

DATASHEET

SMD • Low Power LED 67-21/LK2C-S40406CADB2/2T



Features

- · PLCC-2 package
- · Top view white LED
- High luminous intensity output
- ' Wide viewing angle
- · Pb-free
- RoHS compliant

Description

The Everlight 67-21 package has high efficacy, high CRI, low power consumption, wide viewing angle and a compact form factor. These features make this package an ideal LED for all lighting applications.

Applications

- · General lighting
- · Decorative and Entertainment Lighting
- Indicators
- Illumination
- · Switch lights



Device Selection Guide

Chip Materials	Emitted Color	Resin Color
InGaN	Neutral White	Water Clear

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_{Soldering}=25)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Forward Current	l _F	30	mA	
Peak Forward Current (Duty 1/10 @10ms)	I _{FP}	100	mA	
Power Dissipation	P _d	110	mW	
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-40 ~ +85		
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-40 ~ +100		
Thermal Resistance (Junction / Soldering point)	R _{th J-S}	65	/W	
Junction Temperature	Τj	125		
Soldering Temperature	T _{sol}	Reflow Soldering : 260 Hand Soldering : 350	for 10 sec. for 3 sec.	

Note:

The products are sensitive to static electricity and must be carefully taken when handling products

Electro-Optical Characteristics (T_{Soldering}=25)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Luminous intensity	Iv	2400		3000	mcd	I _F =20mA
Forward Voltage	V_{F}	2.9		3.6	V	I _F =20mA
Viewing Angle	2θ _{1/2}		120		deg	I _F =20mA
Color Rendering Inde	Ra	70				I _F =20mA
Reverse Current	I_R			50	μΑ	V _R =5V

Notes

- 1. Tolerance of Luminous flux: ±11%.
- 2. Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.1V.
- 3. Tolerance of Color Rendering Index: ±2



Bin Range of Luminous intensity

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
6C	2400	2600		
8C	2600	2800	mcd	I _F =20mA
AD	2800	3000		

Note:

Tolerance of Luminous Intensity: ±11%

Bin Range of Forward Voltage

Group	Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
	36	2.9	3.0		
	37	3.0	3.1		
	38	3.1	3.2		
B2	39	3.2	3.3	V	I _E =20mA
	40	3.3	3.4		
	41	3.4	3.5		
	42	3.5	3.6		

Note:

Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.1V.

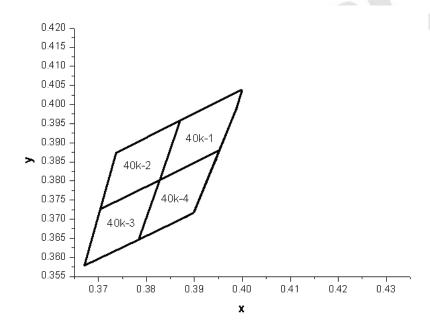


Bin Range of Chromaticity Coordinates

ССТ	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y
	- 40K-1 - -	0.4006	0.4044		0.3828	0.3803
		0.3871	0.3959	 - 40K-3 -	0.3703	0.3726
		0.3828	0.3803	40K-3 —	0.3670	0.3578
4000K		0.3952	0.3880		0.3784	0.3647
4000K		0.3871	0.3959		0.3952	0.3880
	4014.2	0.3736	0.3874	401/.4	0.3828	0.3803
	40K-2 -	0.3703	0.3726	- 40K-4 -	40K-4 ————————————————————————————————————	0.3647
	_	0.3828	0.3803	·	0.3898	0.3716

Note:

The C.I.E. 1931 Chromaticity Diagram

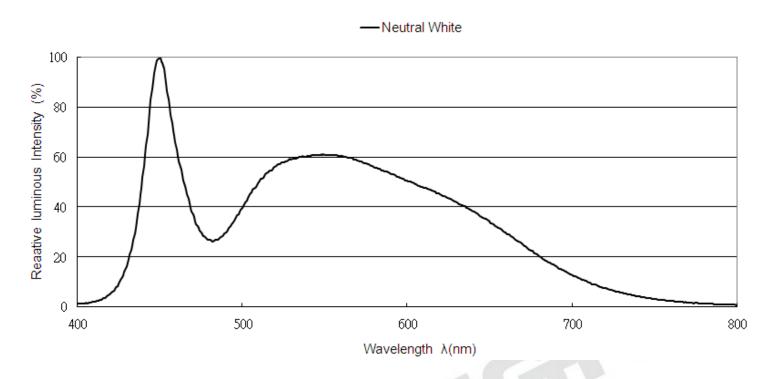


^{1.} The value is based on driving current by 20mA.

