FSA). The CiA-402 state machine can be controlled using this object. Please refer to figure 9 for detailed information.

| Structure of the Control Word |    |     |   |    |     |    |    |    |    |     |   |
|-------------------------------|----|-----|---|----|-----|----|----|----|----|-----|---|
| 15                            | 11 | 10  | 9 | 8  | 7   | 6  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1   | 0 |
| nu                            | r  | oms | h | fr | oms | eo | qs | ev | so |     |   |
| MSB                           |    |     |   |    |     |    |    |    |    | LSB |   |

Legend: nu=not used; r=reserved; oms=operation mode specific; h=halt; fr=fault reset; eo=enable operation; qs=quick stop; ev=enable voltage; so=switch on.

Table 212: Structure of the Control Word in pp Mode

| Operation Mode specific Bits in pp Mode |                     |  |
|---|---------------------|--|
| Bit                                     | Name                | Definition   |
| 4                                       | New set point       | 0-to-1: the next positioning will be started.                |
| 5                                       | Change immediately  | Not supported.   |
| 6                                       | Absolute / relative | 0: New position is absolute.<br>1: New position is relative. |
| 9                                       | Change set point    | Not supported.   |

Table 213: Operation Mode specific Bits in pp Mode

| Command Coding               |                      |       |       |       |       |             |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------------|
| Command                      | Bits of Control Word |       |       |       |       | Transitions |
|                              | Bit 7                | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |             |
| Shutdown                     | 0                    | x     | 1     | 1     | 0     | 2,6,8       |
| Switch on                    | 0                    | 0     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 3           |
| Switch on & enable operation | 0                    | 1     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 3, 4        |
| Disable voltage              | 0                    | x     | x     | 0     | x     | 7,9,10,12   |
| Quick stop                   | 0                    | x     | 0     | 1     | x     | 7,10,11     |
| Disable operation            | 0                    | 0     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 5           |
| Enable operation             | 0                    | 1     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 4, 16       |
| Fault reset                  | 0-to-1               | x     | x     | x     | x     | 15          |

Table 214: Command Coding



| Object Description |             |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name        | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 6040 <sub>h</sub>  | Controlword | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 215: Object Description (6040<sub>h</sub> in pp Mode)

| Entry Description |        |              |                           |               |
|-------------------|--------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping  | Value Range               | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | see CiA402-3 | See command coding above. |               |

Table 216: Entry Description (6040<sub>h</sub> in pp Mode)

### 6.1.2 Object 6041<sub>h</sub>: Status Word

This object provides the status of the PDS FSA. It reflects the status of the CiA-402 state machine. Please refer to figure 9 for detailed information. The object is structured as defined below.

For more information about the coding please refer to the CANopen Drives and motion control device profile, part 2.

| Structure of the Status Word |     |     |     |    |    |    |   |     |    |    |   |    |    |      |   |
|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|---|-----|----|----|---|----|----|------|---|
| 15                           | 14  | 13  | 12  | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8 | 7   | 6  | 5  | 4 | 3  | 2  | 1    | 0 |
| dir                          | mot | oms | ila | tr | rm | ms | w | sod | qs | ve | f | oe | so | rtso |   |
| MSB                          |     |     |     |    |    |    |   |     |    |    |   |    |    | LSB  |   |

Legend: nu=not used; r=reserved; oms=operation mode specific; h=halt; fr=fault reset; oe=operation enable; qs=quick stop; ve=voltage enable; so=switch on.

Table 217: Structure of the Status Word in pp Mode

| Trinamic Specific Bits |                       |   |
|------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Bit                    | Name                  | Definition                                  |
| 14                     | Motor activity        | 0: Motor stands still.<br>1: Motor rotates. |
| 15                     | Direction of rotation | This bit shows the direction of rotation.   |

Table 218: Trinamic Specific Bits





| Operation Mode specific Bits in pp Mode |                        |   |
|---|------------------------|---|
| Bit                                     | Name                   | Definition  |
| 10                                      | Target reached         | Set when the motor is within the position window.         |
| 12                                      | Set point acknowledged | 0: Set point processed.<br>1: Set point still in process. |
| 13                                      | Following error        | Not supported.  |

Table 219: Operation Mode specific Bits in pp Mode

| State Coding                     |                        |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Status word                      | FSA state              |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000 <sub>h</sub> | Not ready to switch on |
| xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000 <sub>h</sub> | Switch on disabled     |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0001 <sub>h</sub> | Ready to switch on     |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0011 <sub>h</sub> | Switched on            |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0111 <sub>h</sub> | Operation enabled      |
| xxxx xxxx x00x 0111 <sub>h</sub> | Quick stop active      |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111 <sub>h</sub> | Fault reaction active  |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000 <sub>h</sub> | Fault                  |

Table 220: State Coding

| Object Description |             |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name        | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 6041 <sub>h</sub>  | Controlword | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 221: Object Description (6041<sub>h</sub> in pp Mode)

| Entry Description |        |              |                         |               |
|-------------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping  | Value Range             | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | see CiA402-3 | See state coding above. |               |

Table 222: Entry Description (6041<sub>h</sub> in pp Mode)

### 6.1.3 Object 6062<sub>h</sub>: Position Demand Value

This object provides the demanded position value. The value is given in microsteps. Object 6062<sub>h</sub> indicates the actual position that the motor should have. It is not to be confused with objects 6063<sub>h</sub> and 6064<sub>h</sub>.



| Object Description |                       |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                  | Object Type | Data Type |
| 6062 <sub>h</sub>  | Position Demand Value | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 223: Object Description (6062<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |                   |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping       | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | Refer to CiA402-3 | SIGNED32    | no            |

Table 224: Entry Description (6062<sub>h</sub>)

#### 6.1.4 Object 6063<sub>h</sub>: Position Actual Internal Value

This object provides the actual value of the encoder or the motor. Please use the sensor selection object 606A<sub>h</sub> (see section 5.1.8) for selecting the motor or the encoder first. Object 6063<sub>h</sub> indicates the actual position of the encoder or the motor, re-scaled to the microstep resolution. The value is given in microsteps.

| Object Description |                                |             |           |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                           | Object Type | Data Type |
| 6063 <sub>h</sub>  | Position Actual Internal Value | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 225: Object Description (6063<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |                   |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping       | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | Refer to CiA402-3 | SIGNED32    | no            |

Table 226: Entry Description (6063<sub>h</sub>)

#### 6.1.5 Object 6064<sub>h</sub>: Position Actual Value

This object provides the actual value of the position measurement device. It always contains the same value as object 6063<sub>h</sub>.

| Object Description |                       |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                  | Object Type | Data Type |
| 6064 <sub>h</sub>  | Position Actual Value | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 227: Object Description (6064<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |                   |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping       | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | Refer to CiA402-3 | SIGNED32    | no            |

Table 228: Entry Description (6064<sub>h</sub>)

### 6.1.6 Object 6065<sub>h</sub>: Following Error Window

This object indicates the configured range of tolerated position values symmetrically to the position demand value. If the position actual value is out of the following error window, a following error occurs. A following error may occur when a drive is blocked, unreachable profile velocity occurs, or at wrong closed-loop coefficients. The value shall be given in microsteps.

When the difference between motor position (object 6062<sub>h</sub>) and encoder position (object 6063<sub>h</sub> or 6064<sub>h</sub>) is greater than the value set here, the motor will be stopped and an emergency message will be sent. Setting this object to zero will turn off this feature completely.

---

**Note** Setting this object to a too low value will lead to false alarms.

---

| Object Description |                        |             |            |
|--------------------|------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                   | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 6065 <sub>h</sub>  | Following Error Window | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 229: Object Description (6065<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |                |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range    | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...2147483647 | 0             |

Table 230: Entry Description (6065<sub>h</sub>)

### 6.1.7 Object 6067<sub>h</sub>: Position Window

This object indicates the configured symmetrical range of accepted positions relative to the target position. If the actual value of the position encoder is within the position window, this target position is regarded as having been reached. The value is given in increments. If the value of the position window is FFFFFFFF<sub>h</sub>, the position window control is switched off. If this object is set to zero, the target reached event will be signaled when the demand position (6062<sub>h</sub>) has reached the target position (6064<sub>h</sub>). When the position window is set to a value greater than zero, the target reached event will be signaled when the actual encoder position value (6064<sub>h</sub>) is within  $(target\_position - position\_window)$  and  $(target\_position + position\_window)$ .



| Object Description |                 |             |            |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name            | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 6067 <sub>h</sub>  | Position Window | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 231: Object Description (6067<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |                      |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|----------------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value        |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | FFFFFFF <sub>h</sub> |

Table 232: Entry Description (6067<sub>h</sub>)

### 6.1.8 Object 6068<sub>h</sub>: Position Window Time

This object indicates the configured time, during which the actual position within the position window is measured. The value is given in ms. If this object is set to a value greater than zero and also the position window (6067<sub>h</sub>) is set to a value greater than zero the target reached event will not be signaled until the actual position (6064<sub>h</sub>) is at least as many milliseconds within the position window as defined by this object.

| Object Description |                      |             |            |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                 | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 6068 <sub>h</sub>  | Position Window Time | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 233: Object Description (6068<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED16  | 0             |

Table 234: Entry Description (6068<sub>h</sub>)

### 6.1.9 Object 606C<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Actual Value

This object shows the actual velocity value of the motor. The value is given in internal or user-defined velocity units (depending on object 208C<sub>h</sub>, described in section 4.2.16).

| Object Description |                       |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                  | Object Type | Data Type |
| 606C <sub>h</sub>  | Velocity Actual Value | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 235: Object Description (606C<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |                   |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping       | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | Refer to CiA402-3 | SIGNED32    | no            |

Table 236: Entry Description (606C<sub>h</sub>)

### 6.1.10 Object 607A<sub>h</sub>: Target Position

The target position is the position that the drive should move to in profile position mode using the current settings of motion control parameters (such as velocity, acceleration, deceleration, motion profile type etc.). The value of this object is interpreted as absolute or relative depending on the abs/rel flag in the controlword. It is given in microsteps.

| Object Description |                 |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name            | Object Type | Data Type |
| 607A <sub>h</sub>  | Target Position | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 237: Object Description (607A<sub>h</sub> in pp Mode)

| Entry Description |        |                   |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping       | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | Refer to CiA402-3 | SIGNED32    | 0             |

Table 238: Entry Description (607A<sub>h</sub> in pp Mode)

### 6.1.11 Object 607D<sub>h</sub>: Software Position Limit

This object indicates the configured maximal and minimal software position limits. These parameters define the absolute position limits for the position demand value and the position actual value. Every new target position is checked against these limits. The limit positions are always relative to the machine home position. Before being compared with the target position, they are corrected internally by the home offset as follows:

$$\text{Corrected\_min\_position\_limit} = \text{min\_position\_limit} - \text{home\_offset}$$

$$\text{Corrected\_max\_position\_limit} = \text{max\_position\_limit} - \text{home\_offset}$$

| Object Description |                         |             |           |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                    | Object Type | Data Type |
| 607D <sub>h</sub>  | Software Position Limit | Array       | SIGNED32  |

Table 239: Object Description (607D<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |                        |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|------------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Description            | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 1                 | Minimum Position Limit | rw     | no          | SIGNED32    | -2147483648   |
| 2                 | Maximum Position Limit | rw     | no          | SIGNED32    | 2147483647    |

Table 240: Entry Description (607D<sub>h</sub>)

### 6.1.12 Object 6081<sub>h</sub>: Profile Velocity

This object indicates the configured velocity normally attained at the end of the acceleration ramp during a profiled motion and is valid for both directions of motion. The profile velocity is the maximum velocity used when driving to a new position. It is given in internal or user specific units (depending on object 208C<sub>h</sub>, section 4.2.16).

| Object Description |                  |             |           |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name             | Object Type | Data Type |
| 6081 <sub>h</sub>  | Profile Velocity | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 241: Object Description (6081<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | SIGNED32    | 0             |

Table 242: Entry Description (6081<sub>h</sub>)

### 6.1.13 Object 6082<sub>h</sub>: End Velocity

This object indicates the configured velocity normally attained at the end of the deceleration ramp during a profiled motion and is valid for both directions of motion. The end velocity is the velocity used when reaching the new position. It is given in internal or user specific units (depending on object 208C<sub>h</sub>, section 4.2.16).

| Object Description |              |             |           |
|--------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name         | Object Type | Data Type |
| 6082 <sub>h</sub>  | End Velocity | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 243: Object Description (6082<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | SIGNED32    | 0             |

Table 244: Entry Description (6082<sub>h</sub>)

### 6.1.14 Object 6083<sub>h</sub>: Profile Acceleration

This object indicates the configured acceleration. Object 6083<sub>h</sub> sets the maximum acceleration to be used in profile position and profile velocity mode.

The units for object 6083<sub>h</sub> can be chosen with object 208E<sub>h</sub>, described in section 4.2.17.

In profile velocity mode, this object also sets the deceleration to be used (the deceleration ramp is always the same as the acceleration ramp in pv mode).

| Object Description |                      |             |           |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                 | Object Type | Data Type |
| 6083 <sub>h</sub>  | Profile Acceleration | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 245: Object Description (6083<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | SIGNED32    | 0             |

Table 246: Entry Description (6083<sub>h</sub>)

### 6.1.15 Object 6084<sub>h</sub>: Profile Deceleration

This object indicates the configured deceleration. Object 6084<sub>h</sub> sets the maximum deceleration to be used in profile positioning mode.

The units for object 6084<sub>h</sub> can be chosen with object 208E<sub>h</sub>, described in section 4.2.17.

| Object Description |                      |             |           |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                 | Object Type | Data Type |
| 6084 <sub>h</sub>  | Profile Deceleration | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 247: Object Description (6084<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | SIGNED32    | 0             |

Table 248: Entry Description (6084<sub>h</sub>)

### 6.1.16 Object 6085<sub>h</sub>: Quick Stop Deceleration

This object indicates the configured deceleration used to stop the motor when the quick stop function is activated and the quick stop code object 605A<sub>h</sub> is set to 2 (or 6). The value is given in the same unit as profile acceleration object 6083<sub>h</sub>.



| Object Description |                         |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                    | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 6085 <sub>h</sub>  | Quick stop deceleration | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 249: Object Description (6085<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | 51200         |

Table 250: Entry Description (6085<sub>h</sub>)

### 6.1.17 Object 60F2<sub>h</sub>: Positioning Option Code

This object indicates the positioning behaviour in profile position mode. Only bits 0 and 1 (relative option) are supported.

| Bit Definitions |       |  |
|-----------------|-------|--|
| Bit 1           | Bit 0 | Definition   |
| 0               | 0     | Positioning moves shall be performed relative to the preceding (internal absolute) target position.            |
| 0               | 1     | Positioning moves shall be performed relative to the actual position demand value (object 6063 <sub>h</sub> ). |
| 1               | 0     | Positioning moves shall be performed relative to the position actual value (object 6064 <sub>h</sub> ).        |
| 1               | 1     | reserved   |

Table 251: Bit Definitions of Object 60F2<sub>h</sub>

| Object Description |                         |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                    | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 60F2 <sub>h</sub>  | Positioning option code | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 252: Object Description (60F2<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED16  | 0             |

Table 253: Entry Description (60F2<sub>h</sub>)





## 6.2 How to move a Motor in pp Mode

Here is a little example that shows how to get a motor running in pp mode. In this little example we assume that the module has been reset (and then switched to pre-operational or operational) by NMT commands before. Please note that the values are decimal.

- If you do not have any limit switches connected, first disable the limit switch inputs by writing 3 to object 2005<sub>h</sub>.
- Select pp mode by writing 1 to object 6060<sub>h</sub>.
- Write 6 to object 6040<sub>h</sub> to switch to READY\_TO\_SWITCH\_ON state.
- Write 7 to object 6040<sub>h</sub> to switch to SWITCHED\_ON state.
- Write 15 to object 6040<sub>h</sub> to switch to OPERATION\_ENABLED state.
- Write the desired target position (e.g. 500000) to object 607A<sub>h</sub>.
- Mark the new target position as active by writing 31 to object 6040<sub>h</sub>. The motor starts moving now.
- Reset the activation by writing 15 to object 6040<sub>h</sub> (this can be done while the motor is still moving).



## 7 Profile Velocity Mode

The profile velocity mode is used to control the velocity of the drive without a special regard of the position. It contains limit functions and trajectory generation.

The profile velocity mode covers the following sub-functions:

- Demand value input via trajectory generator.
- Monitoring of the profile velocity using a window-function.
- Monitoring of velocity actual value using a threshold.

The operation of the reference value generator and its input parameters include:

- Profile velocity
- Profile acceleration
- Profile deceleration
- Emergency stop
- Motion profile type

### 7.1 Detailed Object Specifications

#### 7.1.1 Object 6040<sub>h</sub>: Control Word

This object indicates the received command controlling the power drive system finite state automaton (PDS FSA). The CiA-402 state machine can be controlled using this object. Please refer to figure 9 for detailed information.

In pv mode the control word does not contain any operation mode specific bits.

| Structure of the Control Word |    |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |    |     |   |
|-------------------------------|----|----|---|----|---|----|----|----|----|-----|---|
| 15                            | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8  | 7 | 6  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1   | 0 |
| nu                            | r  | r  | h | fr | r | eo | qs | ev | so |     |   |
| MSB                           |    |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |    | LSB |   |

Legend: nu=not used; r=reserved; h=halt; fr=fault reset; eo=enable operation; qs=quick stop; ev=enable voltage; so=switch on.

Table 254: Structure of the Control Word in pv Mode



| Command Coding               |                      |       |       |       |       |             |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------------|
| Command                      | Bits of Control Word |       |       |       |       | Transitions |
|                              | Bit 7                | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |             |
| Shutdown                     | 0                    | x     | 1     | 1     | 0     | 2,6,8       |
| Switch on                    | 0                    | 0     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 3           |
| Switch on & enable operation | 0                    | 1     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 3, 4        |
| Disable voltage              | 0                    | x     | x     | 0     | x     | 7,9,10,12   |
| Quick stop                   | 0                    | x     | 0     | 1     | x     | 7,10,11     |
| Disable operation            | 0                    | 0     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 5           |
| Enable operation             | 0                    | 1     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 4, 16       |
| Fault reset                  | 0-to-1               | x     | x     | x     | x     | 15          |

Table 255: Command Coding

| Object Description |             |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name        | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 6040 <sub>h</sub>  | Controlword | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 256: Object Description (6040<sub>h</sub> in pv Mode)

| Entry Description |        |              |                           |               |
|-------------------|--------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping  | Value Range               | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | see CiA402-3 | See command coding above. |               |

Table 257: Entry Description (6040<sub>h</sub> in pv Mode)

### 7.1.2 Object 6041<sub>h</sub>: Status Word

This object provides the status of the PDS FSA. It reflects the status of the CiA-402 state machine. Please refer to figure 9 for detailed information. The object is structured as defined below. For more information about the coding please refer to the CANopen Drives and motion control device profile, part 2.

| Structure of the Status Word |     |     |     |    |    |    |   |     |    |    |   |    |    |      |   |
|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|---|-----|----|----|---|----|----|------|---|
| 15                           | 14  | 13  | 12  | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8 | 7   | 6  | 5  | 4 | 3  | 2  | 1    | 0 |
| dir                          | mot | oms | ila | tr | rm | ms | w | sod | qs | ve | f | oe | so | rtso |   |
| MSB                          |     |     |     |    |    |    |   |     |    |    |   |    |    | LSB  |   |

Legend: nu=not used; r=reserved; oms=operation mode specific; h=halt; fr=fault reset; oe=operation enable; qs=quick stop; ve=voltage enable; so=switch on.

Table 258: Structure of the Status Word in pv Mode



| Trinamic Specific Bits |                       |   |
|------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Bit                    | Name                  | Definition                                  |
| 14                     | Motor activity        | 0: Motor stands still.<br>1: Motor rotates. |
| 15                     | Direction of rotation | This bit shows the direction of rotation.   |

Table 259: Trinamic Specific Bits

| Operation Mode specific Bits in pv Mode |                     |   |
|---|---------------------|---|
| Bit                                     | Name                | Definition  |
| 10                                      | Target reached      | Indicates that the target speed has been reached. |
| 12                                      | Speed               | Not supported.                                    |
| 13                                      | Max. slippage error | Not supported.                                    |

Table 260: Operation Mode specific Bits in pv Mode

| State Coding                     |                        |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Status word                      | FSA state              |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000 <sub>h</sub> | Not ready to switch on |
| xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000 <sub>h</sub> | Switch on disabled     |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0001 <sub>h</sub> | Ready to switch on     |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0011 <sub>h</sub> | Switched on            |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0111 <sub>h</sub> | Operation enabled      |
| xxxx xxxx x00x 0111 <sub>h</sub> | Quick stop active      |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111 <sub>h</sub> | Fault reaction active  |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000 <sub>h</sub> | Fault                  |

Table 261: State Coding

| Object Description |             |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name        | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 6041 <sub>h</sub>  | Controlword | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 262: Object Description (6041<sub>h</sub> in pv Mode)

| Entry Description |        |              |                        |               |
|-------------------|--------|--------------|------------------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping  | Value Range            | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | see CiA402-3 | See state coding above |               |

Table 263: Entry Description (6041<sub>h</sub> in pv Mode)

### 7.1.3 Object 6062<sub>h</sub>: Position Demand Value

This object provides the demanded position value. The value is given in microsteps. Object 6062<sub>h</sub> indicates the actual position that the motor should have. It is not to be confused with objects 6063<sub>h</sub> and 6064<sub>h</sub>.