^{2.} Tolerance of Chromaticity Coordinates: ±0.01



Spectrum Distribution



Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

Fig.1 - Forward Voltage Shift vs.

Junction Temperature

0.20
0.15
0.10
0.05
0.05
0.00
-0.05
-0.10
-0.15
-0.20
-50 -25 0 25 50 75 100
Tj - Junction Temperature (°C)

Vs. Forward Current

Ts=25°C

1.6

1.4

1.2

Normalized at 20 mP in the policy of the

Fig.2 - Relative Luminous Intensity



Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

Fig.3 - Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Junction Temperature

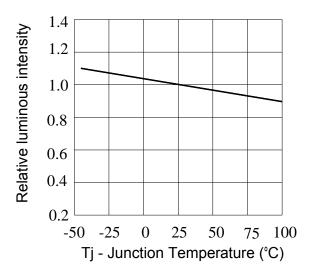


Fig.5 - Max. Driving Forward Current vs.Soldering Temperature

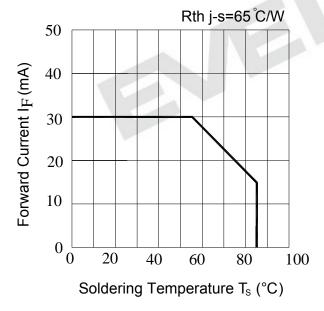


Fig.4 - Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

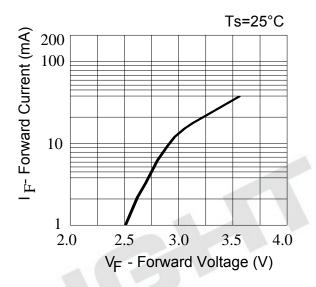
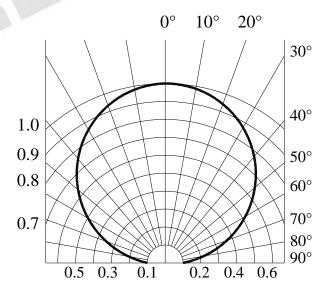
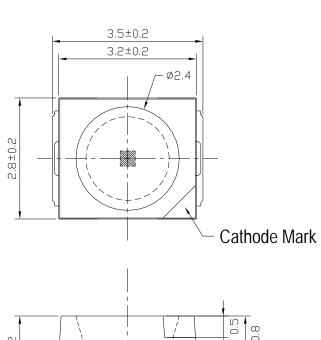


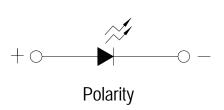
Fig.6 - Radiation Diagram

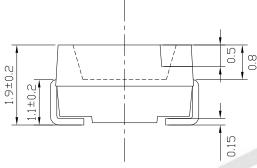


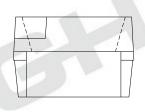


Package Dimension



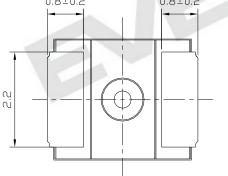


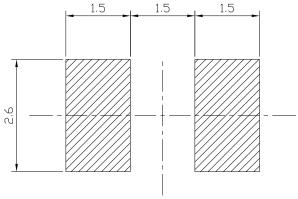




Recommended Solder Pad

0.8±0.2 0.8±0.2





Note:

Tolerance unless mentioned is ±0.2mm; Unit = mm



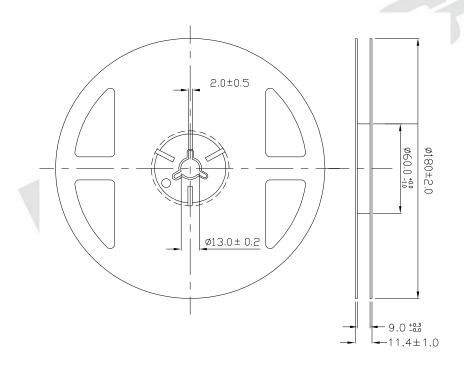
Moisture Resistant Packing Materials

Label Explanation



- CPN: Customer's Product Number
- P/N: Product Number
- · QTY: Packing Quantity
- · CAT: Luminous Intensity Rank
- HUE: Dom. Wavelength Rank
- REF: Forward Voltage Rank
- · LOT No: Lot Number