| Object Description |                       |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                  | Object Type | Data Type |
| 6062 <sub>h</sub>  | Position Demand Value | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 264: Object Description (6062<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |                   |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping       | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | Refer to CiA402-3 | SIGNED32    | no            |

Table 265: Entry Description (6062<sub>h</sub>)

### 7.1.4 Object 6063<sub>h</sub>: Position Actual Internal Value

This object provides the actual value of the encoder or the motor. Please use the sensor selection object 606A<sub>h</sub> (see section 5.1.8) for selecting the motor or the encoder first. Object 6063<sub>h</sub> indicates the actual position of the encoder or the motor, re-scaled to the microstep resolution. The value is given in microsteps.

| Object Description |                                |             |           |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                           | Object Type | Data Type |
| 6063 <sub>h</sub>  | Position Actual Internal Value | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 266: Object Description (6063<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |                   |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping       | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | Refer to CiA402-3 | SIGNED32    | no            |

Table 267: Entry Description (6063<sub>h</sub>)

### 7.1.5 Object 6064<sub>h</sub>: Position Actual Value

This object provides the actual value of the position measurement device. It always contains the same value as object 6063<sub>h</sub>.

| Object Description |                       |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                  | Object Type | Data Type |
| 6064 <sub>h</sub>  | Position Actual Value | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 268: Object Description (6064<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |                   |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping       | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | Refer to CiA402-3 | SIGNED32    | no            |

Table 269: Entry Description (6064<sub>h</sub>)

### 7.1.6 Object 6065<sub>h</sub>: Following Error Window

This object indicates the configured range of tolerated position values symmetrically to the position demand value. If the position actual value is out of the following error window, a following error occurs. A following error may occur when a drive is blocked, unreachable profile velocity occurs, or at wrong closed-loop coefficients. The value shall be given in microsteps.

When the difference between motor position (object 6062<sub>h</sub>) and encoder position (object 6063<sub>h</sub> or 6064<sub>h</sub>) is greater than the value set here, the motor will be stopped and an emergency message will be sent. Setting this object to zero will turn off this feature completely.

---

**Note** Setting this object to a too low value will lead to false alarms.

---

| Object Description |                        |             |            |
|--------------------|------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                   | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 6065 <sub>h</sub>  | Following Error Window | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 270: Object Description (6065<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |                |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range    | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | 0...2147483647 | 0             |

Table 271: Entry Description (6065<sub>h</sub>)



### 7.1.7 Object 606C<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Actual Value

This object shows the actual velocity value of the motor. The value is given in internal or user-defined velocity units (depending on object 208C<sub>h</sub>, described in section 4.2.16).

| Object Description |                       |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                  | Object Type | Data Type |
| 606C <sub>h</sub>  | Velocity Actual Value | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 272: Object Description (606C<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |                   |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping       | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | Refer to CiA402-3 | SIGNED32    | no            |

Table 273: Entry Description (606C<sub>h</sub>)

### 7.1.8 Object 607D<sub>h</sub>: Software Position Limit

This object indicates the configured maximal and minimal software position limits. These parameters define the absolute position limits for the position demand value and the position actual value. Every new target position is checked against these limits. The limit positions are always relative to the machine home position. Before being compared with the target position, they are corrected internally by the home offset as follows:

$$\text{Corrected\_min\_position\_limit} = \text{min\_position\_limit} - \text{home\_offset}$$

$$\text{Corrected\_max\_position\_limit} = \text{max\_position\_limit} - \text{home\_offset}$$

| Object Description |                         |             |           |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                    | Object Type | Data Type |
| 607D <sub>h</sub>  | Software Position Limit | Array       | SIGNED32  |

Table 274: Object Description (607D<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |                        |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|------------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Description            | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 1                 | Minimum Position Limit | rw     | no          | SIGNED32    | -2147483648   |
| 2                 | Maximum Position Limit | rw     | no          | SIGNED32    | 2147483647    |

Table 275: Entry Description (607D<sub>h</sub>)



### 7.1.9 Object 6083<sub>h</sub>: Profile Acceleration

This object indicates the configured acceleration. Object 6083<sub>h</sub> sets the maximum acceleration to be used in profile position and profile velocity mode.

The units for object 6083<sub>h</sub> can be chosen with object 208E<sub>h</sub>, described in section 4.2.17.

In profile velocity mode, this object also sets the deceleration to be used (the deceleration ramp is always the same as the acceleration ramp in pv mode).

| Object Description |                      |             |           |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                 | Object Type | Data Type |
| 6083 <sub>h</sub>  | Profile Acceleration | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 276: Object Description (6083<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | SIGNED32    | 0             |

Table 277: Entry Description (6083<sub>h</sub>)

### 7.1.10 Object 6085<sub>h</sub>: Quick Stop Deceleration

This object indicates the configured deceleration used to stop the motor when the quick stop function is activated and the quick stop code object 605A<sub>h</sub> is set to 2 (or 6). The value is given in the same unit as profile acceleration object 6083<sub>h</sub>.

| Object Description |                         |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                    | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 6085 <sub>h</sub>  | Quick stop deceleration | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 278: Object Description (6085<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | 51200         |

Table 279: Entry Description (6085<sub>h</sub>)

### 7.1.11 Object 60FF<sub>h</sub>: Target Velocity

This object indicates the configured target velocity and is used as input for the trajectory generator. Object 60FF<sub>h</sub> sets the target velocity when using profile velocity mode. The drive then accelerates or decelerates to that velocity using the acceleration and deceleration set by objects 6083<sub>h</sub> and 6084<sub>h</sub>. The values are given in units which can be selected with object 208C<sub>h</sub>, described in section 4.2.16.





| Object Description |                 |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name            | Object Type | Data Type |
| 60FF <sub>h</sub>  | Target Velocity | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 280: Object Description (60FF<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |              |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping  | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | see CiA402-3 | SIGNED32    | 0             |

Table 281: Entry Description (60FF<sub>h</sub>)

## 7.2 How to move a Motor in pv Mode

Here is a little example that shows how to get a motor running in pv mode. In this little example we assume that the module has been reset (and then switched to pre-operational or operational) by NMT commands before.

- If you do not have any limit switches connected, first disable the limit switch inputs by writing 3 to object 2005<sub>h</sub>.
- Select pv mode by writing 3 to object 6060<sub>h</sub>.
- Write 6 to object 6040<sub>h</sub> to switch to READY\_TO\_SWITCH\_ON state.
- Write 7 to object 6040<sub>h</sub> to switch to SWITCHED\_ON state.
- Write 15 to object 6040<sub>h</sub> to switch to OPERATION\_ENABLED state.
- Write the desired target speed (e.g. 100000) to object 60FF<sub>h</sub>. The motor now accelerates to that speed.
- Stop the motor by writing 0 to object 60FF<sub>h</sub>.



## 8 Homing Mode

This chapter describes the method by which a drive seeks the home position (reference point). There are various methods of achieving this using limit switches at the ends of travel or a home switch in mid-travel. Some methods also use the index (zero) pulse train from an incremental encoder. The user may specify the speeds, acceleration and the method of homing.

There is no output data except for those bits in the statusword which return the status or result of the homing process and the demand to the position control loops.

There are four sources of the homing signal available: these are positive and negative limit switches, the home switch and the index pulse from an encoder.

Figure 10 shows the defined input objects as well as the output objects. The user can specify the speeds, acceleration and method of homing. The home offset object 607C<sub>h</sub> allows displacing the zero in point the coordinate system for the home position.

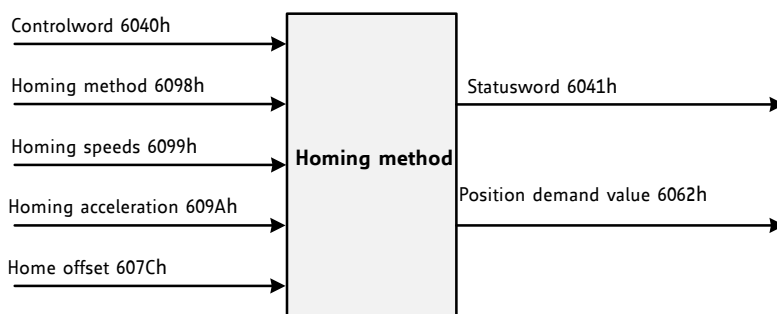


Figure 10: Homing Mode Function

Choosing a homing mode determines the following things:

- The homing signal (positive limit switch, negative limit switch, and home switch).
- The direction of actuation where appropriate.
- The position of the index pulse.

The home position and the zero position are offset by the home offset (see object 607C<sub>h</sub>, section 8.2.4).

There are four sources of homing signals available:

- Negative and positive limit switches.
- Home switch.
- Index pulse of an encoder.

For the operation of positioning drives, an exact knowledge of the absolute position is normally required. Since for cost reasons drives often do not have an absolute encoder, a homing operation is necessary.



## 8.1 Homing Methods

The TMCM-1240 supports a subset of different standard CANopen homing methods. The homing method that is to be used can be chosen via object 6098<sub>h</sub> (section 8.2.5).

| Supported Homing Methods |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Method                   | Description   |
| 0                        | No homing (default value for object 6098 <sub>h</sub> ).  |
| 1                        | Search the left end switch, then search the next encoder index pulse.   |
| 2                        | Search the right end switch, then search the next encoder index pulse.  |
| 3                        | Search the positive edge of the home switch, then search the next encoder index pulse.  |
| 5                        | Search the negative edge of the home switch, then search the next encoder index pulse.  |
| 17                       | Search the left end switch.   |
| 18                       | Search the right end switch.  |
| 19                       | Search the positive edge of the home switch.  |
| 21                       | Search the negative edge of the home switch.  |
| 33                       | Search next index pulse in negative direction.  |
| 34                       | Search next index pulse in positive direction.  |
| 35                       | The actual position is used as home position. All position values (objects 6062h, 6063h, and 6064h) are set to zero, but the motor will not move. |

Table 282: Supported CANopen Homing Methods

When using homing methods that need end switch inputs or home switch inputs please take care of their configuration (object 2005<sub>h</sub>, section 4.2.6).

### 8.1.1 Homing Method 1: Homing on negative Limit Switch and Index Pulse

Using this method, the initial direction of movement shall be leftward if the negative limit switch is inactive (here: low). The home position shall be at the first index pulse to the right of the position where the negative limit switch becomes inactive.

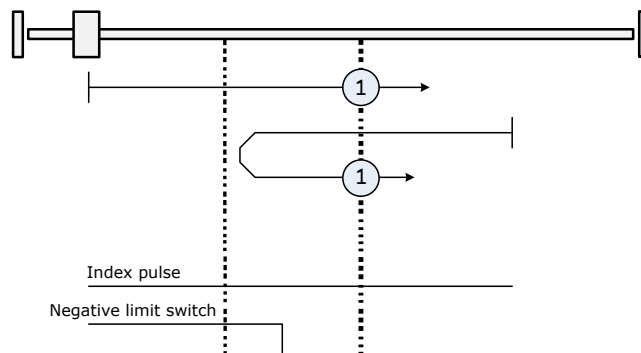


Figure 11: Homing Method 1



### 8.1.2 Homing Method 2: Homing on positive Limit Switch and Index Pulse

Using this method, the initial direction of movement shall be rightward if the positive limit switch is inactive (here: low). The position of home shall be at the first index pulse to the left of the position where the positive limit switch becomes inactive.

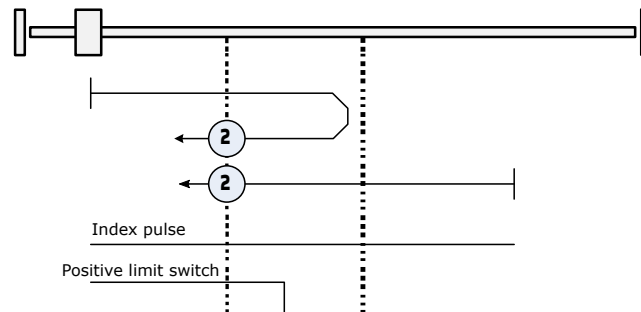


Figure 12: Homing Method 2

### 8.1.3 Homing Method 3: Homing on positive Home Switch and Index Pulse

Using this method, the initial direction of movement shall be dependent on the state of the home switch. The home position shall be at the index pulse to either to the left or the right of the point where the home switch changes state. If the initial position is situated so that the direction of movement shall reverse during homing, the point at which the reversal takes place is anywhere after a change of state of the home switch.

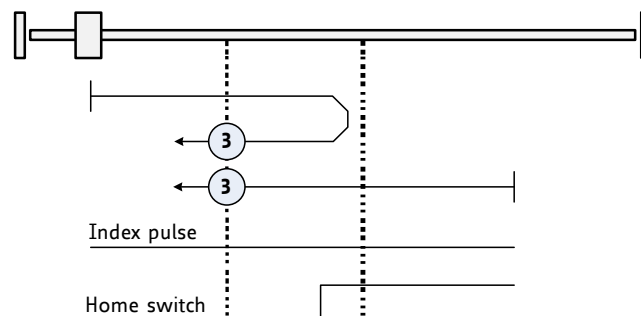


Figure 13: Homing Method 3

### 8.1.4 Homing Method 5: Homing on negative Home Switch and Index Pulse

Using this method, the initial direction of movement shall be dependent on the state of the home switch. The home position shall be at the index pulse to either to the left or the right of the point where the home switch changes state. If the initial position is situated so that the direction of movement shall reverse during homing, the point at which the reversal takes place is anywhere after a change of state of the home switch.



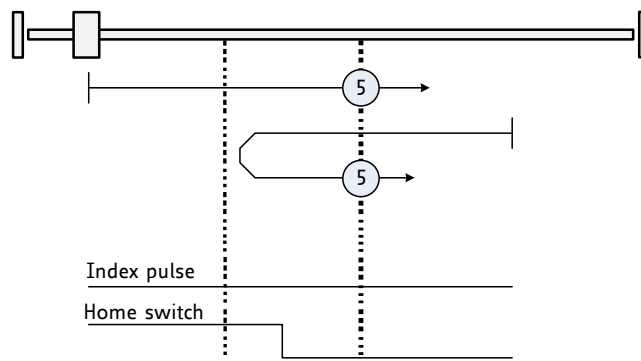


Figure 14: Homing Method 5

### 8.1.5 Homing Method 17, 18, 19, and 21: Homing without Index Pulse

These methods are similar to methods 1 to 5 except that the home position is not dependent on the index pulse but only dependent on the relevant home or limit switch transitions. As an example, homing method 19 (which is similar to homing method 3) is shown in figure 15.

| Homing Methods 17... 21 |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Method                  | Description   |
| 17                      | Search the left end switch. (Similar to method 1)                   |
| 18                      | Search the right end switch. (Similar to method 2)                  |
| 19                      | Search the positive edge of the home switch. (Similar to method 3)  |
| 21                      | Search the negative edge of the home switch. (Similar to method 5.) |

Table 283: Homing Methods 17 - 21

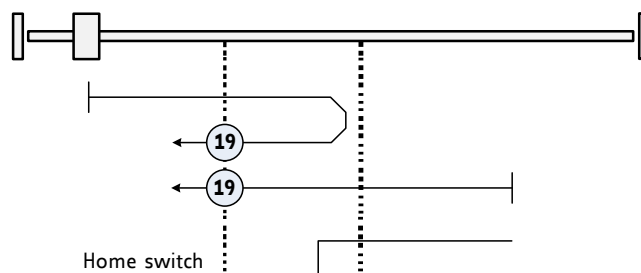


Figure 15: Homing Method 19

### 8.1.6 Homing Method 33 and 34: Homing on next Index Pulse

Using these methods, the direction of homing is negative or positive respectively. The home position shall be at the index pulse found in the selected direction as shown in Figure 4.10.



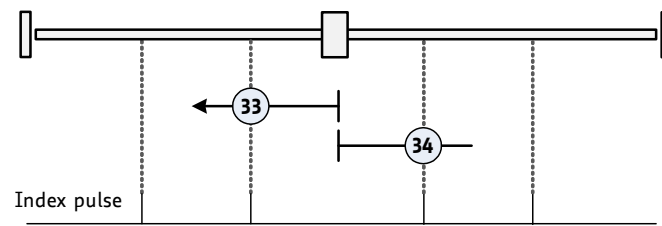


Figure 16: Homing Methods 33 and 34

### 8.1.7 Homing Method 35: Current Position as Home Position

In this method, the current position shall be taken to be the home position. This method does not require the drive device to be in operation enabled state.



## 8.2 Detailed Object Specifications

### 8.2.1 Object 6040<sub>h</sub>: Control Word

This object indicates the received command controlling the power drive system finite state automaton (PDS FSA). The CiA-402 state machine can be controlled using this object. Please refer to figure 9 for detailed information.

| Structure of the Control Word |    |     |   |    |     |     |    |    |    |   |   |
|-------------------------------|----|-----|---|----|-----|-----|----|----|----|---|---|
| 15                            | 11 | 10  | 9 | 8  | 7   | 6   | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1 | 0 |
| nu                            | r  | oms | h | fr | oms | eo  | qs | ev | so |   |   |
| MSB                           |    |     |   |    |     | LSB |    |    |    |   |   |

Legend: nu=not used; r=reserved; oms=operation mode specific; h=halt; fr=fault reset; eo=enable operation; qs=quick stop; ev=enable voltage; so=switch on.

Table 284: Structure of the Control Word in hm Mode

| Operation Mode specific Bits in hm Mode |                        |                                 |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Bit                                     | Name                   | Definition                      |
| 4                                       | Homing operation start | 1: start homing; 0: stop homing |
| 8                                       | Halt                   | Not supported.                  |

Table 285: Operation Mode specific Bits in hm Mode

| Command Coding               |                      |       |       |       |       |             |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------------|
| Command                      | Bits of Control Word |       |       |       |       | Transitions |
|                              | Bit 7                | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |             |
| Shutdown                     | 0                    | x     | 1     | 1     | 0     | 2,6,8       |
| Switch on                    | 0                    | 0     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 3           |
| Switch on & enable operation | 0                    | 1     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 3, 4        |
| Disable voltage              | 0                    | x     | x     | 0     | x     | 7,9,10,12   |
| Quick stop                   | 0                    | x     | 0     | 1     | x     | 7,10,11     |
| Disable operation            | 0                    | 0     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 5           |
| Enable operation             | 0                    | 1     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 4, 16       |
| Fault reset                  | 0-to-1               | x     | x     | x     | x     | 15          |

Table 286: Command Coding



| Object Description |             |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name        | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 6040 <sub>h</sub>  | Controlword | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 287: Object Description (6040<sub>h</sub> in hm Mode)

| Entry Description |        |              |                           |               |
|-------------------|--------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping  | Value Range               | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | see CiA402-3 | See command coding above. |               |

Table 288: Entry Description (6040<sub>h</sub> in hm Mode)

### 8.2.2 Object 6041<sub>h</sub>: Status Word

This object provides the status of the PDS FSA. It reflects the status of the CiA-402 state machine. Please refer to figure 9 for detailed information. The object is structured as defined below. For more information about the coding please refer to the CANopen Drives and motion control device profile, part 2.

| Structure of the Status Word |     |     |     |    |    |    |   |     |    |    |   |    |    |      |   |
|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|---|-----|----|----|---|----|----|------|---|
| 15                           | 14  | 13  | 12  | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8 | 7   | 6  | 5  | 4 | 3  | 2  | 1    | 0 |
| dir                          | mot | oms | ila | tr | rm | ms | w | sod | qs | ve | f | oe | so | rtso |   |
| MSB                          |     |     |     |    |    |    |   |     |    |    |   |    |    | LSB  |   |

Legend: nu=not used; r=reserved; oms=operation mode specific; h=halt; fr=fault reset; oe=operation enable; qs=quick stop; ve=voltage enable; so=switch on.

Table 289: Structure of the Status Word in hm Mode

| Trinamic Specific Bits |                       |   |
|------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Bit                    | Name                  | Definition                                  |
| 14                     | Motor activity        | 0: Motor stands still.<br>1: Motor rotates. |
| 15                     | Direction of rotation | This bit shows the direction of rotation.   |

Table 290: Trinamic Specific Bits





| Operation Mode specific Bits in hm Mode |                |  |
|---|----------------|--|
| Bit                                     | Name           | Definition   |
| 10                                      | Target reached | Set when the zero position has been found or homing has been stopped by setting controlword bit 4 to zero. |
| 12                                      | Home attained  | Set when zero position has been found.   |
| 13                                      | Homing error   | Not supported.   |

Table 291: Operation Mode specific Bits in hm Mode

| State Coding                     |                        |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Status word                      | FSA state              |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000 <sub>h</sub> | Not ready to switch on |
| xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000 <sub>h</sub> | Switch on disabled     |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0001 <sub>h</sub> | Ready to switch on     |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0011 <sub>h</sub> | Switched on            |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0111 <sub>h</sub> | Operation enabled      |
| xxxx xxxx x00x 0111 <sub>h</sub> | Quick stop active      |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111 <sub>h</sub> | Fault reaction active  |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000 <sub>h</sub> | Fault                  |

Table 292: State Coding

| Object Description |             |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name        | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 6041 <sub>h</sub>  | Controlword | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 293: Object Description (6041<sub>h</sub> in hm Mode)

| Entry Description |        |              |                         |               |
|-------------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping  | Value Range             | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | see CiA402-3 | See state coding above. |               |

Table 294: Entry Description (6041<sub>h</sub> in hm Mode)

### 8.2.3 Object 606C<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Actual Value

This object shows the actual velocity value of the motor. The value is given in internal or user-defined velocity units (depending on object 208C<sub>h</sub>, described in section 4.2.16).



| Object Description |                       |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                  | Object Type | Data Type |
| 606C <sub>h</sub>  | Velocity Actual Value | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 295: Object Description (606C<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |                   |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping       | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | Refer to CiA402-3 | SIGNED32    | no            |

Table 296: Entry Description (606C<sub>h</sub>)

### 8.2.4 Object 607C<sub>h</sub>: Home Offset

This object indicates the configured difference between the zero position for the application and the machine home position/home switch (found during homing). While homing, the machine home position is found and once the homing is completed, the zero position is offset from the home position by adding the home offset to the home position. The effect of setting the home position to a non-zero value depends on the selected homing method. The value of this object is given in microsteps. Negative values indicate the opposite direction.