Reel Dimensions

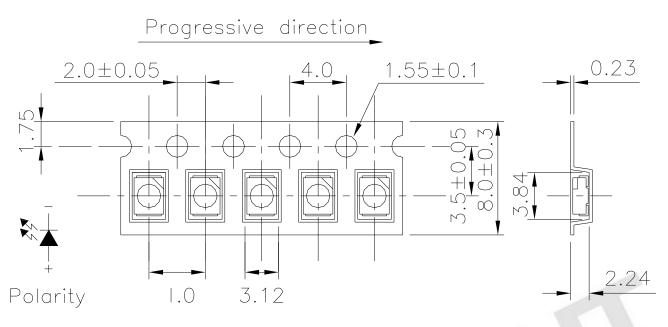


Note:

Tolerances unless mentioned ± 0.1 mm. Unit = mm



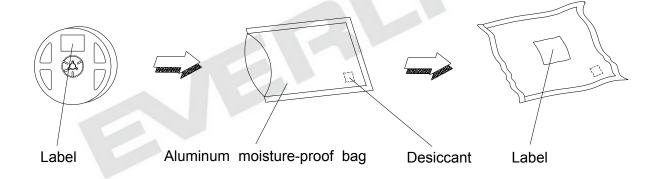
Carrier Tape Dimensions: Loaded Quantity 2000 pcs Per Reel



Note:

Tolerances unless mentioned ±0.1mm. Unit = mm

Moisture Resistant Packing Process





Reliability Test Items and Conditions

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below.

Confidence level: 90%

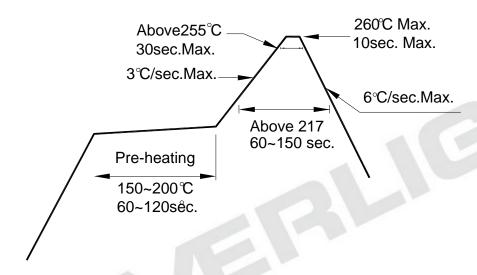
LTPD: 10%

No.	Items	Test Condition	Test Hours/Cycles	Sample Size	Ac/Re
1	Reflow Soldering	Temp.: 260 /10sec.	6 Min.	22 PCS.	0/1
2	Thermal Shock	H : +100 5min 10 sec L : -10 5min	200 Cycles	22 PCS.	0/1
3	Temperature Cycle	H : +100 15min 5 min L : -40 15min	200 Cycles	22 PCS.	0/1
4	High Temperature/Humidity Reverse Bias	Ta=85 ,85%RH	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
5	High Temperature/Humidity Operation	Ta=85 ,85%RH, I _F = 20 mA	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
6	Low Temperature Storage	Ta=-40	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
7	High Temperature Storage	Ta=85	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
8	Low Temperature Operation Life	Ta=-40 , I _F = 30 mA	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
9	High Temperature Operation/ Life#1	Ta=25 , I _F = 30 mA	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
10	High Temperature Operation/ Life#2	Ta=55 , I _F =30 mA	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
11	High Temperature Operation/ Life#3	Ta=85 , I _F = 20 mA	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1



Precautions for Use

- 1. Over-current-proof
 - Customer must apply resistors for protection; otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).
- 2. Storage
 - 2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
 - 2.2 Before opening the package: The LEDs should be kept at 30 or less and 90%RH or less.
 - 2.3 After opening the package: The LED's floor life is 168 Hrs under 30 or less and 60% RH or less. If unused LEDs remain, it should be stored in moisture proof packages.
 - 2.4 If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions.
 - Baking treatment: 60±5 for 24 hours.
- 3. Soldering Condition
 - 3.1 Pb-free solder temperature profile



- 3.2 Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 3.3 When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- 3.4 After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.



4. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 350 for 3 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.