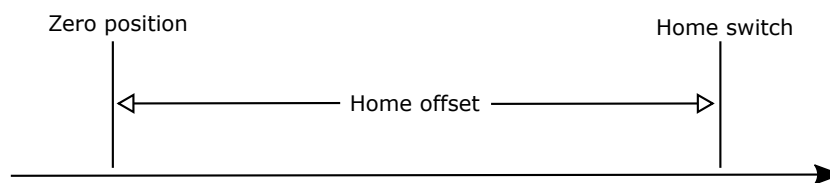


Figure 17: Home Offset

| Object Description |             |             |           |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name        | Object Type | Data Type |
| 607C <sub>h</sub>  | Home offset | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 297: Object Description (607C<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | SIGNED32    | 0             |

Table 298: Entry Description (607C<sub>h</sub>)

### 8.2.5 Object 6098<sub>h</sub>: Homing Method

The homing method to be used can be selected by writing to this object. Please see table 282 for a list of homing methods supported by the current version of the TMCM-1240 CANopen firmware.

| Object Description |               |             |           |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name          | Object Type | Data Type |
| 6098 <sub>h</sub>  | Homing method | Variable    | SIGNED8   |

Table 299: Object Description (6098<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | SIGNED8     | 0             |

Table 300: Entry Description (6098<sub>h</sub>)

### 8.2.6 Object 6099<sub>h</sub>: Homing Speeds

This object indicates the configured speeds used during homing procedure. The values are given in pps units or internal units selectable with object 208C<sub>h</sub> (section 4.2.16). Using object 6099<sub>h</sub> a fast and a slow homing speed can be set. In most homing modes, the home switch is searched with the fast speed first. When the home switch has been found, the motor will be decelerated to the slow speed (using the homing acceleration, object 609A<sub>h</sub>) to search for the exact switch point. When the switch point has been found the motor will be stopped at that point.

| Object Description |               |             |            |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name          | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 6099 <sub>h</sub>  | Homing speeds | Array       | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 301: Object Description (6099<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |                   |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Description       | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 1                 | Fast homing speed | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | 0             |
| 2                 | Slow homing speed | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | 0             |

Table 302: Entry Description (6099<sub>h</sub>)

### 8.2.7 Object 609A<sub>h</sub>: Homing Acceleration

This object indicates the configured acceleration and deceleration to be used during homing operation. The value is given in units selected by object 208E<sub>h</sub> (section 4.2.17).



| Object Description |                     |             |            |
|--------------------|---------------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name                | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 609A <sub>h</sub>  | Homing acceleration | Variable    | UNSIGNED32 |

Table 303: Object Description (609A<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED32  | 0             |

Table 304: Entry Description (609A<sub>h</sub>)

### 8.2.8 Object 2100<sub>h</sub>: Home Offset Display

This object shows the home offset. The value is given in microsteps.

| Object Description |                     |             |           |
|--------------------|---------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                | Object Type | Data Type |
| 2100 <sub>h</sub>  | Home Offset Display | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 305: Object Description (2100<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |                          |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range              | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | no          | -2147483648...2147483647 | 0             |

Table 306: Entry Description (2100<sub>h</sub>)

## 8.3 How to start a Homing in hm Mode

Here is a little example that shows how to home the motor in hm mode. In this little example we assume that the module has been reset (and then switched to pre-operational or operational) by NMT commands before. The home switch must be connected to the home switch input. It can be operated manually.

- Select hm mode by writing 6 to object 6060<sub>h</sub>.
- Write 6 to object 6040<sub>h</sub> to switch to READY\_TO\_SWITCH\_ON state.
- Write 7 to object 6040<sub>h</sub> to switch to SWITCHED\_ON state.
- Write 15 to object 6040<sub>h</sub> to switch to OPERATION\_ENABLED state.
- Select homing method 19 by writing 19 to object 6098<sub>h</sub>.
- Set the homing speeds by writing e.g. 50000 to object 6099<sub>h</sub> sub index 1 and e.g. 10000 to object 6099<sub>h</sub> sub index 2.



- Write 31 to object 6040<sub>h</sub> to start the homing process.
- Press and release the home switch.
- When homing has finished, write 15 to object 6040<sub>h</sub> again.



## 9 Cyclic synchronous Position Mode

The cyclic synchronous position mode is used to directly control the position of the motor. It contains limit functions, but not a trajectory generator. The trajectory generator is located in the control device (the master), not in the drive device. In cyclic synchronous manner, the control device provides a target position to the drive device, which performs position control, velocity control and torque control.

The main control parameters are the target position (object 607A<sub>h</sub>, see section 9.1.7) and the interpolation time period (object 60C2<sub>h</sub>, see section 9.1.10). The drive automatically sets the velocity in such a manner that the next target position is reached within the interpolation time period. Acceleration and deceleration ramps are not used in this mode.

The cyclic synchronous position mode covers the following sub-functions:

- Position demand value input directly via an object.
- Monitoring of the position.
- Limiting the position using the software limits or the hardware limit switches.

### 9.1 Detailed Object Specifications

#### 9.1.1 Object 6040<sub>h</sub>: Control Word

This object indicates the received command controlling the power drive system finite state automaton (PDS FSA). The CiA-402 state machine can be controlled using this object. Please refer to figure 9 for detailed information. The cyclic synchronous position mode does not use any mode specific bits of the control word.

| Structure of the Control Word |   |    |    |    |     |    |    |   |   |
|-------------------------------|---|----|----|----|-----|----|----|---|---|
| 15                            | 9 | 8  | 7  | 6  | 4   | 3  | 2  | 1 | 0 |
| nu                            | h | fr | nu | eo | qs  | ev | so |   |   |
| MSB                           |   |    |    |    | LSB |    |    |   |   |

Legend: nu=not used; h=halt; fr=fault reset; eo=enable operation; qs=quick stop; ev=enable voltage; so=switch on.

Table 307: Structure of the Control Word in csp Mode



| Command Coding               |                      |       |       |       |       |             |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------------|
| Command                      | Bits of Control Word |       |       |       |       | Transitions |
|                              | Bit 7                | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |             |
| Shutdown                     | 0                    | x     | 1     | 1     | 0     | 2,6,8       |
| Switch on                    | 0                    | 0     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 3           |
| Switch on & enable operation | 0                    | 1     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 3, 4        |
| Disable voltage              | 0                    | x     | x     | 0     | x     | 7,9,10,12   |
| Quick stop                   | 0                    | x     | 0     | 1     | x     | 7,10,11     |
| Disable operation            | 0                    | 0     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 5           |
| Enable operation             | 0                    | 1     | 1     | 1     | 1     | 4, 16       |
| Fault reset                  | 0-to-1               | x     | x     | x     | x     | 15          |

Table 308: Command Coding

| Object Description |             |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name        | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 6040 <sub>h</sub>  | Controlword | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 309: Object Description (6040<sub>h</sub> in csp Mode)

| Entry Description |        |              |                           |               |
|-------------------|--------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping  | Value Range               | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | see CiA402-3 | See command coding above. |               |

Table 310: Entry Description (6040<sub>h</sub> in csp Mode)

### 9.1.2 Object 6041<sub>h</sub>: Status Word

This object provides the status of the PDS FSA. It reflects the status of the CiA-402 state machine. Please refer to figure 9 for detailed information. The object is structured as defined below. For more information about the coding please refer to the CANopen Drives and motion control device profile, part 2.

| Structure of the Status Word |     |     |     |    |    |    |   |     |    |    |   |    |    |      |   |
|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|---|-----|----|----|---|----|----|------|---|
| 15                           | 14  | 13  | 12  | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8 | 7   | 6  | 5  | 4 | 3  | 2  | 1    | 0 |
| dir                          | mot | oms | ila | r  | rm | ms | w | sod | qs | ve | f | oe | so | rtso |   |
| MSB                          |     |     |     |    |    |    |   |     |    |    |   |    |    | LSB  |   |

Legend: nu=not used; r=reserved; oms=operation mode specific; h=halt; fr=fault reset; oe=operation enable; qs=quick stop; ve=voltage enable; so=switch on.

Table 311: Structure of the Status Word in csp Mode



| Trinamic Specific Bits |                       |   |
|------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Bit                    | Name                  | Definition                                  |
| 14                     | Motor activity        | 0: Motor stands still.<br>1: Motor rotates. |
| 15                     | Direction of rotation | This bit shows the direction of rotation.   |

Table 312: Trinamic Specific Bits

| Operation Mode specific Bits in csp Mode |                         |   |
|--|-------------------------|---|
| Bit                                      | Name                    | Definition  |
| 10                                       | Reserved                | Not used.   |
| 12                                       | Target position ignored | 0: Target position ignored.<br>1: Target position used as input to position controller. |
| 13                                       | Following error         | 0: No following error.<br>1: Following error.   |

Table 313: Operation Mode specific Bits in csp Mode

| State Coding                     |                        |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Status word                      | FSA state              |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000 <sub>h</sub> | Not ready to switch on |
| xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000 <sub>h</sub> | Switch on disabled     |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0001 <sub>h</sub> | Ready to switch on     |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0011 <sub>h</sub> | Switched on            |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0111 <sub>h</sub> | Operation enabled      |
| xxxx xxxx x00x 0111 <sub>h</sub> | Quick stop active      |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111 <sub>h</sub> | Fault reaction active  |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000 <sub>h</sub> | Fault                  |

Table 314: State Coding

| Object Description |             |             |            |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| Index              | Name        | Object Type | Data Type  |
| 6041 <sub>h</sub>  | Controlword | Variable    | UNSIGNED16 |

Table 315: Object Description (6041<sub>h</sub> in csp Mode)





| Entry Description |        |              |                        |               |
|-------------------|--------|--------------|------------------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping  | Value Range            | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | see CiA402-3 | See state coding above |               |

Table 316: Entry Description (6041<sub>h</sub> in csp Mode)

### 9.1.3 Object 6062<sub>h</sub>: Position Demand Value

This object provides the demanded position value. The value is given in microsteps. Object 6062<sub>h</sub> indicates the actual position that the motor should have. It is not to be confused with objects 6063<sub>h</sub> and 6064<sub>h</sub>.

| Object Description |                       |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                  | Object Type | Data Type |
| 6062 <sub>h</sub>  | Position Demand Value | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 317: Object Description (6062<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |                   |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping       | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | Refer to CiA402-3 | SIGNED32    | no            |

Table 318: Entry Description (6062<sub>h</sub>)

### 9.1.4 Object 6063<sub>h</sub>: Position Actual Internal Value

This object provides the actual value of the encoder or the motor. Please use the sensor selection object 606A<sub>h</sub> (see section 5.1.8) for selecting the motor or the encoder first. Object 6063<sub>h</sub> indicates the actual position of the encoder or the motor, re-scaled to the microstep resolution. The value is given in microsteps.

| Object Description |                                |             |           |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                           | Object Type | Data Type |
| 6063 <sub>h</sub>  | Position Actual Internal Value | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 319: Object Description (6063<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |                   |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping       | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | Refer to CiA402-3 | SIGNED32    | no            |

Table 320: Entry Description (6063<sub>h</sub>)

### 9.1.5 Object 6064<sub>h</sub>: Position Actual Value

This object provides the actual value of the position measurement device. It always contains the same value as object 6063<sub>h</sub>.

| Object Description |                       |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                  | Object Type | Data Type |
| 6064 <sub>h</sub>  | Position Actual Value | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 321: Object Description (6064<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |                   |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping       | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | Refer to CiA402-3 | SIGNED32    | no            |

Table 322: Entry Description (6064<sub>h</sub>)

### 9.1.6 Object 606C<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Actual Value

This object shows the actual velocity value of the motor. The value is given in internal or user-defined velocity units (depending on object 208C<sub>h</sub>, described in section 4.2.16).

| Object Description |                       |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                  | Object Type | Data Type |
| 606C <sub>h</sub>  | Velocity Actual Value | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 323: Object Description (606C<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |                   |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping       | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | ro     | Refer to CiA402-3 | SIGNED32    | no            |

Table 324: Entry Description (606C<sub>h</sub>)

### 9.1.7 Object 607A<sub>h</sub>: Target Position

The target position is the position that the drive should move to in cyclic synchronous position mode using the current interpolation time period. In csp mode this value is always interpreted as an absolute value.

| Object Description |                 |             |           |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name            | Object Type | Data Type |
| 607A <sub>h</sub>  | Target Position | Variable    | SIGNED32  |

Table 325: Object Description (607A<sub>h</sub> in csp Mode)



| Entry Description |        |                   |             |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping       | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | Refer to CiA402-3 | SIGNED32    | 0             |

Table 326: Entry Description (607A<sub>h</sub> in csp Mode)

### 9.1.8 Object 607D<sub>h</sub>: Software Position Limit

This object indicates the configured maximal and minimal software position limits. These parameters define the absolute position limits for the position demand value and the position actual value. Every new target position is checked against these limits. The limit positions are always relative to the machine home position. Before being compared with the target position, they are corrected internally by the home offset as follows:

$$\text{Corrected\_min\_position\_limit} = \text{min\_position\_limit} - \text{home\_offset}$$

$$\text{Corrected\_max\_position\_limit} = \text{max\_position\_limit} - \text{home\_offset}$$

| Object Description |                         |             |           |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name                    | Object Type | Data Type |
| 607D <sub>h</sub>  | Software Position Limit | Array       | SIGNED32  |

Table 327: Object Description (607D<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |                        |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|------------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Description            | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 1                 | Minimum Position Limit | rw     | no          | SIGNED32    | -2147483648   |
| 2                 | Maximum Position Limit | rw     | no          | SIGNED32    | 2147483647    |

Table 328: Entry Description (607D<sub>h</sub>)

### 9.1.9 Object 60B0<sub>h</sub>: Position Offset

This object provides an offset to the target position (object 607A<sub>h</sub>, see section 9.1.7). The value is given in microsteps and will be added to the target position.

| Object Description |               |             |           |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index              | Name          | Object Type | Data Type |
| 60B0 <sub>h</sub>  | Offset Torque | Variable    | INTEGER32 |

Table 329: Object Description (60B0<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |        |             |                          |               |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range              | Default Value |
| 0                 | rw     | yes         | -2147483648...2147483647 | 0             |

Table 330: Entry Description (60B0<sub>h</sub>)

### 9.1.10 Object 60C2<sub>h</sub>: Interpolation Time Period

This object indicates the interpolation cycle time. The interpolation time period (sub-index 01<sub>h</sub>) is given in  $10^{\text{interpolation\_time\_index}}$  s. The interpolation time index (sub-index 02<sub>h</sub>) is dimensionless.

| Object Description |               |             |   |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|---|
| Index              | Name          | Object Type | Data Type   |
| 60C2 <sub>h</sub>  | Offset Torque | Vecord      | Interpolation time period record (0080 <sub>h</sub> ) |

Table 331: Object Description (60C2<sub>h</sub>)

| Entry Description |                                 |        |             |             |               |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sub-index         | Description                     | Access | PDO Mapping | Value Range | Default Value |
| 0                 | Highest sub-index supported     | ro     | no          | UNSIGNED8   | 2             |
| 1                 | Interpolation time period value | rw     | no          | UNSIGNED8   | 1             |
| 2                 | Interpolation time index        | rw     | no          | -3...3      | -3            |

Table 332: Entry Description (60C2<sub>h</sub>)

## 10 Emergency Messages (EMCY)

The module sends an emergency message if an error occurs. The message contains information about the error type. The module can map internal errors and object 1001<sub>h</sub> (error register) is part of every emergency object.

| Emergency Messages (EMCY) of the TMCM-1240 |                 |     |   |   |   |  |
|--|-----------------|-----|---|---|---|--|
| Error code                                 | Additional byte |     |   |   |   | Description  |
|  | 1               | 2   | 3 | 4 | 5 |  |
| 0000 <sub>h</sub>                          | 0               | 0   | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>Fault reset</b><br>The fault reset command has been executed.   |
| 1000 <sub>h</sub>                          | 1               | 0   | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>Generic error: open load bridge A</b><br>The motor driver indicates open load on bridge A. It is possible that the motor cable is broken or that there is an error in the power amplifier itself. |
| 1000 <sub>h</sub>                          | 2               | 0   | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>Generic error: open load bridge B</b><br>The motor driver indicates open load on bridge B. It is possible that the motor cable is broken or that there is an error in the power amplifier itself. |
| 2310 <sub>h</sub>                          | 0               | 0   | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>Overcurrent high side</b><br>The motor driver indicates an overcurrent on the high side. This can be caused by a short circuit in the driver stage.   |
| 2311 <sub>h</sub>                          | 0               | 0   | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>Overcurrent bridge B</b><br>The motor driver indicates that there is overcurrent on bridge B. This can be caused by a short circuit in the motor itself or in the motor driver stage.             |
| 2312 <sub>h</sub>                          | 0               | 0   | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>Overcurrent bridge A</b><br>The motor driver indicates that there is overcurrent on bridge A. This can be caused by a short circuit in the motor itself or in the motor driver stage.             |
| 3230 <sub>h</sub>                          | 0               | 0   | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>stallGuard2 error</b><br>The actual load value exceeds the stallGuard2 limit.   |
| 4310 <sub>h</sub>                          | 1               | 0   | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>Overtemperature pre-warning</b><br>The temperature in the motor driver exceeds the pre-warning limit.   |
| 4310 <sub>h</sub>                          | 2               | 0   | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>Overtemperature error</b><br>The motor driver has been switched off because the temperature limit has been exceeded.  |
| 5441 <sub>h</sub>                          | 0               | 255 | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>Shutdown switch active</b><br>The enable signal is missing (due to the shutdown switch) and the motor driver has been switched off.   |
| 6320 <sub>h</sub>                          | 0               | 255 | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>Parameter error</b><br>The data in the received PDO is either wrong or cannot be accepted due to the internal state of the drive.   |



| Error code        | Additional byte |     |   |   |   | Description  |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----|---|---|---|--|
|                   | 1               | 2   | 3 | 4 | 5 |  |
| 8110 <sub>h</sub> | 1               | 255 | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>CAN controller overflow</b><br>The receive message buffer of the CAN controller hardware is full and some CAN messages are lost.  |
| 8110 <sub>h</sub> | 2               | 255 | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>CAN Tx buffer overflow</b><br>The software CAN transmit buffer is full and thus some CAN messages are lost.   |
| 8110 <sub>h</sub> | 3               | 255 | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>CAN Rx buffer overflow</b><br>The software CAN receive buffer is full and so some CAN messages are lost.  |
| 8120 <sub>h</sub> | 0               | 255 | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>CAN error passive</b><br>The CAN controller has detected communication errors and has entered the CAN Error passive state.  |
| 8140 <sub>h</sub> | 0               | 255 | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>CAN controller recovered from bus-off state</b><br>The CAN controller has detected too many errors and has changed into the bus-off state. The drive has been stopped and disabled. This message is sent after the CAN controller has recovered from bus-off state and is bus-on again. |
| 8611 <sub>h</sub> | 0               | 0   | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>Following error</b><br>The deviation between motor position counter and encoder position counter has exceeded the following error window.   |
| ff00 <sub>h</sub> | 0               | 0   | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>Undervoltage</b><br>The supply voltage is too low to drive a motor.   |
| ff01 <sub>h</sub> | 1               | 0   | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>Positive software limit</b><br>The actual position is outside the range defined by object 607d <sub>h</sub> .   |
| ff01 <sub>h</sub> | 2               | 0   | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>Negative software limit</b><br>The actual position is outside the range defined by object 607d <sub>h</sub> .   |
| ff01 <sub>h</sub> | 3               | 0   | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>Positive limit switch</b><br>The positive limit switch has been touched outside of the homing function.   |
| ff01 <sub>h</sub> | 4               | 0   | 0 | 0 | 0 | <b>Negative limit switch</b><br>The negative limit switch has been touched outside of the homing function.   |

Table 333: Emergency Messages (EMCY)



## 11 Figures Index

|   |   |    |    |                                      |    |
|---|---|----|----|--------------------------------------|----|
| 1 | stallGuard2 Load Measurement as a Function of Load . . . . .                | 8  | 8  | Brake Output Timing . . . . .        | 34 |
| 2 | Energy Efficiency Example with coolStep . . . . .                           | 9  | 9  | DS402 Finite State Machine . . . . . | 70 |
| 3 | Typical motion profile with TRINAMIC's sixPoint motion controller . . . . . | 9  | 10 | Homing Mode Function . . . . .       | 90 |
| 4 | NMT State Machine . . . . .   | 13 | 11 | Homing Method 1 . . . . .            | 91 |
| 5 | Communication Architecture . . . . .  | 14 | 12 | Homing Method 2 . . . . .            | 92 |
| 6 | Device Model . . . . .  | 15 | 13 | Homing Method 3 . . . . .            | 92 |
| 7 | coolStep Adjustment Points and Thresholds . . . . .                         | 31 | 14 | Homing Method 5 . . . . .            | 93 |
|   |   |    | 15 | Homing Method 19 . . . . .           | 93 |
|   |   |    | 16 | Homing Methods 33 and 34 . . . . .   | 94 |
|   |   |    | 17 | Home Offset . . . . .                | 98 |



## 12 Tables Index

|    |   |    |     |   |    |
|----|---|----|-----|---|----|
| 1  | Abbreviations used in this Manual . . .           | 7  | 53  | coolStep related Objects . . . . .                | 32 |
| 2  | sixPoint Ramp Parameters . . . . .                | 10 | 54  | Object Description (2000 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 33 |
| 3  | Service Primitives . . . . .                      | 11 | 55  | Entry Description (2000 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 33 |
| 4  | Service Types . . . . .                           | 12 | 56  | Object Description (2001 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 33 |
| 5  | Object Dictionary . . . . .                       | 15 | 57  | Entry Description (2001 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 33 |
| 6  | Object Description (1000 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 17 | 58  | Object Description (2002 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 34 |
| 7  | Entry Description (1000 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 17 | 59  | Entry Description (2002 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 34 |
| 8  | Object Description (1001 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 17 | 60  | Object Description (2003 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 34 |
| 9  | Entry Description (1001 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 17 | 61  | Entry Description (2003 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 34 |
| 10 | Error Register Bits . . . . .                     | 18 | 62  | Object Description (2004 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 35 |
| 11 | Value Definition (1005 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 18 | 63  | Entry Description (2004 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 35 |
| 12 | Object Description (1005 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 18 | 64  | Object Description (2005 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 35 |
| 13 | Entry Description (1005 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 18 | 65  | Entry Description (2005 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 35 |
| 14 | Object Description (1008 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 19 | 66  | Bit Definitions (2005 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .    | 36 |
| 15 | Entry Description (1008 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 19 | 67  | Object Description (200A <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 36 |
| 16 | Object Description (1009 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 19 | 68  | Entry Description (200A <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 36 |
| 17 | Entry Description (1009 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 19 | 69  | Object Description (200B <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 36 |
| 18 | Object Description (100A <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 19 | 70  | Entry Description (200B <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 37 |
| 19 | Entry Description (100A <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 20 | 71  | Object Description (200C <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 37 |
| 20 | Object Description (100C <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 20 | 72  | Entry Description (200C <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 37 |
| 21 | Entry Description (100C <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 20 | 73  | Object Description (2010 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 37 |
| 22 | Object Description (100D <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 20 | 74  | Entry Description (2010 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 38 |
| 23 | Entry Description (100D <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 20 | 75  | Object Description (2011 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 38 |
| 24 | Save Signature . . . . .                          | 21 | 76  | Entry Description (2011 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 38 |
| 25 | Object Description (1010 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 21 | 77  | Object Description (2012 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 38 |
| 26 | Entry Description (1010 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 21 | 78  | Entry Description (2012 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 38 |
| 27 | Load Signature . . . . .                          | 22 | 79  | Object Description (2013 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 39 |
| 28 | Object Description (1011 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 22 | 80  | Entry Description (2013 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 39 |
| 29 | Entry Description (1011 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 23 | 81  | Object Description (2015 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 39 |
| 30 | Object Description (1014 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 23 | 82  | Entry Description (2015 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 39 |
| 31 | Entry Description (1014 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 23 | 83  | Object Description (2089 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 40 |
| 32 | Object Description (1015 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 23 | 84  | Entry Description (2089 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 40 |
| 33 | Entry Description (1015 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 23 | 85  | Object Description (208C <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 40 |
| 34 | Value Definition (1016 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 24 | 86  | Entry Description (208C <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 40 |
| 35 | Object Description (1016 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 24 | 87  | Object Description (208E <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 40 |
| 36 | Entry Description (1016 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 24 | 88  | Entry Description (208E <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 41 |
| 37 | Object Description (1017 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 24 | 89  | Object Description (2092 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 41 |
| 38 | Entry Description (1017 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 25 | 90  | Entry Description (2092 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 41 |
| 39 | Object Description (1018 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 25 | 91  | Object Description (2093 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 41 |
| 40 | Entry Description (1018 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 25 | 92  | Entry Description (2093 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 41 |
| 41 | Object Description (1023 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 25 | 93  | Object Description (2094 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 42 |
| 42 | Entry Description (1023 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 26 | 94  | Entry Description (2094 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 42 |
| 43 | Object Description (1029 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 26 | 95  | Object Description (2095 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 42 |
| 44 | Entry Description (1029 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 26 | 96  | Entry Description (2095 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 42 |
| 45 | Object Description (1400 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 27 | 97  | Object Description (2096 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 43 |
| 46 | Entry Description (1400 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 27 | 98  | Entry Description (2096 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 43 |
| 47 | Object Description (1600 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 28 | 99  | Object Description (2097 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 43 |
| 48 | Entry Description (1600 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 28 | 100 | Entry Description (2097 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 43 |
| 49 | Object Description (1800 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 29 | 101 | Object Description (2098 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 44 |
| 50 | Entry Description (1800 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 29 | 102 | Entry Description (2098 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 44 |
| 51 | Object Description (1A00 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 30 | 103 | Object Description (2099 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . . | 44 |
| 52 | Entry Description (1A00 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 30 | 104 | Entry Description (2099 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 44 |





|     |   |    |     |  |    |
|-----|---|----|-----|--|----|
| 105 | Object Description (209A <sub>h</sub> ) | 45 | 159 | Entry Description (2701) <sub>h</sub>  | 56 |
| 106 | Entry Description (209A <sub>h</sub> )  | 45 | 160 | Bit Definitions (2702) <sub>h</sub>    | 57 |
| 107 | Object Description (209B <sub>h</sub> ) | 45 | 161 | Object Description (2702) <sub>h</sub> | 57 |
| 108 | Entry Description (209B <sub>h</sub> )  | 45 | 162 | Entry Description (2702) <sub>h</sub>  | 57 |
| 109 | Object Description (209C <sub>h</sub> ) | 46 | 163 | Bit Definitions (2703) <sub>h</sub>    | 57 |
| 110 | Entry Description (209C <sub>h</sub> )  | 46 | 164 | Object Description (2703) <sub>h</sub> | 57 |
| 111 | Object Description (209D <sub>h</sub> ) | 46 | 165 | Entry Description (2703) <sub>h</sub>  | 58 |
| 112 | Entry Description (209D <sub>h</sub> )  | 46 | 166 | Object Description (2704) <sub>h</sub> | 58 |
| 113 | Object Description (209E <sub>h</sub> ) | 47 | 167 | Entry Description (2704) <sub>h</sub>  | 58 |
| 114 | Entry Description (209E <sub>h</sub> )  | 47 | 168 | Object Description (2705) <sub>h</sub> | 59 |
| 115 | Object Description (20A1 <sub>h</sub> ) | 47 | 169 | Entry Description (2705) <sub>h</sub>  | 59 |
| 116 | Entry Description (20A1 <sub>h</sub> )  | 47 | 170 | Object Description (2706) <sub>h</sub> | 59 |
| 117 | Object Description (20A4 <sub>h</sub> ) | 47 | 171 | Entry Description (2706) <sub>h</sub>  | 59 |
| 118 | Entry Description (20A4 <sub>h</sub> )  | 48 | 172 | Object Description (2707) <sub>h</sub> | 60 |
| 119 | Object Description (20A5 <sub>h</sub> ) | 48 | 173 | Entry Description (2707) <sub>h</sub>  | 60 |
| 120 | Entry Description (20A5 <sub>h</sub> )  | 48 | 174 | Object Description (2708) <sub>h</sub> | 60 |
| 121 | Object Description (20B0 <sub>h</sub> ) | 48 | 175 | Entry Description (2708) <sub>h</sub>  | 60 |
| 122 | Entry Description (20B0 <sub>h</sub> )  | 48 | 176 | Object Description (270E) <sub>h</sub> | 60 |
| 123 | Object Description (20B1 <sub>h</sub> ) | 49 | 177 | Entry Description (270E) <sub>h</sub>  | 61 |
| 124 | Entry Description (20B1 <sub>h</sub> )  | 49 | 178 | Value Description (2710) <sub>h</sub>  | 61 |
| 125 | Object Description (20B2 <sub>h</sub> ) | 49 | 179 | Object Description (2710) <sub>h</sub> | 61 |
| 126 | Entry Description (20B2 <sub>h</sub> )  | 49 | 180 | Entry Description (2710) <sub>h</sub>  | 61 |
| 127 | Object Description (20B3 <sub>h</sub> ) | 50 | 181 | Value Description (605A) <sub>h</sub>  | 62 |
| 128 | Entry Description (20B3 <sub>h</sub> )  | 50 | 182 | Object Description (605A) <sub>h</sub> | 62 |
| 129 | Object Description (20B4 <sub>h</sub> ) | 50 | 183 | Entry Description (605A) <sub>h</sub>  | 62 |
| 130 | Entry Description (20B4 <sub>h</sub> )  | 50 | 184 | Value Description (605B) <sub>h</sub>  | 63 |
| 131 | Object Description (20B5 <sub>h</sub> ) | 50 | 185 | Object Description (605B) <sub>h</sub> | 63 |
| 132 | Entry Description (20B5 <sub>h</sub> )  | 51 | 186 | Entry Description (605B) <sub>h</sub>  | 63 |
| 133 | Object Description (20B6 <sub>h</sub> ) | 51 | 187 | Value Description (605C) <sub>h</sub>  | 63 |
| 134 | Entry Description (20B6 <sub>h</sub> )  | 51 | 188 | Object Description (605C) <sub>h</sub> | 63 |
| 135 | Object Description (20B7 <sub>h</sub> ) | 51 | 189 | Entry Description (605C) <sub>h</sub>  | 64 |
| 136 | Entry Description (20B7 <sub>h</sub> )  | 51 | 190 | Value Description (605D) <sub>h</sub>  | 64 |
| 137 | Object Description (20B8 <sub>h</sub> ) | 52 | 191 | Object Description (605D) <sub>h</sub> | 64 |
| 138 | Entry Description (20B8 <sub>h</sub> )  | 52 | 192 | Entry Description (605D) <sub>h</sub>  | 64 |
| 139 | Object Description (20B9 <sub>h</sub> ) | 52 | 193 | Value Description (605E) <sub>h</sub>  | 64 |
| 140 | Entry Description (20B9 <sub>h</sub> )  | 52 | 194 | Object Description (605E) <sub>h</sub> | 65 |
| 141 | Object Description (2100) <sub>h</sub>  | 52 | 195 | Entry Description (605E) <sub>h</sub>  | 65 |
| 142 | Entry Description (2100) <sub>h</sub>   | 53 | 196 | Value Description (6060) <sub>h</sub>  | 65 |
| 143 | Object Description (2101) <sub>h</sub>  | 53 | 197 | Object Description (6060) <sub>h</sub> | 65 |
| 144 | Entry Description (2101) <sub>h</sub>   | 53 | 198 | Entry Description (6060) <sub>h</sub>  | 65 |
| 145 | Driver Error Flags (2102) <sub>h</sub>  | 53 | 199 | Value Description (6061) <sub>h</sub>  | 66 |
| 146 | Object Description (2102) <sub>h</sub>  | 54 | 200 | Object Description (6061) <sub>h</sub> | 66 |
| 147 | Entry Description (2102) <sub>h</sub>   | 54 | 201 | Entry Description (6061) <sub>h</sub>  | 66 |
| 148 | Object Description (2107) <sub>h</sub>  | 54 | 202 | Value Description (606A) <sub>h</sub>  | 67 |
| 149 | Entry Description (2107) <sub>h</sub>   | 54 | 203 | Object Description (606A) <sub>h</sub> | 67 |
| 150 | Object Description (210B) <sub>h</sub>  | 54 | 204 | Entry Description (606A) <sub>h</sub>  | 67 |
| 151 | Entry Description (210B) <sub>h</sub>   | 55 | 205 | Object Description (608F) <sub>h</sub> | 67 |
| 152 | Object Description (2121) <sub>h</sub>  | 55 | 206 | Entry Description (608F) <sub>h</sub>  | 68 |
| 153 | Entry Description (2121) <sub>h</sub>   | 55 | 207 | Object Description (60FD) <sub>h</sub> | 68 |
| 154 | Object Description (2122) <sub>h</sub>  | 55 | 208 | Entry Description (60FD) <sub>h</sub>  | 68 |
| 155 | Entry Description (2122) <sub>h</sub>   | 55 | 209 | Value Definition (6502) <sub>h</sub>   | 69 |
| 156 | Object Description (2700) <sub>h</sub>  | 56 | 210 | Object Description (6502) <sub>h</sub> | 69 |
| 157 | Entry Description (2700) <sub>h</sub>   | 56 | 211 | Entry Description (6502) <sub>h</sub>  | 69 |
| 158 | Object Description (2701) <sub>h</sub>  | 56 |     |  |    |



|     |   |    |     |   |     |
|-----|---|----|-----|---|-----|
| 212 | Structure of the Control Word in pp Mode . . . . .    | 71 | 264 | Object Description (6062 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 85  |
| 213 | Operation Mode specific Bits in pp Mode               | 71 | 265 | Entry Description (6062 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .    | 85  |
| 214 | Command Coding . . . . .                              | 71 | 266 | Object Description (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 85  |
| 215 | Object Description (6040 <sub>h</sub> in pp Mode)     | 72 | 267 | Entry Description (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .    | 85  |
| 216 | Entry Description (6040 <sub>h</sub> in pp Mode)      | 72 | 268 | Object Description (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 86  |
| 217 | Structure of the Status Word in pp Mode               | 72 | 269 | Entry Description (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .    | 86  |
| 218 | Trinamic Specific Bits . . . . .                      | 72 | 270 | Object Description (6065 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 86  |
| 219 | Operation Mode specific Bits in pp Mode               | 73 | 271 | Entry Description (6065 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .    | 86  |
| 220 | State Coding . . . . .                                | 73 | 272 | Object Description (606C <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 87  |
| 221 | Object Description (6041 <sub>h</sub> in pp Mode)     | 73 | 273 | Entry Description (606C <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .    | 87  |
| 222 | Entry Description (6041 <sub>h</sub> in pp Mode)      | 73 | 274 | Object Description (607D <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 87  |
| 223 | Object Description (6062 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .     | 74 | 275 | Entry Description (607D <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .    | 87  |
| 224 | Entry Description (6062 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .      | 74 | 276 | Object Description (6083 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 88  |
| 225 | Object Description (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .     | 74 | 277 | Entry Description (6083 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .    | 88  |
| 226 | Entry Description (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .      | 74 | 278 | Object Description (6085 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 88  |
| 227 | Object Description (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .     | 74 | 279 | Entry Description (6085 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .    | 88  |
| 228 | Entry Description (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .      | 75 | 280 | Object Description (60FF <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 89  |
| 229 | Object Description (6065 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .     | 75 | 281 | Entry Description (60FF <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .    | 89  |
| 230 | Entry Description (6065 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .      | 75 | 282 | Supported CANopen Homing Methods                    | 91  |
| 231 | Object Description (6067 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .     | 76 | 283 | Homing Methods 17 – 21 . . . . .                    | 93  |
| 232 | Entry Description (6067 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .      | 76 | 284 | Structure of the Control Word in hm Mode . . . . .  | 95  |
| 233 | Object Description (6068 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .     | 76 | 285 | Operation Mode specific Bits in hm Mode . . . . .   | 95  |
| 234 | Entry Description (6068 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .      | 76 | 286 | Command Coding . . . . .                            | 95  |
| 235 | Object Description (606C <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .     | 76 | 287 | Object Description (6040 <sub>h</sub> in hm Mode)   | 96  |
| 236 | Entry Description (606C <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .      | 77 | 288 | Entry Description (6040 <sub>h</sub> in hm Mode)    | 96  |
| 237 | Object Description (607A <sub>h</sub> in pp Mode)     | 77 | 289 | Structure of the Status Word in hm Mode             | 96  |
| 238 | Entry Description (607A <sub>h</sub> in pp Mode)      | 77 | 290 | Trinamic Specific Bits . . . . .                    | 96  |
| 239 | Object Description (607D <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .     | 77 | 291 | Operation Mode specific Bits in hm Mode . . . . .   | 97  |
| 240 | Entry Description (607D <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .      | 78 | 292 | State Coding . . . . .                              | 97  |
| 241 | Object Description (6081 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .     | 78 | 293 | Object Description (6041 <sub>h</sub> in hm Mode)   | 97  |
| 242 | Entry Description (6081 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .      | 78 | 294 | Entry Description (6041 <sub>h</sub> in hm Mode)    | 97  |
| 243 | Object Description (6082 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .     | 78 | 295 | Object Description (606C <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 98  |
| 244 | Entry Description (6082 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .      | 78 | 296 | Entry Description (606C <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .    | 98  |
| 245 | Object Description (6083 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .     | 79 | 297 | Object Description (607C <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 98  |
| 246 | Entry Description (6083 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .      | 79 | 298 | Entry Description (607C <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .    | 98  |
| 247 | Object Description (6084 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .     | 79 | 299 | Object Description (6098 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 99  |
| 248 | Entry Description (6084 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .      | 79 | 300 | Entry Description (6098 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .    | 99  |
| 249 | Object Description (6085 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .     | 80 | 301 | Object Description (6099 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 99  |
| 250 | Entry Description (6085 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .      | 80 | 302 | Entry Description (6099 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .    | 99  |
| 251 | Bit Definitions of Object 60F2 <sub>h</sub> . . . . . | 80 | 303 | Object Description (609A <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 100 |
| 252 | Object Description (60F2 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .     | 80 | 304 | Entry Description (609A <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .    | 100 |
| 253 | Entry Description (60F2 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .      | 80 | 305 | Object Description (2100 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 100 |
| 254 | Structure of the Control Word in pv Mode . . . . .    | 82 | 306 | Entry Description (2100 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .    | 100 |
| 255 | Command Coding . . . . .                              | 83 | 307 | Structure of the Control Word in csp Mode . . . . . | 102 |
| 256 | Object Description (6040 <sub>h</sub> in pv Mode)     | 83 | 308 | Command Coding . . . . .                            | 103 |
| 257 | Entry Description (6040 <sub>h</sub> in pv Mode)      | 83 | 309 | Object Description (6040 <sub>h</sub> in csp Mode)  | 103 |
| 258 | Structure of the Status Word in pv Mode               | 83 | 310 | Entry Description (6040 <sub>h</sub> in csp Mode)   | 103 |
| 259 | Trinamic Specific Bits . . . . .                      | 84 | 311 | Structure of the Status Word in csp Mode . . . . .  | 103 |
| 260 | Operation Mode specific Bits in pv Mode               | 84 | 312 | Trinamic Specific Bits . . . . .                    | 104 |
| 261 | State Coding . . . . .                                | 84 |     |   |     |
| 262 | Object Description (6041 <sub>h</sub> in pv Mode)     | 84 |     |   |     |
| 263 | Entry Description (6041 <sub>h</sub> in pv Mode)      | 85 |     |   |     |



|     |  |     |     |  |     |
|-----|--|-----|-----|--|-----|
| 313 | Operation Mode specific Bits in csp Mode . . . . . | 104 | 324 | Entry Description (606C <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 106 |
| 314 | State Coding . . . . .                             | 104 | 325 | Object Description (607A <sub>h</sub> in csp Mode) | 106 |
| 315 | Object Description (6041 <sub>h</sub> in csp Mode) | 104 | 326 | Entry Description (607A <sub>h</sub> in csp Mode)  | 107 |
| 316 | Entry Description (6041 <sub>h</sub> in csp Mode)  | 105 | 327 | Object Description (607D <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 107 |
| 317 | Object Description (6062 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 105 | 328 | Entry Description (607D <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 107 |
| 318 | Entry Description (6062 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 105 | 329 | Object Description (60B0 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 107 |
| 319 | Object Description (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 105 | 330 | Entry Description (60B0 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 108 |
| 320 | Entry Description (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 105 | 331 | Object Description (60C2 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 108 |
| 321 | Object Description (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 106 | 332 | Entry Description (60C2 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 108 |
| 322 | Entry Description (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .   | 106 | 333 | Emergency Messages (EMCY) . . . . .                | 110 |
| 323 | Object Description (606C <sub>h</sub> ) . . . . .  | 106 | 334 | Firmware Revision . . . . .                        | 118 |
|     |  |     | 335 | Document Revision . . . . .                        | 118 |



## 13 Supplemental Directives

### 13.1 Producer Information

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## 14 Revision History

### 14.1 Firmware Revision

| Version | Date        | Author | Description                  |
|---------|-------------|--------|------------------------------|
| V3.21   | 2017-DEC-01 | OK     | First release.               |
| V3.22   | 2018-DEC-03 | OK     | Supports also hardware V1.2. |

*Table 334: Firmware Revision*

### 14.2 Document Revision

| Version | Date        | Author | Description  |
|---------|-------------|--------|--|
| V1.00   | 2017-DEC-01 | OK     | First release.   |
| V1.01   | 2018-DEC-03 | OK     | Firmware V3.22 included.<br>Chapters about sixPoint ramp included. |

*Table 335: Document Revision*

